

The Capping Theory of Chemical Elements and Clusters Based on 4N Series and Skeletal Numbers

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Abstract

The genesis of chemical clusters of the transition and main group elements has been established. The base-line cluster valence electrons has been demarcated with help of capping series. Using the base-line as a reference, the formulas of fragments and clusters were generated. Also a simple general formula for cleating cluster valence electrons for systems ranging from a single skeletal element to hundreds of them was identified. In so doing, the single elements of the periodic table were naturally placed into their respective periods. The concepts of the existence of nuclei in clusters and some having black-holes were deeply rooted. A tentative explanation of some clusters having an octahedral geometry but with low cluster valence electron count was put forward.

Keywords: black-holes, cluster nucleus, baseline, matrix, clan series, family series, genesis, capping electrons, arithmetic progression

1. Introduction

During the analysis and study of the clusters using the 4N series method, it was found that the clusters have three main characteristic series. These are: the one characterized by $\Delta K = \pm 2$, $\Delta n = \pm 1$; the other, $\Delta K = \pm 1$, $\Delta n = 0$; and the last by $\Delta K = \pm 3$, $\Delta n = \pm 1$ (Kiremire, 2017). The last series corresponds to the correlation scheme that was introduced by Rudolph about 40 years ago (Rudolph, 1976) and still widely directly or indirectly cited (Housecroft and Sharpe, 2005). On closer scrutiny, these series also in agreement with Wade-Mingos rules and PSEPT concepts of $n+1$, $n+2$ and $n+3$ rules or n , $n-1$, $n-2$, $n-3$ vertices series (Wade, 1971; Mingos, 1972, 1984, 1991). The series associated with $\Delta K = 3$ has been found useful and hence utilized to broadly classify clusters into [Mx] groups or CLANS. The [Mx] baseline corresponds to the closo series. For instance, [M1] corresponds to $B_1H_1^{2-}$; [M2] $\rightarrow B_2H_2^{2-}$; [M3] $\rightarrow B_3H_3^{2-}$; [M4] $\rightarrow B_4H_4^{2-}$; [M5] $\rightarrow B_5H_5^{2-}$; [M6] $\rightarrow B_6H_6^{2-}$; [M7] $\rightarrow B_7H_7^{2-}$; [M8] $\rightarrow B_8H_8^{2-}$; [M9] $\rightarrow B_9H_9^{2-}$; [M10] $\rightarrow B_{10}H_{10}^{2-}$; [M11] $\rightarrow B_{11}H_{11}^{2-}$; [M12] $\rightarrow B_{12}H_{12}^{2-}$; and so on. Each of these [Mx] values has a corresponding K(n) parameter and cluster valence electrons component, VE. The objective of this paper is to investigate the origin of the [Mx] series. Do the K(n) which correspond to K(0) parameters possess cluster valence electrons?

2. Results and Discussion

In this section, it is important this stage to compare and contrast the application of the 4N series method of categorizing and structural prediction of clusters with other literature methods by using a few selected examples as illustrations. The analysis of clusters will be done using skeletal numbers which have recently been introduced (Kiremire, 2017a-e). The use of skeletal numbers has been found to be easy, fast and precise and therefore it is better to have them at the begging of the paper for ease of reference and are given in Tables T- and T-2 for main group and transition metals respectively.

Table 1. Skeletal numbers of the Main Group Elements

1	Li	Na	K	Rb	Cs	3.5
2	Be	Mg	Ca	Sr	Ba	3
3	B	Al	Ga	In	Tl	2.5
4	C	Si	Ge	Sn	Pb	2
5	N	P	As	Sb	Bi	1.5
6	O	S	Se	Te	Po	1
7	F	Cl	Br	I	At	0.5
8	Ne	Ar	Kr	Xe	Rn	0

Table 2. Skeletal Numbers of Transition Metals

T-2			
Sc	Y	La	7.5
Ti	Zr	Hf	7
V	Nb	Ta	6.5
Cr	Mo	W	6
Mn	Tc	Re	5.5
Fe	Ru	Os	5
Co	Rh	Ir	4.5
Ni	Pd	Pt	4
Cu	Ag	Au	3.5
Zn	Cd	Hg	3

Comparing and contrasting the 4N series method with other methods

Ex-1: $B_6H_6^{2-}$: $K = 6[2.5] - 6[0.5] - 2[0.] = 11$, $n = 6$, $K(n) = 11(6)$, $S = 4n + 2$, $K = 2n - 1$, $K_p = C^0C[M6]$, $Ve = 4n + 2 = 4(6) + 2 = 26$, $VF = 6[3] + 6[1] + 2 = 26$. The symbols Ve and VF represents the cluster valence electrons calculated from cluster series formula and cluster molecular formula respectively. The cluster series $S = 4n + 2$ belongs to the CLOSO cluster family and [M6] clan of clusters. It has an ideal octahedral geometry as reported in literature (Housecroft & Sharpe, 2005).

Ex-2: B_5H_9 : $K = 5[2.5] - 9[0.5] = 8$, $n = 5$, $K(n) = 8(5)$, $S = 4n + 4 \rightarrow$ NIDO cluster family; $K = 2n - 2$, $K_p = C^1C[M6]$ - the cluster is missing one skeletal element to belong to the CLOSO clan [M6]; $Ve = 4n + 4 = 4(5) + 4 = 24$, $Ve = 8n - 2K = 8(5) - 2(8) = 24$, $Ve = 4 + 2x + 2(n - 1) = 4 + 2(6) + 2(5 - 1) = 24$, $VF = 5[3] + 9 = 24$.

Ex-3: $Os_6(CO)_{18}$: $K = 6[5] - 18 = 12$, $K(n) = 12(6)$, $S = 4n + 0$, $K = 2n + 0$, $K_p = C^1C[M5] \rightarrow$ the cluster is a MONO-CAPPED trigonal bipyramid. This is as found in literature (Hughes & Wade, 2000). The cluster valence content $Ve = 14n + 0 = 14(6) + 0 = 84$, $Ve = 18n - 2K = 18(6) - 2(12) = 84$, $Ve = 14 + 2x + 12(n - 1) = 14 + 2(5) + 12(6 - 1) = 84$, $VF = 6[8] + 18[2] = 84$.

Ex-4: $Os_8(CO)_{22}^{2-}$: $K = 8[5] - 22 - 1 = 17$, $n = 8$, $K(n) = 17(8)$, $S = 4n - 2$, $K = 2n + 1$, $K_p = C^2C[M6] \rightarrow$ BI-CAPPED octahedral geometry; $Ve = 14n - 2 = 14(8) - 2 = 110$, $Ve = 18n - 2K = 18(8) - 2(17) = 110$, $Ve = 14 + 2x + 12(n - 1) = 14 + 2(6) + 12(8 - 1) = 110$, $VF = 8[8] + 22[2] + 2 = 110$.

Ex-5: $Rh_9(CO)_{19}^{3-}$: $K = 9[4.5] - 19 - 1.5 = 20$, $n = 9$, $K(n) = 20(9)$, $S = 4n - 4$, $K = 2n + 2$, $K_p = C^3C[M6] \rightarrow$ TRI-CAPPED octahedral geometry. $Ve = 14n - 4 = 14(9) - 4 = 122$, $Ve = 18n - 2K = 18(9) - 2(20) = 122$, $Ve = 14 + 2x + 12(n - 1) = 14 + 2(6) + 12(9 - 1) = 122$, $VF = 9[9] + 19[2] + 3 = 122$. This result is the similar to the one obtained for the cluster $F = Os_9(CO)_{24}^{2-}$: $K = 9[5] - 24 - 1 = 20$, $K(n) = 20(9)$ which is a triply capped octahedraon (Hughes & Wade, 2000).

Ex-6 There has been a practice of matching some geometric shapes with cluster valence (Housecroft & Sharpe, 2005). In this way, the observed shape of $Rh_9(CO)_{19}^{3-}$ was matched with $Ve = 124$ (Housecroft & Sharpe, 2005). However, according to series, $Ve = 124 = 18n - 2K = 18(9) - 2K$; $2K = 18(9) - 124 = 38$, $K = 19$; hence $K(n) = 19(9)$, $S = 4n - 2$, $K = 2n + 1$, $K_p = C^2C[M7]$ predicts an ideal shape is a BI-CAPPED pentagonal bipyramid.

Ex-7. $H_5Re_6(CO)_{24}^-$ was found to have a structure similar to that of cyclohexane. Its K value is given by: $K = 6[5.5] - 2.5 - 24 - 0.5 = 6$, $n = 6$, $K(n) = 6(6)$, $S = 4n + 12$, $K = 2n - 6$, $K_p = C^{-5}[M11] \rightarrow$ it belongs to the CLUSTER CLAN, [M11] with 5 missing skeletal elements; $Ve = 14n + 12 = 14(6) + 12 = 98$. The hydrocarbon cyclohexane, C_6H_{12} , has $K = 6[2] - 12[0.5] = 6$, $n = 6$ and $K(n) = 6(6)$; therefore it belongs to the same clan and family of clusters. Hence, it is not surprising that it has a similar skeletal shape as the rhenium cluster (Housecroft & Sharpe, 2005). In addition, the series method has successfully been applied to the analysis of Zintl ion clusters, the clusters of gold skeletal element, Matryoshka clusters, metalloboranes and others (Kiremire, 2016a-b, 2018).

The $K(n)$ Parameter

The K value of a cluster assumes greater meaning when it is associated with its corresponding number of skeletal elements (n). Hence, the concept of $K(n)$ parameter was introduced. (Kiremire, 2018). Let us consider the [M12] closo cluster. It belongs to the

$S = 4n + 2$ series where $K = 2n - 1 = 2(12) - 1 = 23$ and hence $K(n) = 23(12)$; $VE = 8n - 2K = 8[12] - 2[23] = 50$ for the main group elements, $VE = 18n - 2K = 18(12) - 2[23] = 170$ for transition elements.

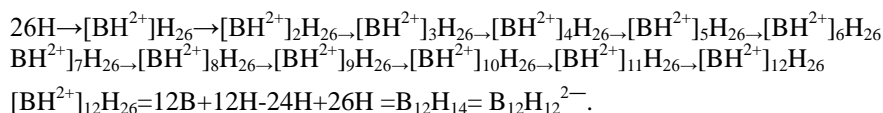
What happens when $n = 0$? Do the series still possess some cluster valence electrons when $n = 0$? In the case of [M12], the

K(n) series are: 23(12)→20(11)→17(10)→14(9)→11(8)→8(7)→5(6)→2(5)→-1(4)→-4(3)→-7(2)→-10(1)→-13(0). We can transform these K(n) values into required clusters. Let us use borane clusters as illustrations. The K(n)=23(12) can be changed into series S=4n+2, the digit [4] represents a [BH] building block for borane cluster series, n=12, the digit [2] corresponds to [2H]. Hence the cluster is given by F=[BH](12)+2H=B₁₂H₁₄[B₁₂H₁₂²⁻]. The next K(n) value is 20(11) which belongs to the series S=4n+4. This can be corresponds to the borane F=[BH](11)+4H=B₁₁H₁₅. The remaining successive borane clusters are as follows: K(n)=17(10)→B₁₀H₁₆; 14(9)→B₉H₁₇; 11(8)→B₈H₁₈; 8(7)→B₇H₁₉; 5(6)→B₆H₂₀; 2(5)→B₅H₂₁; -1(4)→B₄H₂₂; -4(3)→B₃H₂₃; -7(2)→B₂H₂₄; -10(1)→B₁H₂₅; -13(0)→B₀H₂₆=26H. This gives us some very important information that in order to generate the [M12] cluster series, we must have 26H=26e as the BASELINE=2n+2. That is, [M12]→K(n) BASELINE=-13(0)=26H=26e. We can also derive this value using the KN cluster valence electrons formula as follows; VE=8(0)-2(-13)=26=26e or 26 H or 13L(ligands) in case of main group elements. In case of transition metals, VE=18(0)-2(-13)=26=26e or 13L(ligands). The beginning is exactly the same as that of the main group elements. We can call the 26 electron component or its equivalent as the genesis of the [M12] cluster series for both the main group and transition metal elements. This value could also have been obtained from the series formulas, S=4n+26 and S=14n+26 when all skeletal elements have been de-capped until the [M12] closo fragment has completely been dismantled (n=0). This gives us a very important natural law of clusters.

The genesis principle of clusters: the cluster valence electrons for closo [MX] series is the same for both main group and transition elements when k(0) is obtained. The objective of this paper is to examine the de-capping cluster family series below the closo baseline.

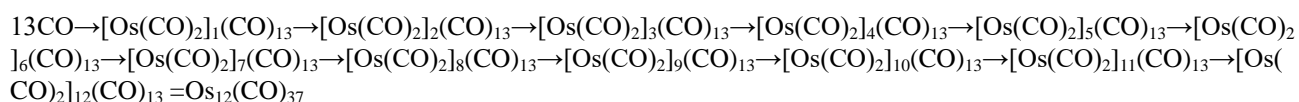
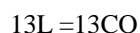
The difference between the main group elements and transition metal then comes about as a result of the difference in the value of the capping functions of [2e] versus [12e] which is [10e]. Hence, the series for main group elements is S=4n+q while that of transition metals is S=[4+10]n+q=14n+q. We can also further illustrate using boron, osmium and palladium skeletal elements. If we assume the process occurs step-wise, then we generate the Schemes 1-3.

The capping process from x=0 UP TO THE x=12:-The [M12] closo fragment



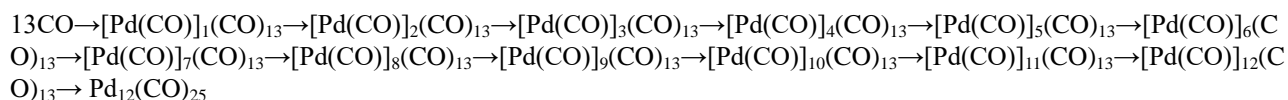
Scheme 1. The capping process for boron clan [M12].

The osmium analogous cluster series:



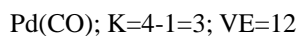
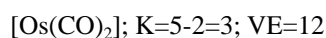
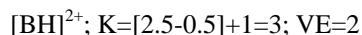
Scheme 2. The capping process for osmium carbonyl cluster clan [M12]

The palladium analogous cluster series:

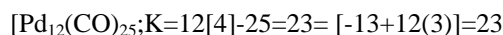
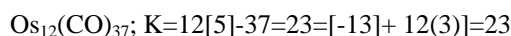
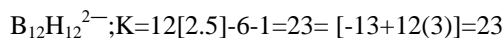


Scheme 3. The capping process for palladium carbonyl clan [M12].

The capping fragments



The K values of equivalent or isolobal clusters of the [M12] clan series.



Thus, the K values are the same and K(n)=23(12) is the same.

The K(n) values of the CLOSO clan series [Mx], x=12 to -4 have been tabulated in matrix form for the family series

$S=4n+2$ to $S=4n+16$. These are shown in Table 3. The corresponding cluster valence electrons are depicted in matrix form in Tables 4 for the CLAN series $[M_x]$ $x=6$ to -6 and clusters family series $S=4n-12$ to $S=4n+26$ and the $[M_x]$ CLANS, $x=2$ to -8 and families $S=4n-12$ to $S=4n+20$ respectively.

2.1 Decapping Series

The de-capping series of $[M_{12}]$ clan of clusters show that the starting point is equivalent to $26e, 26H$ or 13 two-electron ligands such as CO or PR_3 . Applying this knowledge to the capping process from the beginning for the clan series $[M_{12}]$ for boranes, osmium and palladium we get the hypothetical fragments indicated in schemes 1 to 3 which for boranes gives us the expected $B_{12}H_{12}^{2-}$, osmium, $Os_{12}(CO)_{37}$, and palladium, $Pd_{12}(CO)_{25}$. A selected portion of $K(n)$ de-capping process for $[M_7]$ to $[M_0]$ is shown in Table 1. The corresponding K values when $n=0$ are found to be -8 for $[M_7]$, -7 for $[M_6]$, -6 for $[M_5]$, -5 for $[M_4]$, -4 for $[M_3]$, -3 for $[M_2]$, -2 for $[M_1]$ and -1 for $[M_0]$. When these $K(0)$ values are translated into cluster valence electrons are found to be $+16e$ for $[M_7]$, $+14e$ for $[M_6]$, $+12e$ for $[M_5]$, $+10e$ for $[M_4]$, $+8e$ for $[M_3]$, $+6e$ for $[M_2]$, $+4e$ for $[M_1]$ and $+2e$ for $[M_0]$. This information is summarized in Scheme 4. It is clear from the sequence of these cluster valence electron values, we can formulate a general equation, for $[M_x]$ clan, The genesis cluster valence electrons are given by $ve = 2x+2$ electrons.

2.2 Decapping Electron Series

The discovery of de-capping series of electrons when $n=0$ for the $[M_x]$ cluster clans, stimulated further investigations. Knowing the fact that the capping or de-capping phenomena involves a set of $[12e]$ at each step, a matrix Table 2 of cluster valence electrons was easily generated by x-cell program. In this discussion, let us keep Table as a reference matrix. Let us regard, the horizontal lines labeled $S=4n+q$, where q is a variable determinant, as the CLUSTER FAMILIES and the vertical lines as Cluster Clan Families based on $[M_x]$ where $[M_x]$ refers to $S=4n+2$ [Closos Clan] cluster series, then it becomes easier to analyze the sequence of the capping or de-capping series. For instance, $[M_6]$ will mean all the cluster valence electron series in the COLUMN and centered around the cluster valence electrons 86 whose $K(n)$ parameter is $11(6)$. Then $[M_5]$ will refer to the column centered around cluster valence $[72]$ with the corresponding $K(n)$ value of $9(5)$, $[M_4] \rightarrow 58, K(n)=7(4)$, and so on. Thus, the horizontal closos baseline family series, $S=4n+2$, $[M_x]$ highlighted in blue has $x=6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0, -1, -2, -3, -4, -5$ and -6 . The diagonal baseline cluster valence electron baseline, $ve[x]$ is highlighted in red. The diagonal $VE[x]$ sets are, $14[6]$, $12[5]$, $10[4]$, $8[3]$, $6[2]$, $4[1]$, $2[0]$, $0[-1]$, $-2[-2]$, $-4[-3]$, $-6[-4]$, $-8[-5]$, and $-10[-6]$. If this diagonal series is carefully observed, it corresponds to a nice relationship $VE = 2x+2$.

The columns represent capping or de-capping series involving sets of $[12e]$ for each step. These columns represent clan series. The horizontal lines represent another type of capping or de-capping series involving sets of $[14e]$ at each step. These are members of cluster families and the closos family baseline gives the reference for categorizing clusters into clans. All the numbers below and including those on the red diagonal are simply capping/de-capping series of $[12e]$ electron sets. This concept is summed up in Figure 1. These baseline cluster valence electrons which act the foundation of cluster series are shown in Tables 2 and high-lighted in red. Furthermore, similar information has been extracted and presented in Table 3 for ease of reference. In order to get more information about the de-capping series, the expanded forms of Table 1 were constructed. These are given in Tables 4 for clan series $[M_2]$ to $[M-8]$ and Table 5 for $[M_2]$ to $[M-11]$.

ABOVE $\{[M_x], x \geq 1\}$ CLUSTERS

Consider the step $VE[n]: 86[6] \rightarrow 98[7]$. This refers to the mono-capped series of octahedral-based nuclear structure. The known clusters include (Hughes & Wade, 2000). * $Os_7(CO)_{21}$ and $Re_7(C)(CO)_{21}^{3-}$. The next step will be $110[8]$. These are bi-capped octahedral clusters. The examples include, $Re_8(C)(CO)_{24}^{2-}$ and $Os_8(CO)_{22}^{2-}$. The process can go on and on. For instance, the cluster $Pt_6Ni_{38}(CO)_{48}(H)^{5-}$, $VE(n) = 542[44]$, $Kp = C^{38}C[M_6]$ has an octahedral nucleus comprising of 6 platinum skeletal elements (Rossi & Zanello, 2011). All these cluster series based upon $[M_6]$ nucleus begin with $+14e$ [the genesis] when $n=0$. Also, the $[M_1]$ cluster series begin with $+4e$. The series include $VE[n] = 76[6]$;

$Au_6L_6^{2+}$ and $Rh_6L_6H_{12}^{2+}$; $Kp = C^5C[M_1]$. Other clusters of $[M_1]$ clan include, $100[8]: Au_8L_7^{2+}$, $112[9]: Au_9L_8^{3+}$, and $136[11]: Au_{11}L_{10}^{5+}$.

If we analyze Table 2 carefully, some discerning features come out. The demarcation for capping clusters is the Closos Baseline $S=4n+2$ highlighted in blue. The demarcation for the foundation electrons (Cluster Genesis) from where the skeletal elements start capping is a diagonal highlighted in red.

$[M_6] \rightarrow VE[n]: 86[6] \rightarrow 74[5] \rightarrow 62[4] \rightarrow 50[3] \rightarrow 38[2] \rightarrow 26[1] \rightarrow \mathbf{14[0]} \equiv -6[12] = -72e \equiv [-6 \text{ dozens}]$

$[M_5] \rightarrow VE[n]: 72[5] \rightarrow 60[4] \rightarrow 48[3] \rightarrow 36[2] \rightarrow 24[1] \rightarrow \mathbf{12[0]} \equiv -5[12] = -60e \equiv [-5 \text{ dozens}]$

$[M_4] \rightarrow VE[n]: 58[4] \rightarrow 46[3] \rightarrow 34[2] \rightarrow 22[1] \rightarrow \mathbf{10[0]} \equiv -4[12] = -48e \equiv [-4 \text{ dozens}]$

$[M_3] \rightarrow VE[n]: 44[3] \rightarrow 32[2] \rightarrow 20[1] \rightarrow \mathbf{8[0]} \equiv -3[12] = -36e \equiv [-3 \text{ dozens}]$

$[M_2] \rightarrow VE[n]: 30[2] \rightarrow 18[1] \rightarrow \mathbf{6[0]} \equiv -2[12] = -24e \equiv [-2 \text{ dozens}]$



Scheme 4. The genesis of cluster valence electron parameters for [M6] to [M1] clan series

2.3 The $[Mx], x \leq -1$ Clusters: -The Existence of Blackholes in Some Cluster Nuclei

Let us consider the cluster $Pd_{39}(CO)_{23}L_{16}$, $VE[n]=468[39]$, $Kp = C^{40}C[M-1]$. This means there is ONE capping of 12 skeletal electrons [SEL] in the cluster nucleus. The 39 skeletal elements are capped outside the nucleus making a total of 40 cappings, C^{40} . The 12 electrons in the nucleus may be regarded as the number of electrons needed to stabilize the cluster nucleus so as to allow the addition of skeletal elements to be added on. The CLOSO nucleus electrons of the cluster $CNE=14n+2$, $n = -1$, $CNE = 14[-1]+2 = -12$. The ground level capping electrons $G_0 = [-1+1]L = 0$. Hence, the step $CNE \rightarrow G_0$: $-12e \rightarrow 0e$ requires an input of $12e$ $[+12e]$. The formation of the cluster will therefore require +39 cappings. This corresponds to $39[12] = 468e$. Since the nucleus requires $12e$ to be added into it before the skeletal elements can begin to be added on, it has a black-hole.

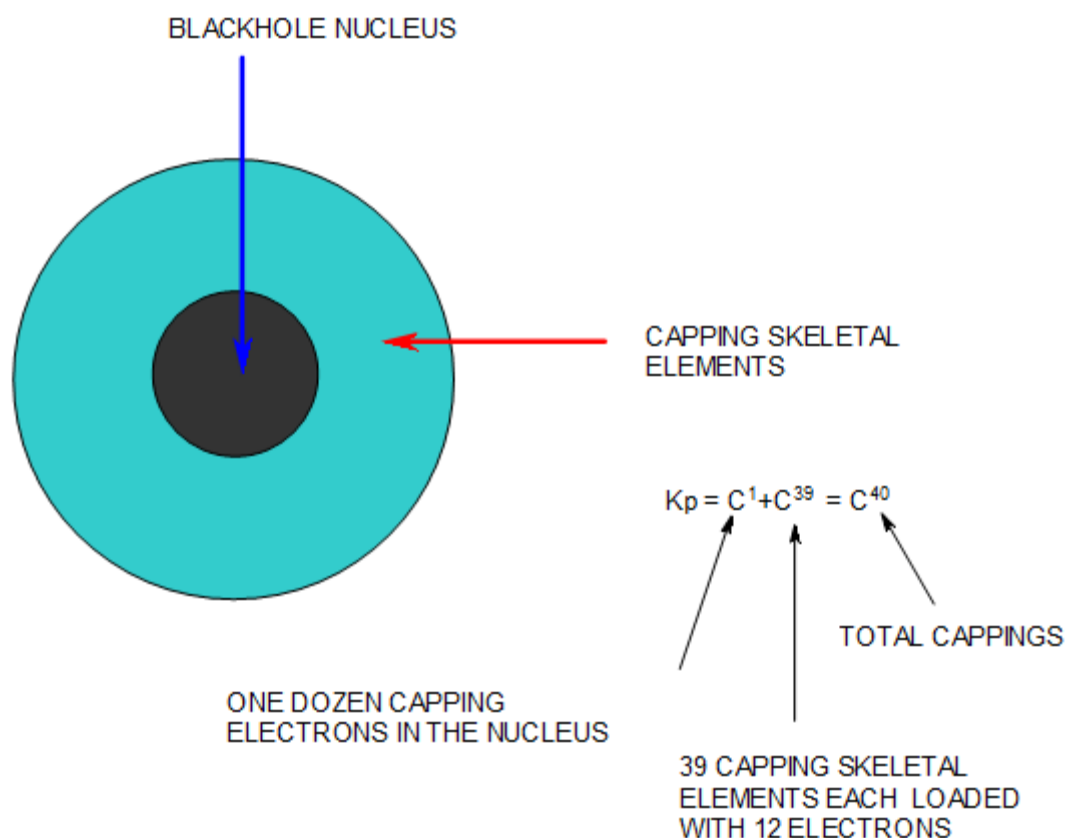
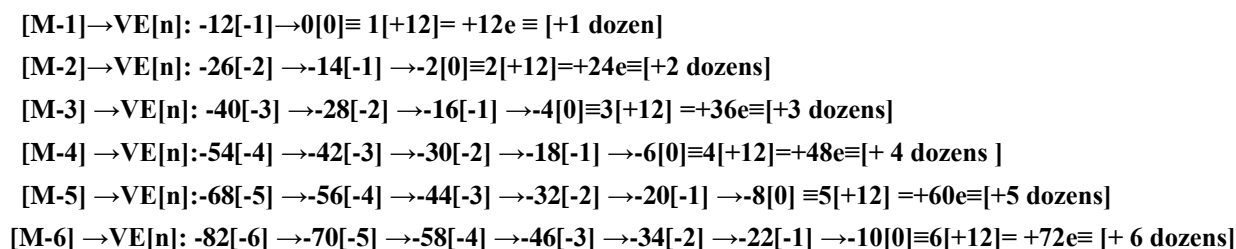


Figure 1. A hypothetical model of a cluster with a black-hole nucleus of $Pd_{39}(CO)_{23}L_{16}$

The above explanation can be applied to other clusters which have negative nuclear indices. A selected sample of these is given in the scheme below and illustrated in Figure*.

2.4 Black Holes



Scheme 5. The genesis of cluster valence electrons of [M-1] to [M-6] clan series

We can regard [M-1] as cluster with a nucleus with a black-hole to be filled with 1 dozen electrons before capping phenomenon commences. For the [M-2] nucleus, 2 dozens, [M-3] \rightarrow 3 dozens, [M-4] \rightarrow 4 dozens, and so on. This concept is illustrated in Figure***. Thus, the black-holes are associated with negative nuclear indices.

BLACK HOLES

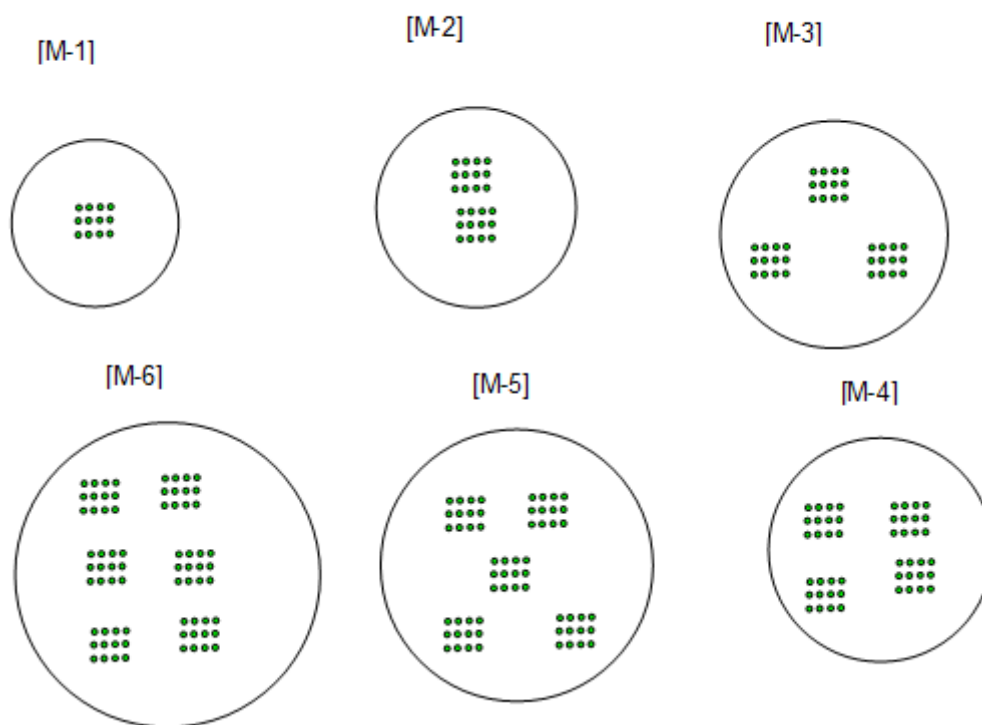


Figure 2. Illustrations of black hole concept in a cluster

Other clusters with black-holes have been analyzed and are presented below.

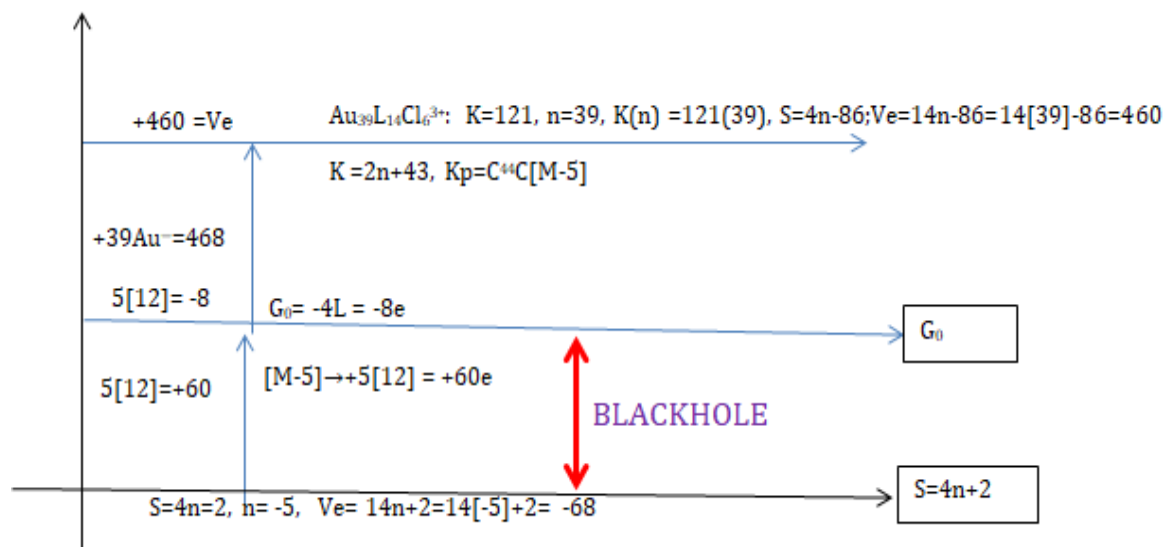


Figure 3. Illustrating the nature of a black-hole in the cluster nucleus

$$F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 39[Au^-] + [-4L] = Au_{39}R_{39} - 8R = Au_{39}R_{31} = Au_{39}L_{14}Cl_6^{3+}$$

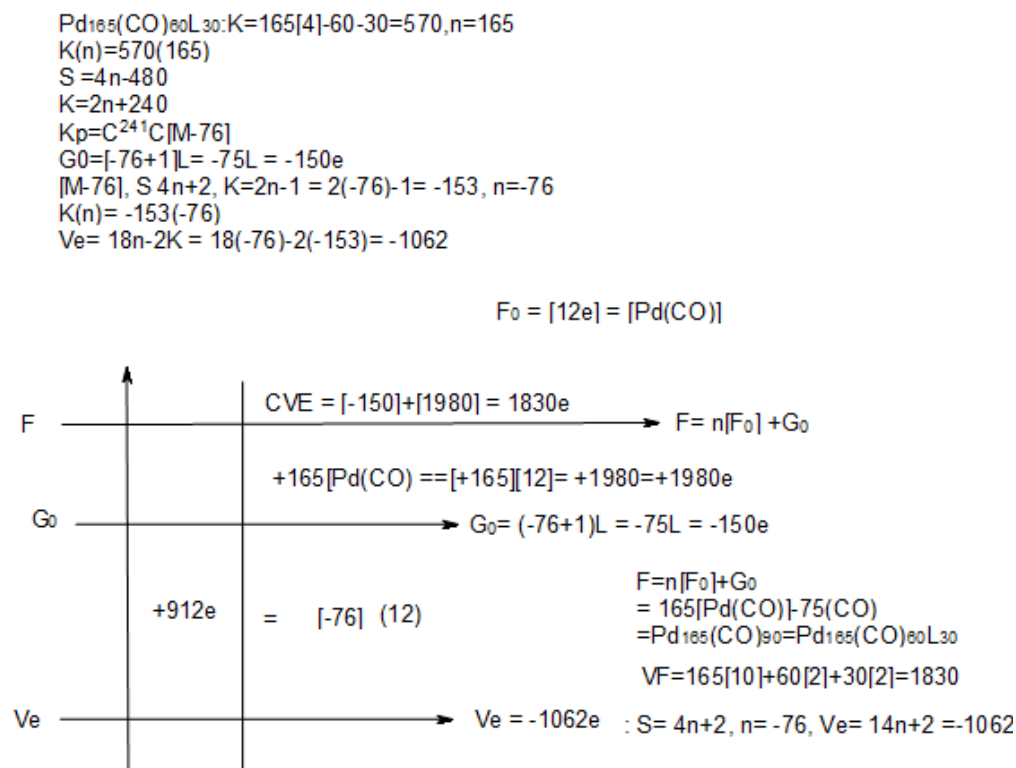


Figure 4. A hypothetical model demonstrating the origin of a black-hole cluster nucleus

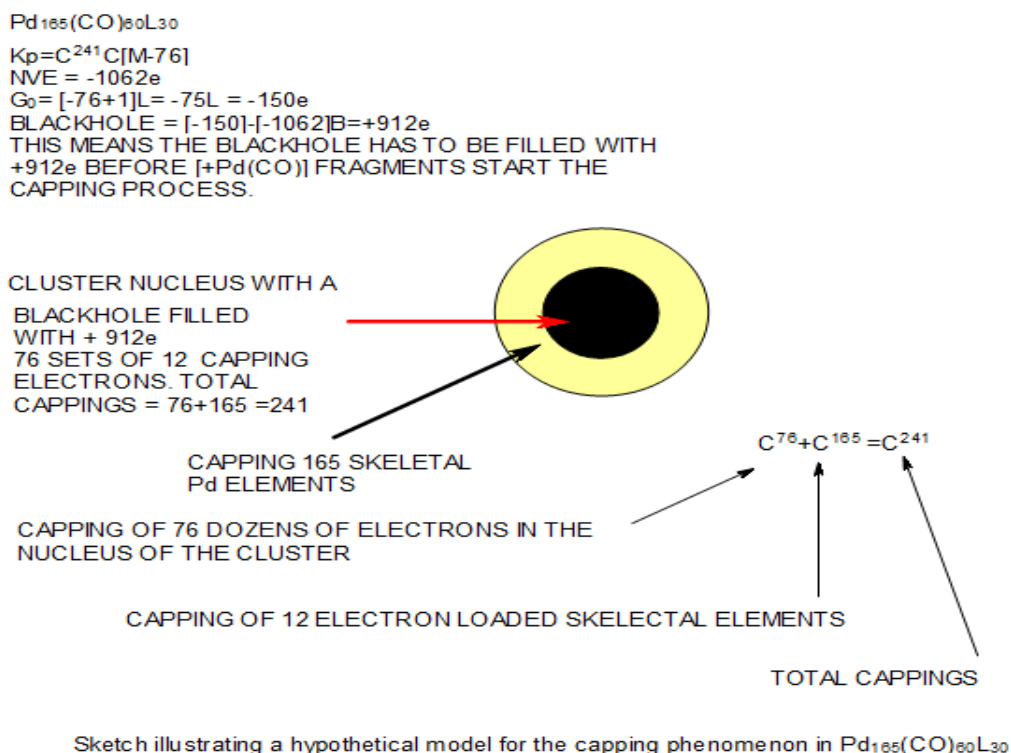


Figure 5. Diagram showing the relationship between the capping electron sets and skeletal elements

Table 3. Selected baseline components of $k(n)$ values for $[Mx]$ series: $x = 12$ TO $x = -3$

	$C^0C[Mx]$	$C^1C[Mx]$	$C^2C[Mx]$	$C^3C[Mx]$	$C^4C[Mx]$	$C^5C[Mx]$	$C^6C[Mx]$	$C^7C[Mx]$
$[Mx]$	$4n+2$	$4n+4$	$4n+6$	$4n+8$	$4n+10$	$4n+12$	$4n+14$	$4n+16$
12	23(12)	20	17	14	11	8	5	2
11	21(11)	18	15	12	9	6	3	0
10	19(10)	16	13	10	7	4	1	-2
9	17(9)	14	11	8	5	2	-1	-4
8	15(8)	12	9	6	3	0	-3	-6
7	13(7)	10(6)	7(5)	4(4)	1(3)	-2(2)	-5(1)	-8(0)
6	11(6)	8(5)	5(4)	2(3)	-1(2)	-4(1)	-7(0)	-10(-1)
5	9(5)	6(4)	3(3)	0(2)	-3(1)	-6(0)	-9	-12
4	7(4)	4(3)	1(2)	-2(1)	-5(0)	-8	-11	-14
3	5(3)	2(2)	-1(1)	-4(0)	-7	-10	-13	-16
2	3(2)	0(1)	-3(0)	-6	-9	-12	-15	-18
1	1(1)	-2(0)	-5	-8	-11	-14	-17	-20
0	-1(0)	-4	-7	-10	-13	-16	-19	-22
-1	-3(-1)	-6	-9	-12	-15	-18	-21	-24
-2	-5(-2)	-8	-11	-14	-17	-20	-23	-26
-3	-7(-3)	-10	-13	-16	-19	-22	-25	-28
-4	-9(-4)	-12	-15	-18	-21	-24	-27	-30

Selected baseline cluster valence electrons

$$K(n)=-8(0): Ve = 18n-2K = 18(0)-2(-8) = +16 \equiv +16e \rightarrow [M7]$$

$$K(n)=-7(0): Ve = 18n-2K = 18(0)-2(-7) = +14 \equiv +14e \rightarrow [M6]$$

$$K(n)=-6(0): Ve = 18n-2K = 18(0)-2(-6) = +12 \equiv +12e \rightarrow [M5]$$

$$K(n)=-5(0): Ve = 18n-2K = 18(0)-2(-5) = +10 \equiv +10e \rightarrow [M4]$$

$$K(n)=-4(0): Ve = 18n-2K = 18(0)-2(-4) = +8 \equiv +8e \rightarrow [M3]$$

$$K(n)=-3(0): Ve = 18n-2K = 18(0)-2(-3) = +6 \equiv +6e \rightarrow [M2]$$

$$K(n)=-2(0): Ve = 18n-2K = 18(0)-2(-2) = +4 \equiv +4e \rightarrow [M1]$$

$$K(n)=-1(0): Ve = 18n-2K = 18(0)-2(-1) = +2 \equiv +2e \rightarrow [M0]$$

For a cluster clan, $[Mx]$, $Ve = 2x+2$.

Scheme 6. The baseline cluster valence electrons for the $[M0]$ to $[M6]$ clan series

CLUSTER VALENCE ELECTRONS MATRIX FOR DECAPPING SERIES																
$[T-4]$	$x-12$	$x-11$	$x-10$	$x-9$	$x-8$	$x-7$	$x-6$	$x-5$	$x-4$	$x-3$	$x-2$	$x-1$	x	$[Mx]$	S	
2	16	30	44	58	72	86	100	114	128	142	156	170	184	13	4n-12	
-10	4	18	32	46	60	74	88	102	116	130	144	158	172	12	4n-10	
-22	-8	6	20	34	48	62	76	90	104	118	132	146	160	11	4n-8	
-34	-20	-6	8	22	36	50	64	78	92	106	120	134	148	10	4n-6	
-46	-32	-18	-4	10	24	38	52	66	80	94	108	122	136	9	4n-4	
-58	-44	-30	-16	-2	12	26	40	54	68	82	96	110	124	8	4n-2	
-70	-56	-42	-28	-14	0	14	28	42	56	70	84	98	112	7	4n+0	
-82	-68	-54	-40	-26	-12	2	16	30	44	58	72	86	100	6	4n+2	
-94	-80	-66	-52	-38	-24	-10	4	18	32	46	60	74	88	5	4n+4	
-106	-92	-78	-64	-50	-36	-22	-8	6	20	34	48	62	76	4	4n+6	
-118	-104	-90	-76	-62	-48	-34	-20	-6	8	22	36	50	64	3	4n+8	
-130	-116	-102	-88	-74	-60	-46	-32	-18	-4	10	24	38	52	2	4n+10	
-142	-128	-114	-100	-86	-72	-58	-44	-30	-16	-2	12	26	40	1	4n+12	
-154	-140	-126	-112	-98	-84	-70	-56	-42	-28	-14	0	14	28	0	4n+14	
-166	-152	-138	-124	-110	-96	-82	-68	-54	-40	-26	-12	2	16	-1	4n+16	
-178	-164	-150	-136	-122	-108	-94	-80	-66	-52	-38	-24	-10	4	-2	4n+18	
-190	-176	-162	-148	-134	-120	-106	-92	-78	-64	-50	-36	-22	-8	-3	4n+20	
-202	-188	-174	-160	-146	-132	-118	-104	-90	-76	-62	-48	-34	-20	-4	4n+22	
-214	-200	-186	-172	-158	-144	-130	-116	-102	-88	-74	-60	-46	-32	-5	4n+24	
-226	-212	-198	-184	-170	-156	-142	-128	-114	-100	-86	-72	-58	-44	-6	4n+26	
$[M-6]$	$[M-5]$	$[M-4]$	$[M-3]$	$[M-2]$	$[M-1]$	$[M0]$	$[M1]$	$[M2]$	$[M3]$	$[M4]$	$[M5]$	$[M6]$				

Capping Level

First skeletal Element level

Foundation electrons level

Table 5. The relationship between the nuclearity index and base-line electrons (VE0)

[Mx]	VE0	[Mx]	VE0
20	42	-1	0
19	40	-2	-2
18	38	-3	-4
17	36	-4	-6
16	34	-5	-8
15	32	-6	-10
14	30	-7	-12
13	28	-8	-14
12	26	-9	-16
11	24	-10	-18
10	22	-11	-20
9	20	-12	-22
8	18	-13	-24
7	16	-14	-26
6	14	-15	-28
5	12	-16	-30
4	10	-17	-32
3	8	-18	-34
2	6	-19	-36
1	4	-20	-38
0	2	-21	-40
[Mx] → VE = 2x + 2			

Table 6. The variation of cluster valence electron content as the nuclearity index varies

x-14	x-13	x-12	x-11	x-10	x-9	x-8	x-7	x-6	x-5	x-4	x	
-26	-12	2	16	30	44	58	72	86	100	114	13	4n-12
-38	-24	-10	4	18	32	46	60	74	88	102	12	4n-10
-50	-36	-22	-8	6	20	34	48	62	76	90	11	4n-8
-62	-48	-34	-20	-6	8	22	36	50	64	78	10	4n-6
-74	-60	-46	-32	-18	-4	10	24	38	52	66	9	4n-4
-86	-72	-58	-44	-30	-16	-2	12	26	40	54	8	4n-2
-98	-84	-70	-56	-42	-28	-14	0	14	28	42	7	4n+0
-110	-96	-82	-68	-54	-40	-26	-12	2	16	30	6	4n+2
-122	-108	-94	-80	-66	-52	-38	-24	-10	4	18	5	4n+4
-134	-120	-106	-92	-78	-64	-50	-36	-22	-8	6	4	4n+6
-146	-132	-118	-104	-90	-76	-62	-48	-34	-20	-6	3	4n+8
-158	-144	-130	-116	-102	-88	-74	-60	-46	-32	-18	2	4n+10
-170	-156	-142	-128	-114	-100	-86	-72	-58	-44	-30	1	4n+12
-182	-168	-154	-140	-126	-112	-98	-84	-70	-56	-42	0	4n+14
-194	-180	-166	-152	-138	-124	-110	-96	-82	-68	-54	-1	4n+16
-206	-192	-178	-164	-150	-136	-122	-108	-94	-80	-66	-2	4n+18
-218	-204	-190	-176	-162	-148	-134	-120	-106	-92	-78	-3	4n+20
[M-8]	[M-7]	[M-6]	[M-5]	[M-4]	[M-3]	[M-2]	[M-1]	[M0]	[M1]	[M2]		

Table 7. The extension of Table 6 upwards

x-17	x-16	x-15	x-14	x-13	x-12	x-11	x-10	x-9	x-8	x-7	x-6	x-5	x-4	x	S
76	90	104	118	132	146	160	174	188	202	216	230	244	258	25	4n-36
64	78	92	106	120	134	148	162	176	190	204	218	232	246	24	4n-34
52	66	80	94	108	122	136	150	164	178	192	206	220	234	23	4n-32
40	54	68	82	96	110	124	138	152	166	180	194	208	222	22	4n-30
28	42	56	70	84	98	112	126	140	154	168	182	196	210	21	4n-28
16	30	44	58	72	86	100	114	128	142	156	170	184	198	20	4n-26
4	18	32	46	60	74	88	102	116	130	144	158	172	186	19	4n-24
-8	6	20	34	48	62	76	90	104	118	132	146	160	174	18	4n-22
-20	-6	8	22	36	50	64	78	92	106	120	134	148	162	17	4n-20
-32	-18	-4	10	24	38	52	66	80	94	108	122	136	150	16	4n-18
-44	-30	-16	-2	12	26	40	54	68	82	96	110	124	138	15	4n-16
-56	-42	-28	-14	0	14	28	42	56	70	84	98	112	126	14	4n-14
-68	-54	-40	-26	-12	2	16	30	44	58	72	86	100	114	13	4n-12
-80	-66	-52	-38	-24	-10	4	18	32	46	60	74	88	102	12	4n-10
-92	-78	-64	-50	-36	-22	-8	6	20	34	48	62	76	90	11	4n-8
-104	-90	-76	-62	-48	-34	-20	-6	8	22	36	50	64	78	10	4n-6
-116	-102	-88	-74	-60	-46	-32	-18	-4	10	24	38	52	66	9	4n-4
-128	-114	-100	-86	-72	-58	-44	-30	-16	-2	12	26	40	54	8	4n-2
-140	-126	-112	-98	-84	-70	-56	-42	-28	-14	0	14	28	42	7	4n+0
-152	-138	-124	-110	-96	-82	-68	-54	-40	-26	-12	2	16	30	6	4n+2
M-11	M-10	M-9	M-8	M-7	M-6	M-5	M-4	M-3	M-2	M-1	M0	M1	M2		
132	120	106	96	84	72	60	48	36	24	12	2		holes	es	

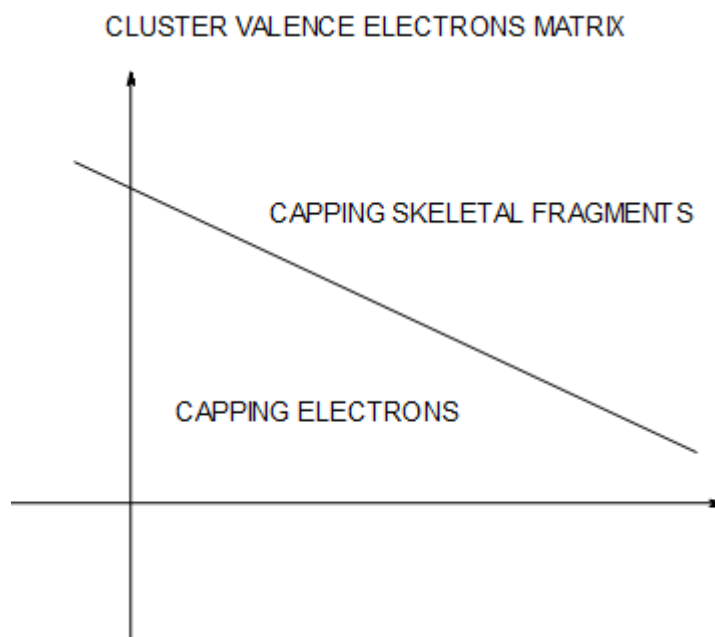


Figure 6. Sketch illustrating the capping concept derived from series

2.5 Applying the Capping Principle of Cluster Genesis to Derive Cluster Formulas

By having the knowledge of the foundation of a given cluster we can derive its molecular or cluster formula. If we define the foundation cluster valence electrons as G_0 , and the capping fragment as F_0 , and the number of skeletal elements as n , then the cluster or molecular formula F is given by $F = n[F_0] + G_0$. The value of $F_0 = 2e$ (for main group elements) or $F_0 = 12e$ for transition metals. By analyzing the series, G_0 is related to $[Mx]$ by $G_0 = [x+1]L$, where L is a two electron ligand. Hence, by adding appropriate multiples of F_0 , a required cluster formula is obtained. The derivation of cluster formulas is illustrated by the following examples 1-22. More examples are provided in Table 7**.

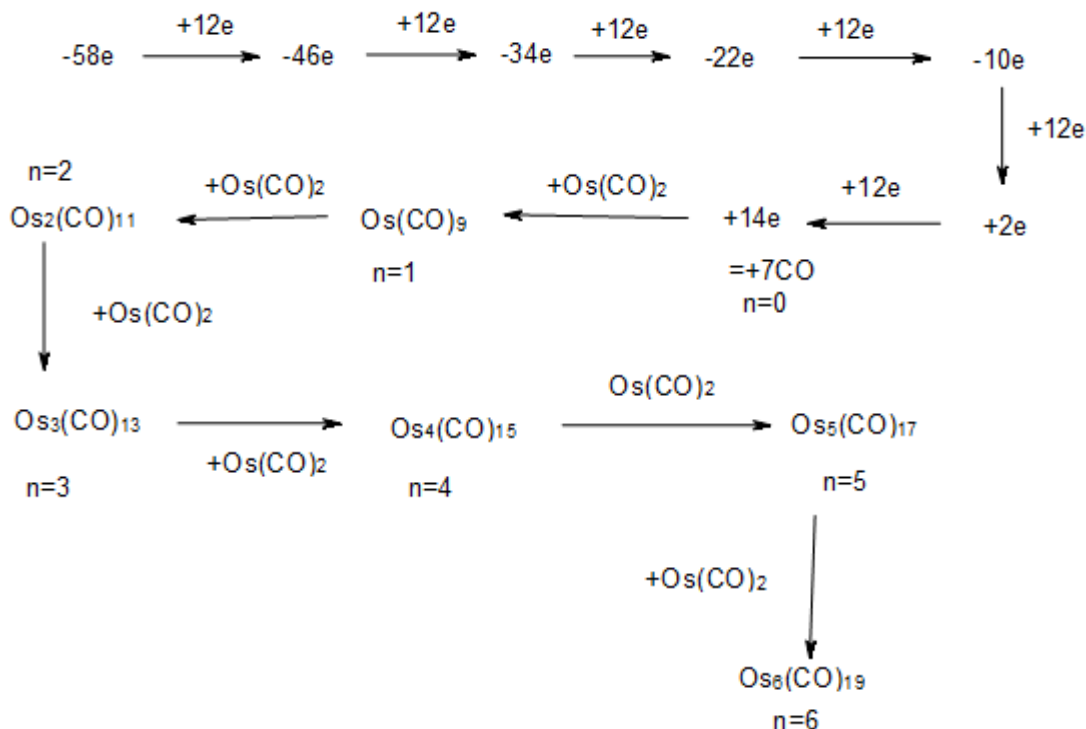
1. $F = B_2H_6$
 $K = 2[2.5] - 6[0.5] = 2$
 $K(n) = 2(2)$
 $S = 4n + 4$
 $K = 2n - 2$
 $Kp = C^{-1}C[M3]$
 $G_0 = [3+1]L = 4L = 8H$
 $F = n[F_0] + G_0$
 $= 2[BH^{2+}] + 8H = 2B + 2H - 4H + 8H = B_2H_6$
2. $F = B_4H_{10}$
 $K = 4[2.5] - 5 = 5$
 $K(n) = 5(4)$
 $S = 4n + 6$
 $K = 2n - 3$
 $Kp = C^{-2}C[M6]$
 $G_0 = [6+1]L = 7L = 14H$
 $F = n[F_0] + G_0$
 $= 4[BH^{2+}] + 14H = 4B + 4H - 8H + 14H = B_4H_{10}$
3. $F = B_5H_9$
 $K = 5[2.5] - 4.5 = 8$
 $K(n) = 8(5)$
 $S = 4n + 4$
 $K = 2n - 2$
 $Kp = C^{-1}C[M6]$
 $G_0 = [6+1]L = 7L = 14H$
 $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 5[BH^{2+}] + 14H = 5B + 5H - 10H + 14H = B_5H_9$
4. $F = B_6H_{10}$
 $K = 6[2.5] - 5 = 10$
 $K(n) = 10(6)$
 $S = 4n + 4$
 $K = 2n - 2$
 $Kp = C^{-1}C[M7]$
 $G_0 = [7+1]L = 8L = 16H$
 $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 6[BH^{2+}] + 16H = 6B + 6H - 12H + 16H = B_6H_{10}$
5. $F = C_2B_7H_{13}$
 $K = 2[2] + 7[2.5] - 6.5 = 15$

$K(n)=15(9)$
 $S=4n+6$
 $K=2n-3$
 $Kp=C^{-2}C[M11]$
 $G_0=[11+1]L=12L=24H$
 $F=n[F_0]+G_0=9[BH^{2+}]+24H=9B+9H-18H+24H=B_9H_{15}=(BH)_2B_7H_{13}=C_2B_7H_{13}$
 6. $F=SB_9H_{11}$
 $K=1[1]+9[2.5]-5.5=18$
 $K(n)=18(10)$
 $S=4n+4$
 $K=2n-2$
 $Kp=C^{-1}C[M11]$
 $G_0=[11+1]L=12L=24H$
 $F=n[C_0]+G_0=10[BH^{2+}]+24H=10B+10H-20H+24H=B_{10}H_{14}=(BH_3)B_9H_{11}=SB_9H_{11}$
 7. $B_4H_8Co(Cp)$
 $K=4[2.5]-4+1[4.5-2.5]=8$
 $K(n)=8(5)$
 $S=4n+4$
 $K=2n-2$
 $Kp=C^{-1}C[M6]$
 $G_0=[6+1]L=7L=14H$
 $F=n[F_0]+G_0=5[BH^{2+}]+14H=5B+5H-10H+14H=B_5H_9=(BH)B_4H_8=CB_4H_8=Co(Cp)B_4H_8$
 $Co(Cp)$; $K=4.5-2.5=2=[C]$
 8. $F=B_4H_8Fe(CO)_3$
 $K=4[2.5]-4+1[5-3]=8$
 $K(n)=8(5)$
 $S=4n+4$
 $K=2n-2$
 $Kp=C^{-1}C[M6]$
 $G_0=[6+1]L=7L=14H$
 $F=n[F_0]+G_0=5[BH^{2+}]+14H=5B+5H-10H+14H=B_5H_9=(BH)B_4H_8=CB_4H_8=Fe(CO)_3B_4H_8$
 $Fe(CO)_3$; $K=4.5-2.5=2=[C]$
 9. $C_2B_3H_7[Fe(CO)_3]$
 $K=2L2+3[2.5]+1[5-3]-3.5=10$
 $K(n)=10(6)$
 $S=4n+4$
 $K=2n-2$
 $Kp=C^{-1}C[M7]$
 $G_0=[7+1]L=8L=16H$
 $F=n[F_0]+G_0=6[BH^{2+}]+16H=6B+6H-12H+16H=B_6H_{10}=(BH)_2(BH)B_3H_7=C_2[Fe(CO)_3]B_3H_7$; $Fe(CO)_3=[C]$, $K=2$
 10. $F=Os_6(CO)_{18}$
 $K=6[5]-18=12$
 $K(n)=12(6)$
 $S=4n+0$
 $K=2n+0$
 $Kp=C^{-1}C[M5]$
 $G_0=[5+1]L=6L=6CO$
 $F=n[F_0]+G_0=6[Os(CO)_2]+6CO=Os_6(CO)_{18}$
 11. $F=Os_7(CO)_{21}$
 $K=7[5]-21=14$
 $K(n)=14(7)$
 $S=4n+0$
 $K=2n+0$
 $Kp=C^{-1}C[M6]$
 $G_0=[6+1]L=7L=7CO$
 $F=n[F_0]+G_0=7[Os(CO)_2]+7CO=Os_7(CO)_{21}$
 12. $F=Os_{17}(CO)_{36}^{2-}$
 $K=17[5]-36-1=48$
 $K(n)=48(17)$
 $S=4n-28$
 $K=2n+14$
 $Kp=C^{15}C[M2]$
 $G_0=[2+1]L=3L=3CO$
 $F=n[F_0]+G_0=17[Os(CO)_2]+3CO=Os_{17}(CO)_{37}=Os_{17}(CO)_{36}^{2-}$
 13. $F=Os_{20}(CO)_{40}^{2-}$
 $K=20[5]-40-1=59$
 $K(n)=59(20)$
 $S=4n-38$
 $K=2n+19$
 $Kp=C^{20}C[M0]$
 $G_0=[0+1]L=1L=1CO$
 $F=n[F_0]+G_0=20[Os(CO)_2]+1CO=Os_{20}(CO)_{41}=Os_{20}(CO)_{40}^{2-}$
 14. $F=Os_{24}(CO)_{48}$
 $K=34[4]-24-12=100$
 $K(n)=100(34)$

$S = 4n - 64$
 $K = 2n + 32$
 $Kp = C^{33}C[M1]$
 $G_0 = [1+1]L = 2L = 2CO$
 $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 34[Pd(CO)] + 2CO = Pd_{34}(CO)_{36} = Pd_{34}(CO)_{24}L_{12}$
 15. $F = Pd_{59}(CO)_{36}L_{14}$
 $K = 59[4] - 36 - 14 = 186$
 $K(n) = 186(59)$
 $S = 4n - 136$
 $K = 2n + 68$
 $Kp = C^{69}C[M-10]$
 $G_0 = [-10+1]L = -9L = -9CO$
 $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 59[Pd(CO)] + [-9CO] = Pd_{59}(CO)_{50} = Pd_{59}(CO)_{36}L_{14}$
 16. $F = Au_8L_8^{2+}$
 $K = 8[3.5] - 8 + 1 = 21$
 $K(n) = 21(8)$
 $S = 4n - 10$
 $K = 2n + 5$
 $Kp = C^6C[M2]$
 $G_0 = [2+1]L = 3L$
 $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 8[Au^-] + 3L = 8Au + 4L + 3L = Au_8L_7 = Au_8L_8^{2+}; [8-] = 8R = 4L$
 17. $F = Au_9L_8^{3+}$
 $K = 9[3.5] - 8 + 1.5 = 25$
 $K(n) = 25(9)$
 $S = 4n - 14$
 $K = 2n + 7$
 $Kp = C^8C[M1]$
 $G_0 = [1+1]L = 2L$
 $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 9[Au-] + 2L = 9Au + 9R + 4R = Au_9L_{6.5} = Au_9L_8^{3+}; 2R = 1L$
 18. $F = Au_{39}L_{14}Cl_6^{3+}$
 $K = 39[3.5] - 14 - 3 + 1.5 = 121$
 $K(n) = 121(39)$
 $S = 4n - 86$
 $K = 2n + 43$
 $Kp = C^{44}C[M-5]$
 $G_0 = [-5+1]L = -4L = -8R$
 $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 39[Au^-] + [-8R] = 39Au + 39R - 8R = Au_{39}R_{31} = Au_{39}L_{14}Cl_6^{3+} = 39Au + 28R + 6R - 3R = Au_{39}R_{31}$
 19. $F = Au_{40}R_{24}$
 $K = 40[3.5] - 12 = 128$
 $K(n) = 128(40)$
 $S = 4n - 96$
 $K = 2n + 48$
 $Kp = C^{49}C[M-9]$
 $G_0 = [-9+1]L = -8L = -16R$
 $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 40[Au^-] + [-16R] = 40Au + 40R - 16R = Au_{40}R_{24}$
 20. $F = Au_{102}R_{44}$
 $K = 102[3.5] - 22 = 335$
 $K(n) = 335(102)$
 $S = 4n - 262$
 $K = 2n + 131$
 $Kp = C^{132}C[M-30]$
 $G_0 = [-30+1]L = -29L = -58R$
 $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 102[Au^-] + [-58R] = 102Au + 102R - 58R = Au_{102}R_{44}$
 21. $F = C_6H_6$
 $K = 6[2] - 3 = 9$
 $K(n) = 9(6)$
 $S = 4n + 6$
 $K = 2n - 3$
 $Kp = C^{-2}C[M8]$
 $G_0 = [8+1]L = 9L = 18H$
 $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 6[C^{2+}] + 18H = C_6H_6$
 22. $F = N_2H_4$
 $K = 2[1.5] - 2 = 1$
 $K(n) = 1(2)$
 $S = 4n + 6$
 $K = 2n - 3$
 $Kp = C^{-2}C[M4]$
 $G_0 = [4+1]L = 5L = 10H$
 $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 2[C^{2+}] + 10H = C_2H_6 = (C+1)_2H_4 = N_2H_4$

Scheme 7. Examples illustrating the derivation of cluster formulas applying the genesis principle

T-8													
A UNIVERSE OF CAPPING ELECTRONS FOR TRANSITION METAL CLUSTERS: DECAPPING SERIES													
S=4n+	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26
[Mx]	C ⁰	C ¹	C ²	C ³	C ⁴	C ⁵	C ⁶	C ⁷	C ⁸	C ⁹	C ¹⁰	C ¹¹	C ¹²
12	170	158	146	134	122	110	98	86	74	62	50	38	26
11	156	144	132	120	108	96	84	72	60	48	36	24	12
10	142	130	118	106	94	82	70	58	46	34	22	10	-2
9	128	116	104	92	80	68	56	44	32	20	8	-4	-16
8	114	102	90	78	66	54	42	30	18	6	-6	-18	-30
7	100	88	76	64	52	40	28	16	4	-8	-20	-32	-44
6	86	74	62	50	38	26	14	2	-10	-22	-34	-46	58
5	72	60	48	36	24	12	0	-12	-24	-36	-48	-60	-72
4	58	46	34	22	10	-2	-14	-26	-38	-50	-62	-74	-86
3	44	32	20	8	-4	-16	-28	-40	-52	-64	-76	-88	100
2	30	18	6	-6	-18	-30	-42	-54	-66	-78	-90	-102	114
1	16	4	-8	-20	-32	-44	-56	-68	-80	-92	-104	-116	128
0	2	-10	-22	-34	-46	-58	-70	-82	-94	-106	-118	-130	142
-1	-12	-24	-36	-48	-60	-72	-84	-96	-108	-120	-132	-144	156

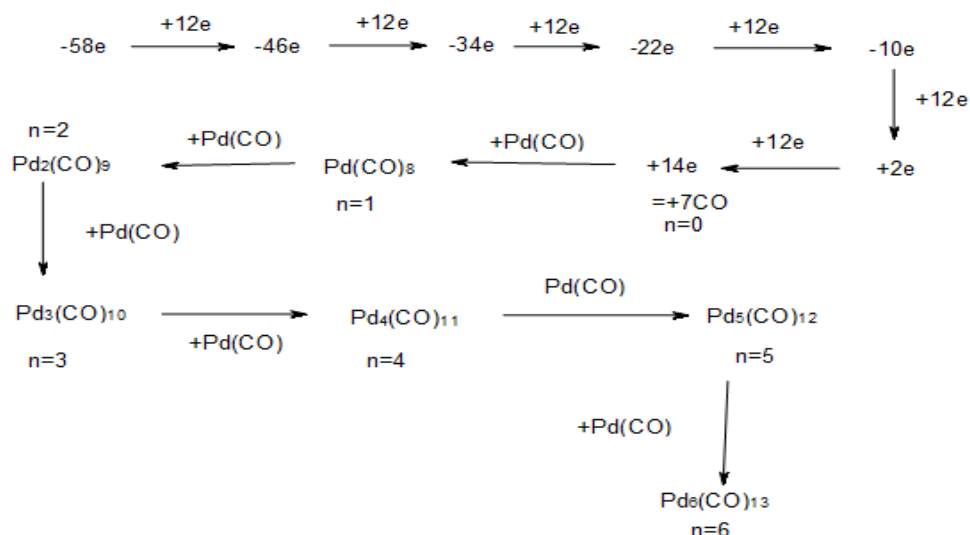


If look at the octahedral CLAN of clusters [M6], $K(n)=11(6)$, $V_e = 86$, the de-capping series decrease by 12e each step. In terms of $K(n)$ series, they go from $11(6) \rightarrow 8(5) \rightarrow 5(4) \rightarrow 2(3) \rightarrow -1(2) \rightarrow -4(1) \rightarrow -7(0)$. The $K(n) = -7(0)$ represents +14e. We can regard this as the GENESIS of [M6] CLAN series. From the +14e, the first metallic fragment $[\text{Os}(\text{CO})_2]$ commences the addition until the [M6] osmium cluster $\text{F}=\text{Os}_6(\text{CO})_{19}$ that appears in the form of $\text{Os}_6(\text{CO})_{18}^{2-}$ is

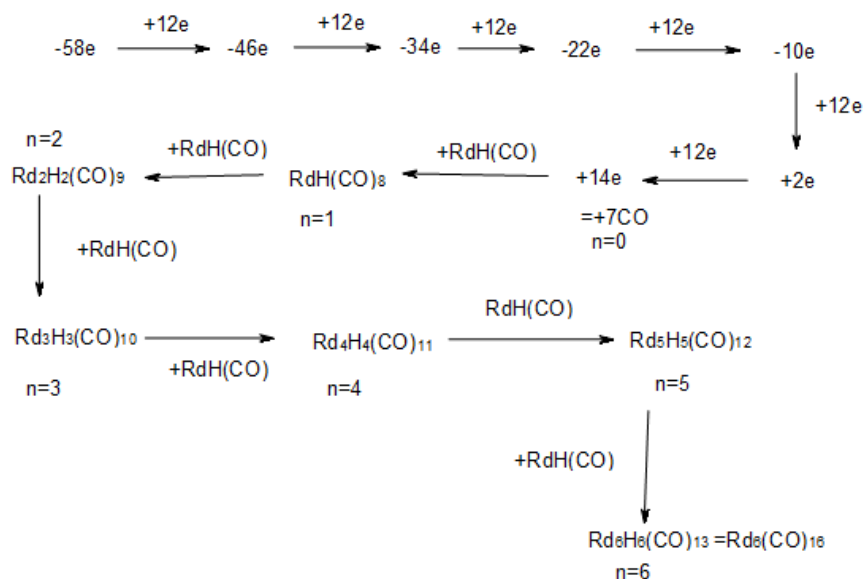
obtained. This process is presented in the scheme**. However, if we look at the capping at a deeper level, we can see that the de-capping series involving a set of 12e is indefinite as indicated by the numbers; 14→2→-10→-22→-34→-46→-58, and so on. When the capping has reached the CLOSO family [M6] represented by $F = Os_6(CO)_{19}$, and moving into the CAPPING direction, the next cluster will be $F = Os_6(CO)_{19} + Os(CO)_2 \rightarrow Os_7(CO)_{21}$. As we know the cluster $Os_7(CO)_{21}$ is a MONO-CAPPED octahedron.** This process can also go on infinitely. Although this phenomena has been discussed for the [M6] CLAN series, it represents all the [Mx] clans. Some examples for generating selected cluster formulas are given in Schemes 9-13. Using this approach of applying a broad and deep type of clustering, we can view clusters emerging from an infinite universe of capping negative cluster valence electrons to positive cluster valence electrons and finally to skeletal fragment capping electrons all comprising of sets of 12 electrons.

2.7 Derivation of Cluster Formulas

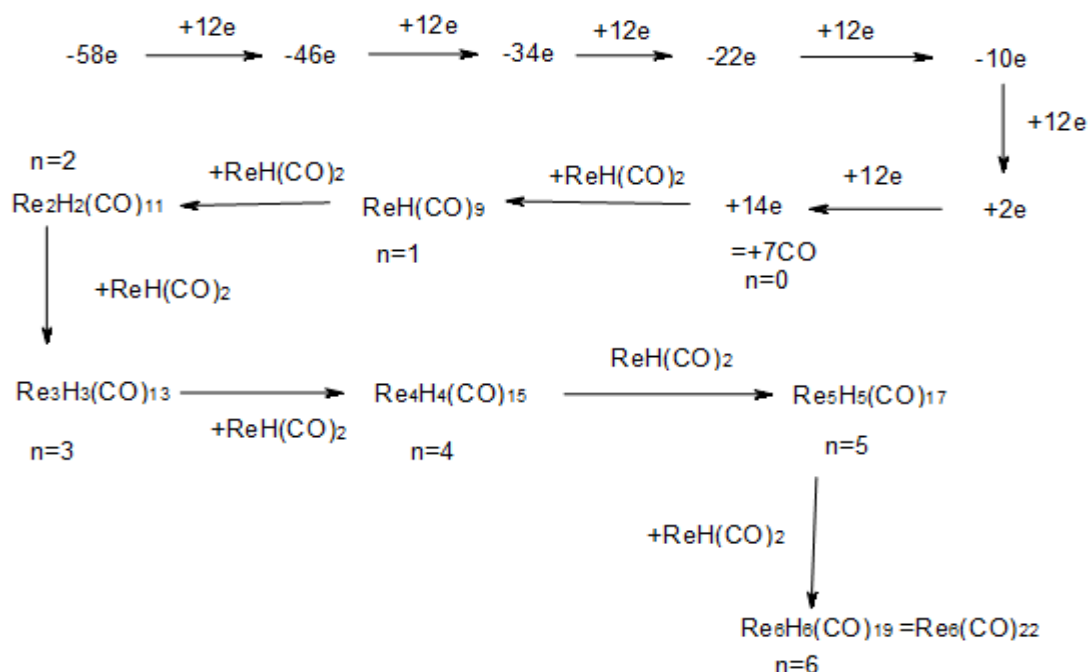
Having determined the starting point, G_0 of a given CLAN series, we can be able to derive required cluster formula or a series of cluster formulas. This is illustrated for a set of selected clusters given in Scheme 14 and since the units of fragments are based on sets of 12 electrons, it is easy to formulate a simple equation to determine the cluster valence electrons VE of any clusters. The examples are given in Table T-9.



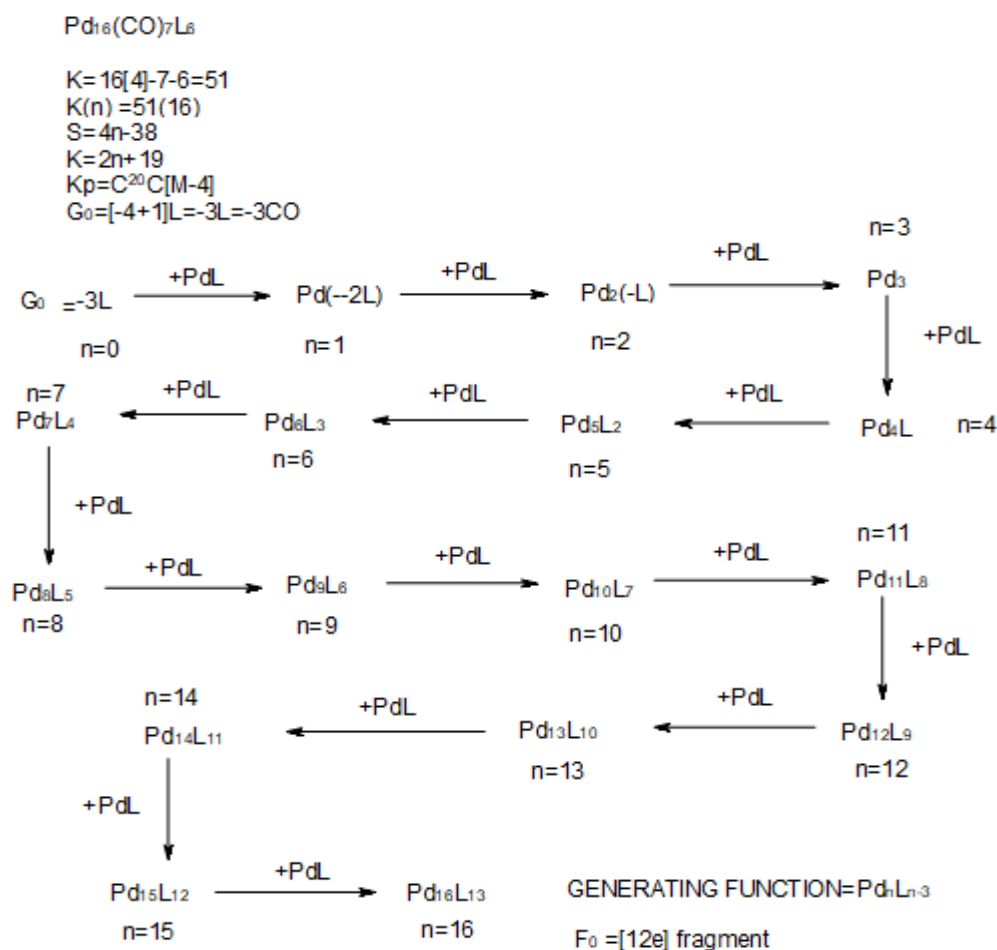
Scheme 9. [M6] Palladium Lower Capping Series



Scheme 10. [M6] Rhodium Lower Capping Series



Scheme 11. [M6] Rhenium Lower Capping Series

Scheme 12. Cluster formula = $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 16[PdL] - 3L = Pd_{16}L_{13}$ Cluster capping scheme for $Pd_{16}L_{13}$

2.8 Applying the Capping Principle of Cluster Genesis to Derive Cluster Valence Electrons

We have seen how the capping principle based upon cluster genesis can be used to derive cluster formulas. The same principle can be used to derive cluster valence electrons VE. Firstly, the cluster is categorized into series, $S=4n+q$ using skeletal numbers, Then transform the series formula into a capping formula, $Kp=C^y[Mx]$, where $y+x=n$ and n is the number of skeletal elements in a cluster formula. From the capping formula we can determine the number of GENESIS electrons, $VE_0 = 2x+2$. The capping fragments valence content $[nd]$ (n = number of skeletal elements, d = capping constant of 12 electrons are added on top the base line electrons, VE_0). This is demonstrated in Table T-10. which covers a wide range of more than 150 clusters and elements. What is interesting is that the capping principle based on the genesis of clusters when $n=0$, ONE SIMPLE FORMULA IS APPLICABLE TO A RANGE OF SKELETAL ELEMENTS FROM 1 TO HUNDREDS OF ATOMS IN MOLECULES AND CLUSTERS. This formula is $VE= VE_0+ d[n]$ where VE = cluster valence electrons, VE_0 = cluster valence electrons when $n=0$ $d= 12$ for transition elements and 2 for main group elements and n = number of the skeletal elements. The equation is a simple ARITHMETIC PROGRESSION. What is more exciting is that the calculation also places the main group and transition elements into their usual periodic groups of 3 to 18.

Ex -1



$$K = 59[4] - 32 - 21 = 183$$

$$K(n) = 183(59)$$

$$S = 4n - 130$$

$$K = 2n + 65$$

$$Kp = C^{66}C[M-7]$$

$$G_0 = [-7+1]L = -6L$$

$$F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 59[PdL] + [-6L] = Pd_{59}L_{53} = Pd_{59}(CO)_{53} = Pd_{59}(CO)_{32}L_{21}$$

Ex-2



$$K = 69[4] - 36 - 18 = 222$$

$$K(n) = 222(69)$$

$$S = 4n - 168$$

$$K = 2n + 84$$

$$Kp = C^{85}C[M-16]$$

$$G_0 = [-16+1]L = -15CO$$

$$F = 69[Pd(CO)] + [-15CO] = Pd_{69}(CO)_{54} = Pd_{69}(CO)_{36}L_{18}$$

Ex-3



$$K = 165[4] - 60 - 30 = 570$$

$$K(n) = 570(165)$$

$$S = 4n - 480$$

$$K = 2n + 240$$

$$Kp = C^{241}C[M-76]$$

$$G_0 = [-76+1]L = -75L$$

$$F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 165[PdL] + [-75L] = Pd_{165}L_{90} = Pd_{165}(CO)_{60}L_{30}$$

Scheme 13. The derivation of cluster formulas for selected clusters applying the genesis principle

Table 9. The derivation of cluster valence electrons for selected clusters using the genesis principle

T-9		K	n	K(n)	S	K	Kp	G ₀	VE	VF
1	Au ₂₀ L ₁₀ Cl ₄ ²⁺	59	20	59(20)	4n-38	2n+19	C ²⁰ C[M0]	1	242	242
9	Os ₂₀ (CO) ₄₀ ²⁻	59	20	59(20)	4n-38	2n+19	C ²⁰ C[M0]	1	242	242
2	Au ₂₂ L ₁₂	65	22	65(22)	4n-42	2n+21	C ²² C[M0]	1	266	266
3	Au ₂₄ L ₁₀ R ₅ X ₂ ⁺	71	24	71(24)	4n-46	2n+23	C ²⁴ C[M0]	1	290	290
4	Au ₂₅ L ₁₀ R ₅ ²⁺	76	25	76(25)	4n-52	2n+26	C ²⁷ C[M-2]	-1	298	298
5	Au ₃₈ L ₁₈ Cl ₂ ⁴⁺	116	38	116(38)	4n-80	2n+40	C ⁴¹ C[M-3]	-2	452	452
6	Au ₃₉ L ₁₄ Cl ₆ ⁺	120	39	120(39)	4n-84	2n+42	C ⁴³ C[M-4]	-3	462	462
7	Au ₄₀ R ₂₄	128	40	128(40)	4n-96	2n+48	C ⁴⁹ C[M-9]	-8	464	464
8	Au ₁₀₂ R ₄₄	335	102	335(102)	4n-262	2n+131	C ¹³² C[M-30]	-29	1166	1166
10	Pd ₃₉ (CO) ₂₃ L ₁₆	117	39	117(39)	4n-78	2n+39	C ⁴⁰ C[M-1]	0	468	468
11	Pd ₅₄ (CO) ₄₀ L ₁₄	162	54	162(54)	4n-108	2n+54	C ⁵⁵ C[M-1]	0	648	648
12	Pd ₅₂ (CO) ₃₆ L ₁₄	158	52	158(52)	4n-108	2n+54	C ⁵⁵ C[M-3]	-2	620	620
13	Pd ₁₆ (CO) ₇ L ₆	51	16	51(16)	4n-38	2n+19	C ²⁰ C[M-4]	-3	186	186
14	Pd ₅₉ (CO) ₃₂ L ₂₁	183	59	183(59)	4n-130	2n+65	C ⁶⁶ C[M-7]	-6	696	696
15	Pd ₅₉ (CO) ₃₆ L ₁₄	186	59	186(59)	4n-136	2n+68	C ⁶⁹ C[M-10]	-9	690	690
16	Pd ₆₉ (CO) ₃₆ L ₁₈	222	69	222(69)	4n-168	2n+84	C ⁸⁵ C[M-16]	-15	798	798
17	Pd ₁₆₅ (CO) ₆₀ L ₃₀	570	165	570(165)	4n-480	2n+240	C ²⁴¹ C[M-76]	-75	1830	1830

1. $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 20[Au^-] + 1L = Au_{20}R_{20} + 2R = Au_{20}R_{22} = Au_{20}L_{11} = Au_{20}L_{10}Cl_4^{2+}$
2. $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 22[Au^-] + 1L = Au_{22}R_{22} + 2R = Au_{22}R_{24} = Au_{22}L_{12}$
3. $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 24[Au^-] + 1L = Au_{24}R_{24} + 2R = Au_{24}R_{26} = Au_{24}L_{13} = Au_{24}L_{10}R_5X_2^+$
4. $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 25[Au^-] - 1L = Au_{25}R_{25} - 2R = Au_{25}R_{23} = Au_{25}L_{10}R_5^{2+}$
5. $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 38[Au^-] - 2L = Au_{38}R_{38} - 4R = Au_{38}R_{34} = Au_{38}L_{18}Cl_2^{4+}$
6. $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 39[Au^-] - 3L = Au_{39}R_{39} - 6R = Au_{39}R_{33} = Au_{39}L_{14}Cl_6^+$
7. $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 40[Au^-] - 8L = Au_{40}R_{40} - 16R = Au_{40}R_{24}$
8. $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 102[Au^-] - 29L = Au_{102}R_{102} - 58R = Au_{102}R_{44}$
9. $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 20[Os(CO)_2] + 1CO = Os_{20}(CO)_{41} = Os_{20}(CO)_{40}^{2-}$
10. $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 39[Pd(CO)] + 0 = Pd_{39}(CO)_{39} = Pd_{39}(CO)_{23}L_{16}$
11. $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 54[Pd(CO)] + 0 = Pd_{54}(CO)_{54} = Pd_{54}(CO)_{40}L_{14}$
12. $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 52[Pd(CO)] - 2CO = Pd_{52}(CO)_{50} = Pd_{52}(CO)_{36}L_{14}$
13. $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 16[Pd(CO)] - 3CO = Pd_{16}(CO)_{13} = Pd_{16}(CO)_7L_6$
14. $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 59[Pd(CO)] - 6CO = Pd_{59}(CO)_{53} = Pd_{59}(CO)_{32}L_{21}$
15. $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 59[Pd(CO)] - 9CO = Pd_{59}(CO)_{50} = Pd_{59}(CO)_{36}L_{14}$
16. $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 69[Pd(CO)] - 15CO = Pd_{69}(CO)_{54} = Pd_{69}(CO)_{36}L_{18}$
17. $F = n[F_0] + G_0 = 165[Pd(CO)] - 75CO = Pd_{165}(CO)_{90} = Pd_{165}(CO)_{60}L_{30}$

Scheme 14. The derivation of cluster formulas of selected clusters using the hypothetical model of cluster genesis principle

Some of the data of clusters was obtained from various sources(Balyekova, et al, 2003; Fehlner & Halet, 2000; Mednikov & Dahl, 2010; Hughes & Wade, 2000).

Table 10. The derivation of cluster valence electrons for selected examples using the genesis principle

T-10					*					
	CLUSTER	K(n)	SERIES	NAME, Kp =C ^Y C[Mx]	[Mx]	A ₁	n	n-1	VE=A ₁ +12(n-1)	VF
1	Pd ₁₆₅ (CO) ₆₀ L ₃₀	570(165)	4n-480	C ²⁴¹ CM-76]	[M-76]	-138	165	164	1830	1830
2	Au ₁₀₂ R ₄₄	335(102)	4n-232	C ¹³² C[M-30]	[M-30]	-46	102	101	1166	1166
3	Pd ₆₉ (CO) ₃₆ L ₁₈	222(69)	4n-168	C ⁸⁵ C[M-16]	[M-16]	-18	69	68	798	798
4	Pd ₅₉ (CO) ₃₂ L ₂₁	183(59)	4n-130	C ⁶⁶ C[M-7]	[M-7]	0	59	58	696	696
5	Pd ₆₆ (CO) ₄₅ L ₁₆	203(66)	4n-142	C ⁷² C[M-6]	[M-6]	2	66	65	782	782
6	Pd ₅₂ (CO) ₃₆ L ₁₄	158(52)	4n-108	C ⁵⁵ C[M-3]	[M-3]	8	52	51	620	620
7	Pd ₅₄ (CO) ₄₀ L ₁₄	162(54)	4n-108	C ⁵⁵ C[M-1]	[M-1]	12	54	53	648	648
8	Pd ₃₉ (CO) ₂₃ L ₁₆	117(39)	4n-78	C ⁴⁰ C[M-1]	[M-1]	12	39	38	468	468
9	Pd ₃ (CO) ₃ L ₄	5(3)	4n+2	C ⁰ C[M3](closo)	[M3]	20	3	2	44	44
10	Pd ₄ (CO) ₅ L ₄	7(4)	4n+2	C ⁰ C[M4](closo)	[M4]	22	4	3	58	58
11	Au ₂₀ L ₁₀ Cl ₄ ²⁺	59(20)	4n-38	C ²⁰ C[M0]	[M0]	14	20	19	242	242
12	Au ₂₂ L ₁₂	65(22)	4n-42	C ²² C[M0]	[M0]	14	22	21	266	266
13	Os ₂₀ (CO) ₄₀ ²⁻	59(20)	4n-38	C ²⁰ C[M0]	[M0]	14	20	19	242	242
14	Au ₄ L ₄	10(4)	4n-4	C ³ C[M1]	[M1]	16	4	3	52	52
15	Au ₆ L ₆ ²⁺	16(6)	4n-8	C ⁵ C[M1]	[M1]	16	6	5	76	76
16	Au ₆ L ₄ Cl ₂	16(6)	4n-8	C ⁵ C[M1]	[M1]	16	6	5	76	76
17	Au ₈ L ₇ ²⁺	22(8)	4n-12	C ⁷ C[M1]	[M1]	16	8	7	100	100
18	Au ₉ L ₈ ³⁺	25(9)	4n-14	C ⁸ C[M1]	[M1]	16	9	8	112	112
19	Au ₁₁ L ₁₀ ⁵⁺	31(11)	4n-18	C ¹⁰ C[M1]	[M1]	16	11	10	136	136
20	Pd ₃₄ (CO) ₂₄ L ₁₂	100(34)	4n-64	C ³³ C[M1]	[M1]	16	34	33	412	412
21	V(CO) ₆ ⁻	0(1)	4n+4	C ⁻¹ C[M2]	[M2]	18	1	0	18	18
22	Cr(CO) ₆	0(1)	4n+4	C ⁻¹ C[M2]	[M2]	18	1	0	18	18
23	Mn(CO) ₆ ⁺	0(1)	4n+4	C ⁻¹ C[M2]	[M2]	18	1	0	18	18
24	Fe(CO) ₅	0(1)	4n+4	C ⁻¹ C[M2]	[M2]	18	1	0	18	18
25	Ir(CO) ₆ ³⁺	0(1)	4n+4	C ⁻¹ C[M2]	[M2]	18	1	0	18	18
26	Ni(CO) ₄	0(1)	4n+4	C ⁻¹ C[M2]	[M2]	18	1	0	18	18
27	CH ₄	0(1)	4n+4	C ⁻¹ C[M2]	[M2]	18	1	0	18[8]	8
28	PH ₃	0(1)	4n+4	C ⁻¹ C[M2]	[M2]	18	1	0	18[8]	8
29	OH ₂	0(1)	4n+4	C ⁻¹ C[M2]	[M2]	18	1	0	18[8]	8
30	FH	0(1)	4n+4	C ⁻¹ C[M2]	[M2]	18	1	0	18[8]	8
31	N ₂	3(2)	4n+2	C ⁰ C[M2]	[M2]	18	2	1	30[10]	10
32	C ₂ H ₂	3(2)	4n+2	C ⁰ C[M2]	[M2]	18	2	1	30[10]	10
33	Cr ₂ (Cp) ₂ (CO) ₄	3(2)	4n+2	C ⁰ C[M2]	[M2]	18	2	1	30	30
34	Pd ₃ (CO) ₃ L ₃	6(3)	4n+0	C ¹ C[M2]	[M2]	18	3	2	42	42
35	(AuL) ₂ Fe(CO) ₄	6(3)	4n+0	C ¹ C[M2]	[M2]	18	3	2	42	42
36	(AuL) ₃ V(CO) ₅	9(4)	4n-2	C ² C[M2]	[M2]	18	4	3	54	54
37	(AuL) ₃ Co(CO) ₃	9(4)	4n-2	C ² C[M2]	[M2]	18	4	3	54	54
38	Fe ₂ Ir ₂ (AuL)(CO) ₁₂ ⁺	12(5)	4n-4	C ³ C[M2]	[M2]	18	5	4	66	66
39	(AuL) ₄ Re(CO) ₄ ⁺	12(5)	4n-4	C ³ C[M2]	[M2]	18	5	4	66	66
40	Re ₅ (C)(H)(CO) ₁₂ ²⁻	12(5)	4n-4	C ³ C[M2]	[M2]	18	5	4	66	66
41	(AuL) ₇ Mo(CO) ₃ ⁺	21(8)	4n-10	C ⁶ C[M2]	[M2]	18	8	7	102	102
42	(AuL) ₇ Co(CO) ₂ ²⁺	21(8)	4n-10	C ⁶ C[M2]	[M2]	18	8	7	102	102
43	(AuL) ₈ Pt(CO) ₂ ²⁺	24(9)	4n-12	C ⁷ C[M2]	[M2]	18	9	8	114	114
44	Au ₉ L ₈ ⁺	24(9)	4n-12	C ⁷ C[M2]	[M2]	18	9	8	114	114
45	Os ₁₇ (CO) ₃₆ ²⁻	48(17)	4n-28	C ¹⁵ C[M2]	[M2]	18	17	16	210	210
46	Pd ₃₅ (CO) ₂₃ L ₁₅	102(35)	4n-64	C ³³ C[M2]	[M2]	18	35	34	426	426
47	Pd ₃₇ (CO) ₂₈ L ₁₂	108(37)	4n-68	C ³⁵ C[M2]	[M2]	18	37	36	450	450
48	B ₂ H ₆	2(2)	4n+4	C ⁻¹ C[M3]	[M3]	20	2	1	32[12]	12
49	Re ₂ H ₂ (CO) ₈	2(2)	4n+4	C ⁻¹ C[M3]	[M3]	20	2	1	32	32
49a	B ₄ Cl ₄	8(4)	4n+0	C ¹ C[M3]	[M3]	20	4	3	56[16]	16
50	Re ₄ H ₄ (CO) ₁₂	8(4)	4n+0	C ¹ C[M3]	[M3]	20	4	3	56	56
51	Os ₂ (CO) ₉	1(2)	4n+6	C ⁻² C[M4]	[M4]	22	2	1	34	34
52	Re ₃ H ₃ (CO) ₁₀ ²⁻	4(3)	4n+4	C ⁻¹ C[M4]	[M4]	22	3	2	46	46
53	B ₄ H ₄ ²⁻	7(4)	4n+2	C ⁰ C[M4]	[M4]	22	4	3	58[18]	18
54	Pd ₆ (CO) ₄ L ₇	13(6)	4n-2	C ² C[M4]	[M4]	22	6	5	82	82
55	Pt ₁₉ (CO) ₂₂ ⁴⁻	52(19)	4n-28	C ¹⁵ C[M4]	[M4]	22	19	18	238	238
56	Pd ₁₆ Ni ₄ (CO) ₂₂ L ₂ ²⁻	55(20)	4n-30	C ¹⁶ C[M4]	[M4]	22	20	19	250	250
56	(Au)Pd ₂₂ (CO) ₂₀ L ₈ ⁺	64(23)	4n-36	C ¹⁹ C[M4]	[M4]	22	23	22	286	286
57	Pd ₂₃ (CO) ₂₀ L ₈	64(23)	4n-36	C ¹⁹ C[M4]	[M4]	22	23	22	286	286
58	Au ₃₉ L ₁₄ Cl ₆ ⁺	120(39)	4n-84	C ⁴³ C[M4]	[M-4]	6	39	38	462	462
59	Os ₃ (CO) ₁₂	3(3)	4n+6	C ⁻² C[M5]	[M5]	24	3	2	48	48
60	B ₃ H ₉	3(3)	4n+6	C ⁻² C[M5]	[M5]	24	3	2	48[18]	18
61	Os ₄ (CO) ₁₄	6(4)	4n+4	C ⁻¹ C[M5]	[M5]	24	4	3	60	60
62	Os ₄ H ₂ (CO) ₁₂ ²⁻	6(4)	4n+4	C ⁻¹ C[M5]	[M5]	24	4	3	60	60
63	Rh ₄ (CO) ₁₂	6(4)	4n+4	C ⁻¹ C[M5]	[M5]	24	4	3	60	60
64	Re ₄ H ₄ (CO) ₁₃ ²⁻	6(4)	4n+4	C ⁻¹ C[M5]	[M5]	24	4	3	60	60
65	B ₄ H ₈	6(4)	4n+4	C ⁻¹ C[M5]	[M5]	24	4	3	60[20]	20
66	CB ₄ H ₆	9(5)	4n+2	C ⁰ C[M5]	[M5]	24	5	4	72[22]	22
67	B ₃ C ₂ H ₅	9(5)	4n+2	C ⁰ C[M5]	[M5]	24	5	4	72[22]	22
68	Os ₅ H(CO) ₁₅ ⁻	9(5)	4n+2	C ⁰ C[M5]	[M5]	24	5	4	72	72
69	Os ₆ (CO) ₁₈	12(6)	4n+0	C ¹ C[M5]	[M5]	24	6	5	84	84

70	Os ₁₀ (C)(CO) ₂₄	24(10)	4n-8	C ⁵ C[M5]	[M5]	24	10	9	132	132
71	Rh ₁₄ (CO) ₂₅ ⁴⁻	36(14)	4n-16	C ⁹ C[M5]	[M5]	24	14	13	180	180
72	Rh ₁₅ (CO) ₂₇ ³⁻	39(15)	4n-18	C ¹⁰ C[M5]	[M5]	24	15	14	192	192
73	Pd ₁₆ (CO) ₁₃ L ₉	42(16)	4n-20	C ¹¹ C[M5]	[M5]	24	16	15	204	204
74	Rh ₁₇ (CO) ₃₀ ³⁻	45(17)	4n-22	C ¹² C[M5]	[M5]	24	17	16	216	216
75	Rh ₂₂ (CO) ₃₇ ⁴⁻	60(22)	4n-32	C ¹⁷ C[M5]	[M5]	24	22	21	276	276
76	Os ₄ (CO) ₁₅	5(4)	4n+6	C ⁻² C[M6]	[M6]	26	4	3	62	62
77	B ₄ H ₁₀	5(4)	4n+6	C ⁻² C[M6]	[M6]	26	4	3	62[22]	22
78	Os ₅ H ₂ (CO) ₁₆	8(5)	4n+4	C ⁻¹ C[M6]	[M6]	26	5	4	74	74
79	B ₄ H ₈ (CoCp)	8(5)	4n+4	C ⁻¹ C[M6]	[M6]	26	5	4	74[34]	34
80	B ₅ H ₉	8(5)	4n+4	C ⁻¹ C[M6]	[M6]	26	5	4	74[24]	24
81	B ₄ H ₈ Fe(CO) ₃	8(5)	4n+4	C ⁻¹ C[M6]	[M6]	26	5	4	74[34]	34
82	Os ₆ (CO) ₁₈ ²⁻	11(6)	4n+2	C ⁰ C[M6]	[M6]	26	6	5	86	86
83	Rh ₅ Pt(CO) ₁₅ ⁻	11(6)	4n+2	C ⁰ C[M6]	[M6]	26	6	5	86	86
84	Re ₆ C(CO) ₁₉ ²⁻	11(6)	4n+2	C ⁰ C[M6]	[M6]	26	6	5	86	86
85	B ₄ C ₂ H ₆	11(6)	4n+2	C ⁰ C[M6]	[M6]	26	6	5	86[26]	26
86	Pd ₇ (CO) ₇ L ₇	14(7)	4n+0	C ¹ C[M6]	[M6]	26	7	6	98	98
87	Os ₇ (CO) ₂₁	14(7)	4n+0	C ¹ C[M6]	[M6]	26	7	6	98	98
88	Rh ₇ (CO) ₁₆ ³⁻	14(7)	4n+0	C ¹ C[M6]	[M6]	26	7	6	98	98
89	Re ₇ C(CO) ₂₁ ³⁻	14(7)	4n+0	C ¹ C[M6]	[M6]	26	7	6	98	98
90	Pd ₈ (CO) ₈ L ₇	17(8)	4n-2	C ² C[M6]	[M6]	26	8	7	110	110
91	Re ₈ C(CO) ₂₄ ²⁻	17(8)	4n-2	C ² C[M6]	[M6]	26	8	7	110	110
92	Os ₈ (CO) ₂₂ ²⁻	17(8)	4n-2	C ² C[M6]	[M6]	26	8	7	110	110
93	Os ₉ H(CO) ₂₄ ⁻	20(9)	4n-4	C ³ C[M6]	[M6]	26	9	8	122	122
94	Rh ₉ (CO) ₁₉ ³⁻	20(9)	4n-4	C ³ C[M6]	[M6]	26	9	8	122	122
95	Os ₁₀ (CO) ₂₆ ²⁻	23(10)	4n-6	C ⁴ C[M6]	[M6]	26	10	9	134	134
96	Rh ₁₀ (CO) ₂₁ ²⁻	23(10)	4n-6	C ⁴ C[M6]	[M6]	26	10	9	134	134
97	Os ₁₀ H ₂ (C)(CO) ₂₄	23(10)	4n-6	C ⁴ C[M6]	[M6]	26	10	9	134	134
98	Rh ₁₃ (CO) ₂₄ H ₂ ³⁻	32(13)	4n-12	C ⁷ C[M6]	[M6]	26	13	12	170	170
99	Pd ₁₆ Ni ₄ (CO) ₂₂ L ₄ ²⁻	53(20)	4n-26	C ¹⁴ C[M6]	[M6]	26	20	19	254	254
100	Pd ₂₃ (CO) ₂₀ L ₁₀	62(23)	4n-32	C ¹⁷ C[M6]	[M6]	26	23	22	290	290
101	Pt ₂₄ (CO) ₃₀ ²⁻	65(24)	4n-34	C ¹⁸ C[M6]	[M6]	26	24	23	302	302
102	Pd ₂₉ (CO) ₂₈ L ₇ ²⁻	80(29)	4n-44	C ²³ C[M6]	[M6]	26	29	28	362	362
103	HPd ₃₀ (CO) ₂₆ L ₁₀ ⁻	83(30)	4n-46	C ²⁴ C[M6]	[M6]	26	30	29	374	374
104	Au ₂ Pd ₂₈ (CO) ₂₆ L ₁₀	83(30)	4n-46	C ²⁴ C[M6]	[M6]	26	30	29	374	374
105	Pt ₃₈ (CO) ₄₄ ²⁻	107(38)	4n-62	C ³² C[M6]	[M6]	26	38	37	470	470
106	Pd ₃₃ Ni ₉ (CO) ₄₁ L ₆ ⁴⁻	119(42)	4n-70	C ³⁶ C[M6]	[M6]	26	42	41	518	518
107	Pd ₈ Ni ₃₆ (CO) ₄₈ ⁶⁻	125(44)	4n-74	C ³⁸ C[M6]	[M6]	26	44	43	542	542
108	Ni ₃₅ Pt ₉ (CO) ₄₈ ⁶⁻	125(44)	4n-74	C ³⁸ C[M6]	[M6]	26	44	43	542	542
109	Ni ₃₈ Pt ₆ (CO) ₄₈ H ⁵⁻	125(44)	4n-74	C ³⁸ C[M6]	[M6]	26	44	43	542	542
109b	B ₈ Cl ₈	16(8)	4n+0	C ¹ [M7]	[M7]	28	8	7	42	42
110	Os ₄ (CO) ₁₆	4(4)	4n+8	C ⁻³ C[M7]	[M7]	28	4	3	64	64
111	Os ₅ (CO) ₁₈	7(5)	4n+6	C ⁻² C[M7]	[M7]	28	5	4	76	76
112	Rh ₅ (CO) ₁₅ ⁻	7(5)	4n+6	C ⁻² C[M7]	[M7]	28	5	4	76	76
113	B ₅ H ₁₁	7(5)	4n+6	C ⁻² C[M7]	[M7]	28	5	4	76[26]	26
114	B ₆ H ₁₀	10(6)	4n+4	C ⁻¹ C[M7]	[M7]	28	6	5	88[28]	28
115	Os ₇ H ₂ (CO) ₁₉	15(7)	4n-2	C ² C[M5]	[M5]	24	7	6	96	96
116	Os ₁₀ (C)(CO) ₂₄ ⁴⁻	22(10)	4n-4	C ³ C[M7]	[M7]	28	10	9	136	136
117	Pd ₁₀ (CO) ₁₂ L ₆	22(10)	4n-4	C ³ C[M7]	[M7]	28	10	9	136	136
118	Rh ₁₁ (CO) ₂₃ ³⁻	25(11)	4n-6	C ⁴ C[M7]	[M7]	28	11	10	148	148
119	Pd ₉ Ni ₉ (CO) ₁₇ L ₉	46(18)	4n-20	C ¹¹ C[M7]	[M7]	28	18	17	232	232
120	Ni ₁₄ Pt ₁₀ (CO) ₃₀ ⁴⁻	64(24)	4n-32	C ¹⁷ C[M7]	[M7]	28	24	23	304	304
121	Au ₄ Pd ₂₈ (CO) ₂₂ L ₁₆	88(32)	4n-48	C ²⁵ C[M7]	[M7]	28	32	31	400	400
122	Au ₄ Pd ₃₂ (CO) ₂₈ L ₁₄	100(36)	4n-56	C ²⁹ C[M7]	[M7]	28	36	35	448	448
123	Pd ₃₆ (C)(CO) ₂₈ L ₁₄	100(36)	4n-56	C ²⁹ C[M7]	[M7]	28	36	35	448	448
124	Ni ₂₄ Pt ₁₄ (CO) ₄₄ ⁴⁻	106(38)	4n-60	C ³¹ C[M7]	[M7]	28	38	37	472	472
124a	B ₉ Cl ₉	18(9)	4n+0	C ¹ C[M8]	[M8]	30	9	8	36	36
125	Os ₅ (CO) ₁₉	6(5)	4n+8	C ⁻³ C[M8]	[M8]	30	5	4	78	78
126	Os ₆ (CO) ₂₁	9(6)	4n+6	C ⁻² C[M8]	[M8]	30	6	5	90	90
127	CB ₅ H ₁₁	9(6)	4n+6	C ⁻² C[M8]	[M8]	30	6	5	90[30]	30
128	B ₆ H ₁₂	9(6)	4n+6	C ⁻² C[M8]	[M8]	30	6	5	90[30]	30
129	B ₆ C ₂ H ₈	15(8)	4n+2	C ⁰ C[M8]	[M8]	30	8	7	114[34]	34
130	Rh ₈ C(CO) ₁₉	15(8)	4n+2	C ⁰ C[M8]	[M8]	30	8	7	114	114
131	B ₈ H ₁₂	14(8)	4n+4	C ⁻¹ C[M9]	[M9]	32	8	7	116[36]	36
132	Rh ₉ P(CO) ₂₁ ²⁻	16(9)	4n+4	C ⁻¹ C[M9]	[M10]	34	9	8	130	130
133	B ₁₀ H ₁₀ ²⁻	19(10)	4n+2	C ⁰ C[M10]	[M10]	34	10	9	142[42]	42
134	B ₁₀ H ₁₄	18(10)	4n+4	C ⁻¹ C[M11]	[M11]	36	10	9	144[44]	44
135	SB ₉ H ₁₁	18(10)	4n+4	C ⁻¹ C[M11]	[M11]	36	10	9	144[44]	44

136	Au ₆ Ni ₃₂ (CO) ₄₄ ⁶⁻	102(38)	4n-52	C ²⁷ C[M11]	[M11]	36	38	37	480	480
137	B ₈ H ₁₈	11(8)	4n+10	C ⁴ C[M12]	[M12]	38	8	7	122[42]	42
138	B ₉ C ₂ H ₁₂ ⁻	20(11)	4n+4	C ² C[M12]	[M12]	38	11	10	158[48]	48
139	B ₁₂ H ₁₂ ²⁻	23(12)	4n+2	C ⁰ C[M12]	[M12]	38	12	11	170[50]	50
140	B ₁₀ C ₂ H ₁₂	23(12)	4n+2	C ⁰ C[M12]	[M12]	38	12	11	170[50]	50
141	Sc	7.5(1)	4n-11	C ^{6.5} C[M-5.5]	[M-5.5]	3	1	0	3	3
142	Ti	7(1)	4n-10	C ⁶ C[M-5]	[M-5]	4	1	0	4	4
143	V	6.5(1)	4n-9	C ^{5.5} C[M-4.5]	[M-4.5]	5	1	0	5	5
144	Cr	6(1)	4n-8	C ⁵ C[M-4]	[M-4]	6	1	0	6	6
145	Mn	5.5(1)	4n-7	C ^{4.5} C[M-3.5]	[M-3.5]	7	1	0	7	7
146	Fe	5(1)	4n-6	C ⁴ C[M-3]	[M-3]	8	1	0	8	8
147	Co	4.5(1)	4n-5	C ^{3.5} C[M-2.5]	[M-2.5]	9	1	0	9	9
148	Ni	4(1)	4n-4	C ³ C[M-2]	[M-2]	10	1	0	10	10
149	Cu	3.5(1)	4n-3	C ^{2.5} C[M-1.5]	[M-1.5]	11	1	0	11	11
150	Zn	3(1)	4n-2	C ² C[M-1]	[M-1]	12	1	0	12	12
151	Li	3.5(1)	4n-3	C ^{2.5} C[M-1.5]	[M-1.5]	11	1	0	11[1]	1
152	Be	3(1)	4n-2	C ² C[M-1]	[M-1]	12	1	0	12[2]	2
153	B	2.5(1)	4n-1	C ^{1.5} C[M-0.5]	[M-0.5]	13	1	0	13[3]	3
154	C	2(1)	4n+0	C ¹ C[M0]	[M0]	14	1	0	14[4]	4
155	N	1.5(1)	4n+1	C ^{0.5} C[M0.5]	[M0.5]	15	1	0	15[5]	5
156	O	1(1)	4n+2	C ⁰ C[M1]	[M1]	16	1	0	16[6]	6
157	F	0.5(1)	4n+3	C ^{-0.5} C[M1.5]	[M1.5]	17	1	0	17[7]	7
159	Ne	0(1)	4n+4	C ⁻¹ C[M2]	[M2]	18	1	0	18[8]	8

• IN THE CALCULATION OF VE, A₁ VALUE INSTEAD OF A₀ WAS USED, HENCE THE TERM (n-1)

2.9 Arithmetic Progression

When the sequence of the cluster valence electrons are carefully analyzed in line with the capping series, it is found that they follow a simple order of arithmetic progression. Thus,

[M_x]: VE = VE₁ + (n-1)d; d = 12, VE₀: depends on [M_x], x=1, VE₀=4, x=2→6, x=3→8, x=4→10, x=5→10. Thus, VE₀=2x+2; n depends upon the nuclearity of the cluster. When we define the starting point as n=0, then the GENESIS cluster valence electrons are given by VE = VE₀ + dn, the d value = 12 for transition metals and 2 for main group elements and the corresponding formulas become VE = VE₀ + 12n and VE = VE₀ + 2n.

Examples

Table 11. Derivation of cluster valence electrons of selected clusters using the genesis principle

T-11	CLUSTER	K(n)	SERIES=4n+q	K=2n- ½ q	Kp=C ^y [M _x]	x	VE ₀ =2x+2	VE=VE ₀ +dn	VF
1	Pd ₃ (CO) ₃ L ₃	6(3)	4n+0	2n+0	C ¹ C[M2]	2	6	6+12[3]=42	42
2	Rh ₆ (C)(CO) ₁₅ ²⁻	9(6)	4n+6	2n-3	C ² C[M8]	8	18	18+12[6]=90	90
3	Rh ₆ (CO) ₁₆	11(6)	4n+2	2n-1	C ⁰ C[M6]	6	14	14+12[6]=86	86
4	Os ₆ (CO) ₁₈	12(6)	4n+0	2n+0	C ¹ C[M5]	5	12	12+12[6]=84	84
5	Os ₆ (CO) ₁₈ ²⁻	11(6)	4n+2	2n-1	C ⁰ C[M6]	6	14	14+12[6]=86	86
6	Rh ₆ H ₁₂ L ₆ ²⁺	16(6)	4n-8	2n+4	C ⁵ C[M1]	1	4	4+12[6]=76	76
7	Mo ₆ Cl ₈ L ₆ ⁴⁺	28(6)	4n-32	2n+16	C ¹⁷ C[M-11]	-11	-20	-20+12[6]=52	52
8	Mo ₆ Cl ₁₄ ²⁻	28(6)	4n-32	2n+16	C ¹⁷ C[M-11]	-11	-20	-20+12[6]=52	52
9	Zr ₆ Cl ₁₈ (B) ⁵⁻	29(6)	4n-34	2n+17	C ¹⁸ C[M-12]	-12	-22	-22+12[6]=50	50
10	Zr ₆ Cl ₁₅ (Be) ³⁻	32(6)	4n-40	2n+20	C ²¹ C[M-15]	-15	-28	-28+12[6]=44	44
11	Zr ₆ Cl ₁₅ (B) ²⁻	32(6)	4n-40	2n+20	C ²¹ C[M-15]	-15	-28	-28+12[6]=44	44
12	Zr ₆ Cl ₁₅ (C) ⁻	32(6)	4n-40	2n+20	C ²¹ C[M-15]	-15	-28	-28+12[6]=44	44
13	Zr ₆ Cl ₁₅ (N)	32(6)	4n-40	2n+20	C ²¹ C[M-15]	-15	-28	-28+12[6]=44	44
14	Co ₉ (P)(CO) ₂₁ ²⁻	16(9)	4n+4	2n-2	C ¹ C[M10]	10	22	22+12[9]=130	130
15	Rh ₉ (CO) ₁₉ ³⁻	20(9)	4n-4	2n+2	C ³ C[M6]	6	14	14+12[9]=122	122
16	Rh ₁₀ (CO) ₂₁ ²⁻	23(10)	4n-6	2n+3	C ⁴ C[M6]	6	14	14+12[10]=134	134
17	Ru ₆ Pd ₆ (CO) ₂₄ ²⁻	29(12)	4n-10	2n+5	C ⁶ C[M6]	6	14	14+12[12]=158	158
18	Fe ₆ Pd ₆ (H)(CO) ₂₄ ³⁻	28(12)	4n-8	2n+4	C ⁵ C[M7]	7	16	16+12[12]=160	160
19	Ni ₁₂ (Ge)(CO) ₂₂ ²⁻	23(12)	4n+2	2n-1	C ⁰ C[M12]	12	26	26+12[12]=170	170
20	Co ₁₃ (N) ₂ (CO) ₂₄ ³⁻	28(13)	4n-4	2n+2	C ³ C[M10]	10	22	22+12[13]=178	178
21	Rh ₁₃ (CO) ₂₄ H ₅	32(13)	4n-12	2n+6	C ⁷ C[M6]	6	14	14+12[13]=170	170
22	Rh ₁₄ (CO) ₂₆ ²⁻	36(14)	4n-16	2n+8	C ⁹ C[M5]	5	12	12+12[14]=180	180
23	Al ₁₄ R ₆ I ₆ ²⁻	28(14)	4n+0	2n+0	C ¹ C[M13]	13	28	28+12[14]=56	56
24	Sn ₁₅ R ₆	27(15)	4n+6	2n-3	C ² C[M17]	17	36	36+12[15]=66	66
25	Pd ₁₆ (CO) ₇ L ₆	51(16)	4n-38	2n+19	C ²⁰ C[M-4]	-4	-6	-6+12[16]=186	186
26	Os ₁₇ (CO) ₃₆ ²⁻	48(17)	4n-28	2n+14	C ¹⁵ C[M2]	2	6	6+12[17]=210	210
27	Ga ₁₉ R ₆ ⁻	44(19)	4n-12	2n+6	C ⁷ C[M12]	12	26	26+12[19]=64	69
28	Pt ₁₉ (CO) ₂₂ ⁴⁻	52(19)	4n-28	2n+14	C ¹⁵ C[M4]	4	10	10+12[19]=238	238
29	Os ₂₀ (CO) ₄₀ ²⁻	59(20)	4n-38	2n+19	C ²⁰ C[M0]	0	2	2+12[20]=242	242
30	Fe(C ₂ B ₉ H ₁₁) ₂ ²⁻	46(23)	4n+0	2n+0	C ¹ C[M22]	22	46	46+12[23]+1[10]=102	102
31	Pt ₂₄ (CO) ₃₀ ²⁻	65(24)	4n-34	2n+17	C ¹⁸ C[M6]	6	14	14+12[24]=302	302
32	Ni ₃₂ C ₆ (CO) ₃₆ ⁶⁻	77(32)	4n-26	2n+13	C ¹⁴ C[M18]	18	38	38+12[32]=422	422
33	Ni ₁₂ As ₂₁ ³⁻	78(33)	4n-24	2n+12	C ¹³ C[M20]	20	42	42+12[33]+12[10]=228	228
34	Pd ₃₄ (CO) ₂₄ L ₁₂	100(34)	4n-64	2n+32	C ³³ C[M1]	1	4	4+12[34]=412	412
35	Pd ₃₅ (CO) ₂₃ L ₁₅	102(35)	4n-64	2n+32	C ³³ C[M2]	2	6	6+12[35]=426	426

36	Pt ₃₈ (CO) ₄₄ ²⁻	107(38)	4n-62	2n+31	C ³² C[M6]	6	14	14+12[38]=470	470
37	Ni ₃₈ C ₆ (CO) ₄₂ ⁶⁻	95(38)	4n-38	2n+19	C ²⁰ C[M18]	18	38	38+12[38]=494	494
38	Pd ₃₉ (CO) ₂₃ L ₁₆	117(39)	4n-78	2n+39	C ⁴⁰ C[M-1]	-1	0	0+12[39]=468	468
39	Pd ₅₂ (CO) ₃₆ L ₁₄	158(52)	4n-108	2n+54	C ⁵⁵ C[M-3]	-3	-4	-4+12[52]=620	620
40	Pd ₅₄ (CO) ₄₀ L ₁₄	162(54)	4n-108	2n+54	C ⁵⁵ C[M-1]	-1	0	0+12[54]=648	648
41	Pd ₅₉ (CO) ₃₂ L ₂₁	183(59)	4n-130	2n+65	C ⁶⁶ C[M-7]	-7	-12	-12+12[59]=696	696
42	Al ₆₉ R ₁₈ ³⁻	162(69)	4n-48	2n+24	C ²⁵ C[M44]	44	90	90+2[69]=228	228
43	Pd ₆₉ (CO) ₃₆ L ₁₈	222(69)	4n-168	2n+84	C ⁸⁵ C[M-16]	-16	-30	-30+12[69]=798	798
44	Pd ₁₆₅ (CO) ₆₀ L ₃₀	570(165)	4n-480	2n+240	C ²⁴¹ C[M-76]	-76	-150	-150+12[165]=1830	1830

2.10 Transforming the Series Into Isomeric Structures

The $K(n)$ and $Kp = C^Y[C[Mx]]$ parameters can be utilized as useful guides to construct isomeric graphical structures. Selected examples of M_6 series are given in Figures 7-8. The cluster $Rh_6(C)(CO)_{15}^{2-}$, $K(n) = 9(6)$, $S = 4n+6$, $K = 2n-3$, $Kp = C^{-2}C[M8]$ from Table T-11 belongs to an ARACHNO family of clusters and the CLAN of cluster series based on [M8] closo baseline. The [M8] has an ideal structure of $B_8H_8^{2-}$, described as a dodecahedron. According to the series, the 6 rhodium skeletal elements will be linked by 9 linkages normally taking up the ideal shape referred to as a trigonal prism as indicated in Figure*. The cluster $Rh_6(CO)_{16}$, $K(n) = 11(6)$, $S = 4n+2$ (CLOSO family), $Kp = C^0C[M6]$. The cluster belongs to the CLOSO baseline family of un-capped clusters. It has an ideal octahedral shape. On the other hand, the cluster $Os_6(CO)_{18}$, $K(n) = 12(6)$, $S = 4n+0$, $Kp = C^1C[M5]$, belongs to mono-capped cluster family and the capping skeletal element is sitting on an ideal trigonal bipyramid shape [M5]. As pointed out already [M5] is expected to have a similar shape as that of $B_5H_5^{2-}$. These shapes are shown in Figure 7.

$Rh_6H_{12}L_6^{2+}$, $K(n) = 16(6)$, $VE = 18n - 2K = 18(6) - 2(16) = 76$ has been described as having an octahedral shape (Housecroft and Sharpe, 2005). According to the 4N series approach, it belongs to the series $S = 4n - 8$, $Kp = C^5C[M1]$. This means it is a member of penta-capped cluster series centered on one skeletal element. These clusters belong to the $VE[n]$ series such as $16[1] \rightarrow 28[2] \rightarrow 40[3] \rightarrow 52[4] \rightarrow 64[5] \rightarrow 76[6] \rightarrow 88[7] \rightarrow 100[8] \rightarrow 112[9] \rightarrow 124[10] \rightarrow 136[11] \rightarrow 148[12]$ and so on. Examples include (Kiremire, 2017f), $52[4] \rightarrow Au_4L_4; 76[6] \rightarrow Au_6L_6^{2+}; 100[8] \rightarrow Au_8L_7^{2+}; 112[9] \rightarrow Au_9L_8^{3+}$, and so on. The central skeletal element [M1], obeys the $S = 4n + 2$, $K = 2n - 1 = 2(1) - 1 = 1$. According to the series approach, this means the nucleus on its own can be assigned one skeletal linkage out of the total 16 linkages. Therefore the remaining 15 skeletal linkages will be assigned to the skeletal structure which is shown in Figure 8. Indeed the shape appears as the conventional octahedral shape.

There are other clusters that portray the ideal octahedral shape. Among of these include: $Mo_6Cl_8L_6^{4+}$, $K(n) = 28(6)$, $S = 4n - 32$, $VE = 14n - 32 = 14(6) - 32 = 52$, $VE = 18n - 2K = 18(6) - 2(28) = 52$, $VE = 14 + 2x + 12(n - 1) = 14 + 2(-11) + 12(6 - 1) = 52$, $VE = VE_0 + dn = 2(-11) + 2 + 12(6) = 52$, $VF = 6(6) + 8 + 6(2) - 4 = 52$. The above information clearly indicates the cluster obeys the natural laws of the series. We have also found that the negative nuclear index means the capping of electrons in the nucleus in dozen groupings. In this case, there will be 11 dozen electron cappings in the nucleus, C^{11} and hence the capping of the skeletal elements will be C^6 making a total of C^{17} cappings. Does it mean that the 6 cappings identified by the 4N series, represent the octahedral shape observed? This seems to make sense. According to the 4N series, each capping possesses 3 linkages. Therefore the 6 cappings will correspond to 18 linkages. Therefore, we can construct a hypothetical geometry shown in Figure 8.

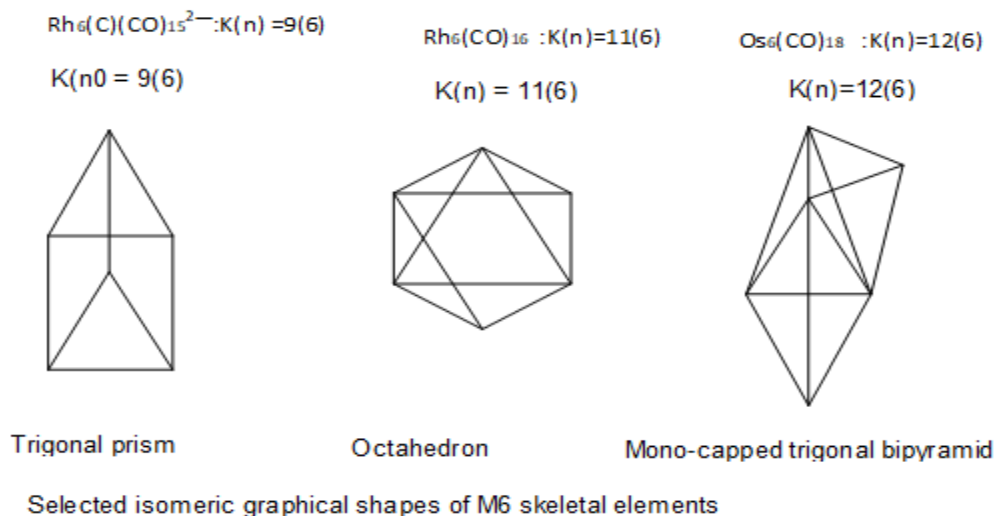
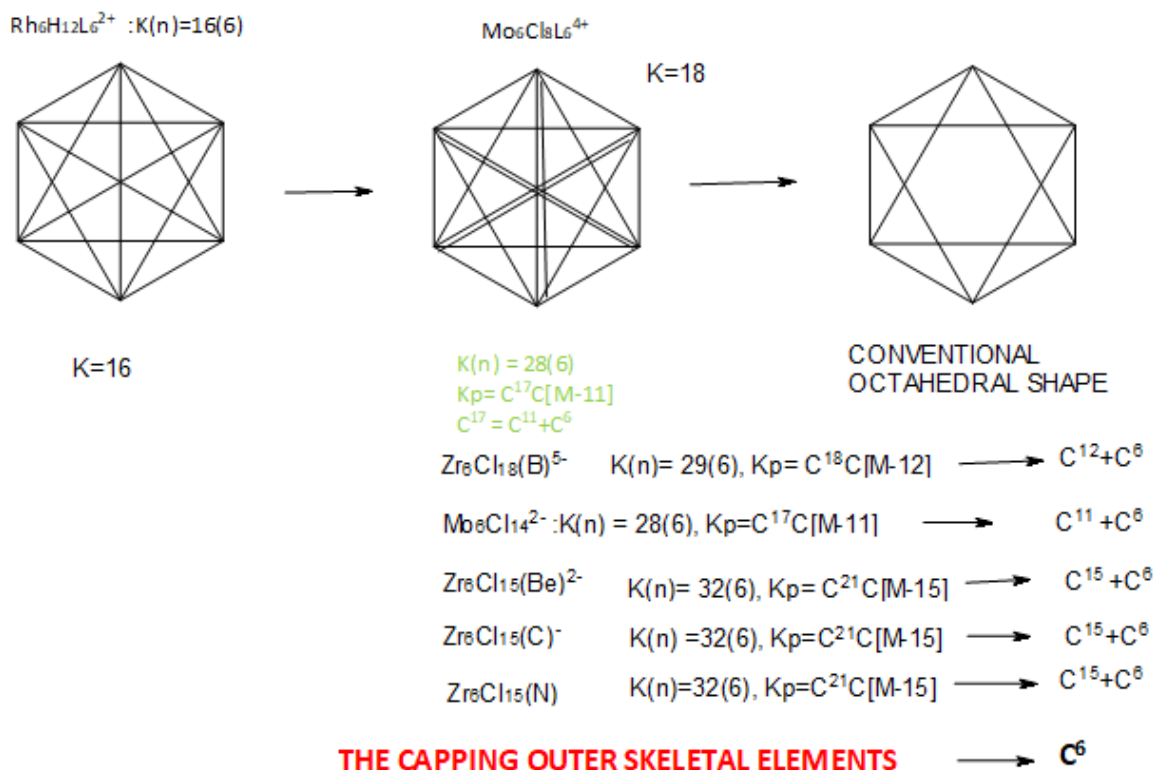


Figure 7. Hypothetical linkage between ideal cluster geometry and cluster numbers



Possible isomeric octahedral shape of 6 capping skeletal elements

The capping symbols C^{11} , C^{12} and C^{13} represent dozens of capping electrons in the respective nuclei.

Figure 8. Hypothetical possible shapes deduced from the capping principle of selected clusters.

Table 12. The capping series of selected range of clusters

C^{11}	C^{10}	C^9	C^8	C^7	C^6	C^5	C^4	C^3	C^2	C^1	C^0	$S/[\text{Mx}]$
4n-20	4n-18	4n-16	4n-14	4n-12	4n-10	4n-8	4n-6	4n-4	4n-2	4n+0	4n+2	
302	290	278	266	254	242	230	218	206	194	182	170	12
288	276	264	252	240	228	216	204	192	180	168	156	11
274	262	250	238	226	214	202	190	178	166	154	142	10
260	248	236	224	212	200	188	176	164	152	140	128	9
246	234	222	210	198	186	174	162	150	138	126	114	8
232	220	208	196	184	172	160	148	136	124	112	100	7
218	206	194	182	170	158	146	134	122	110	98	86	6
204	192	180	168	156	144	132	120	108	96	84	72	5
190	178	166	154	142	130	118	106	94	82	70	58	4
176	164	152	140	128	116	104	92	80	68	56	44	3
162	150	138	126	114	102	90	78	66	54	42	30	2
148	136	124	112	100	88	76	64	52	40	28	16	1
134	122	110	98	86	74	62	50	38	26	14	2	0
120	108	96	84	72	60	48	36	24	12	0	-12	-1
106	94	82	70	58	46	34	22	10	-2	-14	-26	-2
92	80	68	56	44	32	20	8	-4	-16	-28	-40	-3
78	66	54	42	30	18	6	-6	-18	-30	-42	-54	-4
64	52	40	28	16	4	-8	-20	-32	-44	-56	-68	-5
50	38	26	14	2	-10	-22	-34	-46	-58	-70	-82	-6
36	24	12	0	-12	-24	-36	-48	-60	-72	-84	-96	-7
22	10	-2	-14	-26	-38	-50	-62	-74	-86	-98	-110	-8
8	-4	-16	-28	-40	-52	-64	-76	-88	-100	-112	-124	-9
-6	-18	-30	-42	-54	-66	-78	-90	-102	-114	-126	-138	-10
-20	-32	-44	-56	-68	-80	-92	-104	-116	-128	-140	-152	-11
-34	-46	-58	-70	-82	-94	-106	-118	-130	-142	-154	-166	-12

2.11 Selected Capping Cluster Series

As already discussed, formulas of clusters can easily be derived by applying the genesis principle of starting at $n=0$. The examples based on [M7], [M6], [M2], and [M1] are given in Scheme 15. More examples of generating fragments and clusters of osmium and palladium are given in Tables T-14 to T-19.

The Derivation of [M7] capping cluster series

$K(n) = 13(7)$: $K = 13$, $n = 7$, $Ve = 18n - 2K = 18[7] - 2[13] = 100$; $K(n) = -8(0)$: $K = -8$, $n = 0$, $Ve = 18n - 2K = 18(0) - 2(-8) = 16 \rightarrow 8CO$

The capping fragment is $Os(CO)_2$

$8CO[n=0] \rightarrow Os(CO)_{10}[n=1] \rightarrow Os_2(CO)_{12}[n=2] \rightarrow Os_3(CO)_{14}[n=3] \rightarrow Os_4(CO)_{16}[n=4] \rightarrow Os_5(CO)_{18}[n=5] \rightarrow Os_6(CO)_{20}[n=6] \rightarrow Os_7(CO)_{22}[n=7]$; [beginning, $8CO \equiv 16e$, and, $Os_7(CO)_{22} \equiv 7(8) + 22(2) = 100e$]. The numbers form the sequence: **16** \rightarrow **28** \rightarrow **40** \rightarrow **52** \rightarrow **64** \rightarrow **76** \rightarrow **88** \rightarrow **100**. Apart from 16, the others represent the corresponding clusters indicated.

$Os_7(CO)_{22}[n=7] \rightarrow Os_8(CO)_{24}[n=8, Ve=112, C^1] \rightarrow Os_9(CO)_{26}[n=9, 124, C^2] \rightarrow Os_{10}(CO)_{28}[n=10, 136, C^3], \dots$

The Derivation of [M6] capping cluster series

Let us consider going from the beginning $n=0$ to $n=10$. The [12e] capping fragment is $[Os(CO)_2]$.

$K(n) = 11(6)$, $K = 11$, $n = 6$; $Ve = 18n - 2K = 18[6] - 2[11] = 86$; and for [M6] series $K(n) = -7(0)$; $Ve = 18(0) - 2(-7) = 14 \rightarrow 7CO$

De-capping series: $7CO[n=0, Ve=14] \rightarrow Os(CO)_9[n=1, Ve=26] \rightarrow Os_2(CO)_{11}[n=2, Ve=38] \rightarrow Os_3(CO)_{13}[n=3, Ve=50] \rightarrow Os_4(CO)_{15}[n=4, Ve=62] \rightarrow Os_5(CO)_{17}[n=5, Ve=74] \rightarrow Os_6(CO)_{19}[n=6, Ve=86]$ (appears as $Os_6(CO)_{18}^{2-}$).

$Os_6(CO)_{19}[n=6, Ve=86, C^0] \rightarrow Os_7(CO)_{21}[n=7, Ve=98, C^1] \rightarrow Os_8(CO)_{23}[n=8, Ve=110, C^2] \rightarrow Os_9(CO)_{25}[n=9, Ve=122, C^3] \rightarrow Os_{10}(CO)_{27}[n=10, Ve=134, C^4], \dots$

The majority of golden clusters belong [M1] or [M2] series. We can apply the same method as used for [M7] and [M6] to generate corresponding series.

The Derivation of [M2] capping cluster series

$K(n) = 3(2)$; $Ve = 18n - 2K = 18(2) - 2(3) = 30$

$K(n) = -3(0)$; $Ve = 18(0) - 2(-3) = 6 \rightarrow 3CO = 3L$ (e.g., $L = PPh_3$)

We can illustrate series using gold skeletal elements. The twelve electron fragment could be $AuH = Au^-$. $3L[6] \rightarrow AuL_3^-[18] \rightarrow Au_2L_3^{2-} = Au_2L_4[30, C^0] \rightarrow Au_3L_4^-[42, C^1] \rightarrow Au_4L_4^{2-} = Au_4L_5[54, C^2] \rightarrow Au_5L_5^-[66, C^3] \rightarrow Au_6L_5^{2-} = Au_6L_6[78, C^4] \rightarrow Au_7L_6^-[90, C^5] \rightarrow Au_8L_6^{2-} = Au_8L_7[102, C^6] \rightarrow Au_9L_7^-[114, C^7] \rightarrow Au_{10}L_7^{2-} = Au_{10}L_8[126, C^8] \rightarrow Au_{11}L_8^-[138, C^9] \rightarrow Au_{12}L_8^{2-} = Au_{12}L_9[150, C^{10}] \rightarrow Au_{13}L_9^-[162, C^{11}] \rightarrow Au_{14}L_9^{2-} = Au_{14}L_{10}[174, C^{12}]$

The Derivation of [M1] capping cluster series

$K(n) = 1(1)$; $Ve = 18n - 2K = 18[1] - 2[1] = 16$

$K(n) = -2(0)$; $Ve = 18n - 2K = 18(0) - 2(-2) = 4 \rightarrow 2CO = 2L$

$2L[4] \rightarrow AuL_2^-[16, C^0] \rightarrow Au_2L_2^{2-} = Au_2L_3[28, C^1] \rightarrow Au_3L_3^-[40, C^2] \rightarrow Au_4L_3^{2-} = Au_4L_4[52, C^3] \rightarrow Au_5L_4^-[64, C^4] \rightarrow Au_6L_4^{2-} = Au_6L_5[76, C^5] \rightarrow Au_7L_5^-[88, C^6] \rightarrow Au_8L_5^{2-} = Au_8L_6[100, C^7] \rightarrow Au_9L_6^-[112, C^8] \rightarrow Au_{10}L_6^{2-} = Au_{10}L_7[124, C^9] \rightarrow Au_{11}L_7^-[136, C^{10}] \rightarrow Au_{12}L_7^{2-} = Au_{12}L_8[148, C^{11}] \rightarrow Au_{13}L_8^-[160, C^{12}] \rightarrow Au_{14}L_8^{2-} = Au_{14}L_9[172, C^{13}]$

Scheme 15. More examples illustrating the derivation of cluster formulas using the genesis principle

Table 13. The relationship between the $K(N)$ parameter and cluster valence electron (VE)

T-13														
[M6]	CAP	PIN	G	SER	IES		T10							
K	-7	-4	-1	2	5	8	11	14	17	20	23	26	29	32
N	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
VE	14	26	38	50	62	74	86	98	110	122	134	146	158	170
K	32	35	38	41	44	47	50	53	56	59	62	65	68	71
N	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
VE	170	182	194	206	218	230	242	254	266	278	290	302	314	326
K	71	74	77	80	83	86	89	92	95	98	101	104	107	110
N	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
VE	326	338	350	362	374	386	398	410	422	434	446	458	470	482
K	110	113	116	119	122	125	128	131	134	137	140	143	146	149
N	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52
VE	482	494	506	518	530	542	554	566	578	590	602	614	626	638
K	149	152	155	158	161	164	167	170	173	176	179	182	185	188
N	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65
VE	638	650	662	674	686	698	710	722	734	746	758	770	782	794

Table 14. Generating functions of clan series of clusters based upon the genesis principle

	[M0]	[M1]	[M2]	[M3]	[M4]	[M5]	[M6]
	$G_0=0+1=1$	$G_0=1+1=2$	$G_0=2+1=3$	$G_0=3+1=4$	$G_0=4+1=5$	$G_0=5+1=6$	$G_0=6+1=7$
	$Os(CO)_2$	$Os(CO)_2$	$Os(CO)_2$	$Os(CO)_2$	$Os(CO)_2$	$Os(CO)_2$	$Os(CO)_2$
	$F=Os_x(CO)_{2x+1}$	$F=Os_x(CO)_{2x+2}$	$F=Os_x(CO)_{2x+3}$	$F=Os_x(CO)_{2x+4}$	$F=Os_x(CO)_{2x+5}$	$F=Os_x(CO)_{2x+6}$	$F=Os_x(CO)_{2x+7}$
X=0	CO	2CO	3CO	4CO	5CO	6CO	7CO
1	$Os(CO)_3$	$Os(CO)_4$	$Os(CO)_5$	$Os(CO)_6$	$Os(CO)_7$	$Os(CO)_8$	$Os(CO)_9$
2	$Os_2(CO)_5$	$Os_2(CO)_6$	$Os_2(CO)_7$	$Os_2(CO)_8$	$Os_2(CO)_9$	$Os_2(CO)_{10}$	$Os_2(CO)_{11}$
3	$Os_3(CO)_7$	$Os_3(CO)_8$	$Os_3(CO)_9$	$Os_3(CO)_{10}$	$Os_3(CO)_{11}$	$Os_3(CO)_{12}$	$Os_3(CO)_{13}$
4	$Os_4(CO)_9$	$Os_4(CO)_{10}$	$Os_4(CO)_{11}$	$Os_4(CO)_{12}$	$Os_4(CO)_{13}$	$Os_4(CO)_{14}$	$Os_4(CO)_{15}$
5	$Os_5(CO)_{11}$	$Os_5(CO)_{12}$	$Os_5(CO)_{13}$	$Os_5(CO)_{14}$	$Os_5(CO)_{15}$	$Os_5(CO)_{16}$	$Os_5(CO)_{17}$
6	$Os_6(CO)_{13}$	$Os_6(CO)_{14}$	$Os_6(CO)_{15}$	$Os_6(CO)_{16}$	$Os_6(CO)_{17}$	$Os_6(CO)_{18}$	$Os_6(CO)_{19}$
7	$Os_7(CO)_{15}$	$Os_7(CO)_{16}$	$Os_7(CO)_{17}$	$Os_7(CO)_{18}$	$Os_7(CO)_{19}$	$Os_7(CO)_{20}$	$Os_7(CO)_{21}$
8	$Os_8(CO)_{17}$	$Os_8(CO)_{18}$	$Os_8(CO)_{19}$	$Os_8(CO)_{20}$	$Os_8(CO)_{21}$	$Os_8(CO)_{22}$	$Os_8(CO)_{23}$
9	$Os_9(CO)_{19}$	$Os_9(CO)_{20}$	$Os_9(CO)_{21}$	$Os_9(CO)_{22}$	$Os_9(CO)_{23}$	$Os_9(CO)_{24}$	$Os_9(CO)_{25}$
10	$Os_{10}(CO)_{21}$	$Os_{10}(CO)_{22}$	$Os_{10}(CO)_{23}$	$Os_{10}(CO)_{24}$	$Os_{10}(CO)_{25}$	$Os_{10}(CO)_{26}$	$Os_{10}(CO)_{27}$
11	$Os_{11}(CO)_{23}$	$Os_{11}(CO)_{24}$	$Os_{11}(CO)_{25}$	$Os_{11}(CO)_{26}$	$Os_{11}(CO)_{27}$	$Os_{11}(CO)_{28}$	$Os_{11}(CO)_{29}$
12	$Os_{12}(CO)_{25}$	$Os_{12}(CO)_{26}$	$Os_{12}(CO)_{27}$	$Os_{12}(CO)_{28}$	$Os_{12}(CO)_{29}$	$Os_{12}(CO)_{30}$	$Os_{12}(CO)_{31}$
13	$Os_{13}(CO)_{27}$	$Os_{13}(CO)_{28}$	$Os_{13}(CO)_{29}$	$Os_{13}(CO)_{30}$	$Os_{13}(CO)_{31}$	$Os_{13}(CO)_{32}$	$Os_{13}(CO)_{33}$
14	$Os_{14}(CO)_{29}$	$Os_{14}(CO)_{30}$	$Os_{14}(CO)_{31}$	$Os_{14}(CO)_{32}$	$Os_{14}(CO)_{33}$	$Os_{14}(CO)_{34}$	$Os_{14}(CO)_{35}$
15	$Os_{15}(CO)_{31}$	$Os_{15}(CO)_{32}$	$Os_{15}(CO)_{33}$	$Os_{15}(CO)_{34}$	$Os_{15}(CO)_{35}$	$Os_{15}(CO)_{36}$	$Os_{15}(CO)_{37}$
16	$Os_{16}(CO)_{33}$	$Os_{16}(CO)_{34}$	$Os_{16}(CO)_{35}$	$Os_{16}(CO)_{36}$	$Os_{16}(CO)_{37}$	$Os_{16}(CO)_{38}$	$Os_{16}(CO)_{39}$
17	$Os_{17}(CO)_{35}$	$Os_{17}(CO)_{36}$	$Os_{17}(CO)_{37}$	$Os_{17}(CO)_{38}$	$Os_{17}(CO)_{39}$	$Os_{17}(CO)_{40}$	$Os_{17}(CO)_{41}$
18	$Os_{18}(CO)_{37}$	$Os_{18}(CO)_{38}$	$Os_{18}(CO)_{39}$	$Os_{18}(CO)_{40}$	$Os_{18}(CO)_{41}$	$Os_{18}(CO)_{42}$	$Os_{18}(CO)_{43}$
19	$Os_{19}(CO)_{39}$	$Os_{19}(CO)_{40}$	$Os_{19}(CO)_{41}$	$Os_{19}(CO)_{42}$	$Os_{19}(CO)_{43}$	$Os_{19}(CO)_{44}$	$Os_{19}(CO)_{45}$
20	$Os_{20}(CO)_{41}$	$Os_{20}(CO)_{42}$	$Os_{20}(CO)_{43}$	$Os_{20}(CO)_{44}$	$Os_{20}(CO)_{45}$	$Os_{20}(CO)_{46}$	$Os_{20}(CO)_{47}$
21	$Os_{21}(CO)_{43}$	$Os_{21}(CO)_{44}$	$Os_{21}(CO)_{45}$	$Os_{21}(CO)_{46}$	$Os_{21}(CO)_{47}$	$Os_{21}(CO)_{48}$	$Os_{21}(CO)_{49}$
22	$Os_{22}(CO)_{45}$	$Os_{22}(CO)_{46}$	$Os_{22}(CO)_{47}$	$Os_{22}(CO)_{48}$	$Os_{22}(CO)_{49}$	$Os_{22}(CO)_{50}$	$Os_{22}(CO)_{51}$
23	$Os_{23}(CO)_{47}$	$Os_{23}(CO)_{48}$	$Os_{23}(CO)_{49}$	$Os_{23}(CO)_{50}$	$Os_{23}(CO)_{51}$	$Os_{23}(CO)_{52}$	$Os_{23}(CO)_{53}$
24	$Os_{24}(CO)_{49}$	$Os_{24}(CO)_{50}$	$Os_{24}(CO)_{51}$	$Os_{24}(CO)_{52}$	$Os_{24}(CO)_{53}$	$Os_{24}(CO)_{54}$	$Os_{24}(CO)_{55}$
25	$Os_{25}(CO)_{51}$	$Os_{25}(CO)_{52}$	$Os_{25}(CO)_{53}$	$Os_{25}(CO)_{54}$	$Os_{25}(CO)_{55}$	$Os_{25}(CO)_{56}$	$Os_{25}(CO)_{57}$
26	$Os_{26}(CO)_{53}$	$Os_{26}(CO)_{54}$	$Os_{26}(CO)_{55}$	$Os_{26}(CO)_{56}$	$Os_{26}(CO)_{57}$	$Os_{26}(CO)_{58}$	$Os_{26}(CO)_{59}$
27	$Os_{27}(CO)_{55}$	$Os_{27}(CO)_{56}$	$Os_{27}(CO)_{57}$	$Os_{27}(CO)_{58}$	$Os_{27}(CO)_{59}$	$Os_{27}(CO)_{60}$	$Os_{27}(CO)_{61}$
28	$Os_{28}(CO)_{57}$	$Os_{28}(CO)_{58}$	$Os_{28}(CO)_{59}$	$Os_{28}(CO)_{60}$	$Os_{28}(CO)_{61}$	$Os_{28}(CO)_{62}$	$Os_{28}(CO)_{63}$
29	$Os_{29}(CO)_{59}$	$Os_{29}(CO)_{60}$	$Os_{29}(CO)_{61}$	$Os_{29}(CO)_{62}$	$Os_{29}(CO)_{63}$	$Os_{29}(CO)_{64}$	$Os_{29}(CO)_{65}$
30	$Os_{30}(CO)_{61}$	$Os_{30}(CO)_{62}$	$Os_{30}(CO)_{63}$	$Os_{30}(CO)_{64}$	$Os_{30}(CO)_{65}$	$Os_{30}(CO)_{66}$	$Os_{30}(CO)_{67}$
31	$Os_{31}(CO)_{63}$	$Os_{31}(CO)_{64}$	$Os_{31}(CO)_{65}$	$Os_{31}(CO)_{66}$	$Os_{31}(CO)_{67}$	$Os_{31}(CO)_{68}$	$Os_{31}(CO)_{69}$
32	$Os_{32}(CO)_{65}$	$Os_{32}(CO)_{66}$	$Os_{32}(CO)_{67}$	$Os_{32}(CO)_{68}$	$Os_{32}(CO)_{69}$	$Os_{32}(CO)_{70}$	$Os_{32}(CO)_{71}$
33	$Os_{33}(CO)_{67}$	$Os_{33}(CO)_{68}$	$Os_{33}(CO)_{69}$	$Os_{33}(CO)_{70}$	$Os_{33}(CO)_{71}$	$Os_{33}(CO)_{72}$	$Os_{33}(CO)_{73}$
34	$Os_{34}(CO)_{69}$	$Os_{34}(CO)_{70}$	$Os_{34}(CO)_{71}$	$Os_{34}(CO)_{72}$	$Os_{34}(CO)_{73}$	$Os_{34}(CO)_{74}$	$Os_{34}(CO)_{75}$
35	$Os_{35}(CO)_{71}$	$Os_{35}(CO)_{72}$	$Os_{35}(CO)_{73}$	$Os_{35}(CO)_{74}$	$Os_{35}(CO)_{75}$	$Os_{35}(CO)_{76}$	$Os_{35}(CO)_{77}$
36	$Os_{36}(CO)_{73}$	$Os_{36}(CO)_{74}$	$Os_{36}(CO)_{75}$	$Os_{36}(CO)_{76}$	$Os_{36}(CO)_{77}$	$Os_{36}(CO)_{78}$	$Os_{36}(CO)_{79}$
37	$Os_{37}(CO)_{75}$	$Os_{37}(CO)_{76}$	$Os_{37}(CO)_{77}$	$Os_{37}(CO)_{78}$	$Os_{37}(CO)_{79}$	$Os_{37}(CO)_{80}$	$Os_{37}(CO)_{81}$
38	$Os_{38}(CO)_{77}$	$Os_{38}(CO)_{78}$	$Os_{38}(CO)_{79}$	$Os_{38}(CO)_{80}$	$Os_{38}(CO)_{81}$	$Os_{38}(CO)_{82}$	$Os_{38}(CO)_{83}$
39	$Os_{39}(CO)_{79}$	$Os_{39}(CO)_{80}$	$Os_{39}(CO)_{81}$	$Os_{39}(CO)_{82}$	$Os_{39}(CO)_{83}$	$Os_{39}(CO)_{84}$	$Os_{39}(CO)_{85}$
40	$Os_{40}(CO)_{81}$	$Os_{40}(CO)_{82}$	$Os_{40}(CO)_{83}$	$Os_{40}(CO)_{84}$	$Os_{40}(CO)_{85}$	$Os_{40}(CO)_{86}$	$Os_{40}(CO)_{87}$

Table 15. Continuation of Table 14

T15	[M6]	[M7]	[M8]	[M9]	[M10]
	$G_O = 6+1=7$	$G_O = 7+1=8$	$G_O = 8+1=9$	$G_O = 9+1=10$	$G_O = 10+1=11$
	$Os(CO)_2$	$Os(CO)_2$	$Os(CO)_2$	$Os(CO)_2$	$Os(CO)_2$
	$F=Os_x(CO)_{2x+7}$	$F=Os_x(CO)_{2x+8}$	$F=Os_x(CO)_{2x+9}$	$F=Os_x(CO)_{2x+10}$	$F=Os_x(CO)_{2x+11}$
X=0	7CO	8CO	9CO	10CO	11CO
1	$Os(CO)_9$	$Os(CO)_{10}$	$Os(CO)_{11}$	$Os(CO)_{12}$	$Os(CO)_{13}$
2	$Os_2(CO)_{11}$	$Os_2(CO)_{12}$	$Os_2(CO)_{13}$	$Os_2(CO)_{14}$	$Os_2(CO)_{15}$
3	$Os_3(CO)_{13}$	$Os_3(CO)_{14}$	$Os_3(CO)_{15}$	$Os_3(CO)_{16}$	$Os_3(CO)_{17}$
4	$Os_4(CO)_{15}$	$Os_4(CO)_{16}$	$Os_4(CO)_{17}$	$Os_4(CO)_{18}$	$Os_4(CO)_{19}$
5	$Os_5(CO)_{17}$	$Os_5(CO)_{18}$	$Os_5(CO)_{19}$	$Os_5(CO)_{20}$	$Os_5(CO)_{21}$
6	$Os_6(CO)_{19}$	$Os_6(CO)_{20}$	$Os_6(CO)_{21}$	$Os_6(CO)_{22}$	$Os_6(CO)_{23}$
7	$Os_7(CO)_{21}$	$Os_7(CO)_{22}$	$Os_7(CO)_{23}$	$Os_7(CO)_{24}$	$Os_7(CO)_{25}$
8	$Os_8(CO)_{23}$	$Os_8(CO)_{24}$	$Os_8(CO)_{25}$	$Os_8(CO)_{26}$	$Os_8(CO)_{27}$
9	$Os_9(CO)_{25}$	$Os_9(CO)_{26}$	$Os_9(CO)_{27}$	$Os_9(CO)_{28}$	$Os_9(CO)_{29}$
10	$Os_{10}(CO)_{27}$	$Os_{10}(CO)_{28}$	$Os_{10}(CO)_{29}$	$Os_{10}(CO)_{30}$	$Os_{10}(CO)_{31}$
11	$Os_{11}(CO)_{29}$	$Os_{11}(CO)_{30}$	$Os_{11}(CO)_{31}$	$Os_{11}(CO)_{32}$	$Os_{11}(CO)_{33}$
12	$Os_{12}(CO)_{31}$	$Os_{12}(CO)_{32}$	$Os_{12}(CO)_{33}$	$Os_{12}(CO)_{34}$	$Os_{12}(CO)_{35}$
13	$Os_{13}(CO)_{33}$	$Os_{13}(CO)_{34}$	$Os_{13}(CO)_{35}$	$Os_{13}(CO)_{36}$	$Os_{13}(CO)_{37}$
14	$Os_{14}(CO)_{35}$	$Os_{14}(CO)_{36}$	$Os_{14}(CO)_{37}$	$Os_{14}(CO)_{38}$	$Os_{14}(CO)_{39}$
15	$Os_{15}(CO)_{37}$	$Os_{15}(CO)_{38}$	$Os_{15}(CO)_{39}$	$Os_{15}(CO)_{40}$	$Os_{15}(CO)_{41}$
16	$Os_{16}(CO)_{39}$	$Os_{16}(CO)_{40}$	$Os_{16}(CO)_{41}$	$Os_{16}(CO)_{42}$	$Os_{16}(CO)_{43}$
17	$Os_{17}(CO)_{41}$	$Os_{17}(CO)_{42}$	$Os_{17}(CO)_{43}$	$Os_{17}(CO)_{44}$	$Os_{17}(CO)_{45}$
18	$Os_{18}(CO)_{43}$	$Os_{18}(CO)_{44}$	$Os_{18}(CO)_{45}$	$Os_{18}(CO)_{46}$	$Os_{18}(CO)_{47}$
19	$Os_{19}(CO)_{45}$	$Os_{19}(CO)_{46}$	$Os_{19}(CO)_{47}$	$Os_{19}(CO)_{48}$	$Os_{19}(CO)_{49}$
20	$Os_{20}(CO)_{47}$	$Os_{20}(CO)_{48}$	$Os_{20}(CO)_{49}$	$Os_{20}(CO)_{50}$	$Os_{20}(CO)_{51}$
21	$Os_{21}(CO)_{49}$	$Os_{21}(CO)_{50}$	$Os_{21}(CO)_{51}$	$Os_{21}(CO)_{52}$	$Os_{21}(CO)_{53}$
22	$Os_{22}(CO)_{51}$	$Os_{22}(CO)_{52}$	$Os_{22}(CO)_{53}$	$Os_{22}(CO)_{54}$	$Os_{22}(CO)_{55}$
23	$Os_{23}(CO)_{53}$	$Os_{23}(CO)_{54}$	$Os_{23}(CO)_{55}$	$Os_{23}(CO)_{56}$	$Os_{23}(CO)_{57}$
24	$Os_{24}(CO)_{55}$	$Os_{24}(CO)_{56}$	$Os_{24}(CO)_{57}$	$Os_{24}(CO)_{58}$	$Os_{24}(CO)_{59}$
25	$Os_{25}(CO)_{57}$	$Os_{25}(CO)_{58}$	$Os_{25}(CO)_{59}$	$Os_{25}(CO)_{60}$	$Os_{25}(CO)_{61}$
26	$Os_{26}(CO)_{59}$	$Os_{26}(CO)_{60}$	$Os_{26}(CO)_{61}$	$Os_{26}(CO)_{62}$	$Os_{26}(CO)_{63}$
27	$Os_{27}(CO)_{61}$	$Os_{27}(CO)_{62}$	$Os_{27}(CO)_{63}$	$Os_{27}(CO)_{64}$	$Os_{27}(CO)_{65}$
28	$Os_{28}(CO)_{63}$	$Os_{28}(CO)_{64}$	$Os_{28}(CO)_{65}$	$Os_{28}(CO)_{66}$	$Os_{28}(CO)_{67}$
29	$Os_{29}(CO)_{65}$	$Os_{29}(CO)_{66}$	$Os_{29}(CO)_{67}$	$Os_{29}(CO)_{68}$	$Os_{29}(CO)_{69}$
30	$Os_{30}(CO)_{67}$	$Os_{30}(CO)_{68}$	$Os_{30}(CO)_{69}$	$Os_{30}(CO)_{70}$	$Os_{30}(CO)_{71}$
31	$Os_{31}(CO)_{69}$	$Os_{31}(CO)_{70}$	$Os_{31}(CO)_{71}$	$Os_{31}(CO)_{72}$	$Os_{31}(CO)_{73}$
32	$Os_{32}(CO)_{71}$	$Os_{32}(CO)_{72}$	$Os_{32}(CO)_{73}$	$Os_{32}(CO)_{74}$	$Os_{32}(CO)_{75}$
33	$Os_{33}(CO)_{73}$	$Os_{33}(CO)_{74}$	$Os_{33}(CO)_{75}$	$Os_{33}(CO)_{76}$	$Os_{33}(CO)_{77}$
34	$Os_{34}(CO)_{75}$	$Os_{34}(CO)_{76}$	$Os_{34}(CO)_{77}$	$Os_{34}(CO)_{78}$	$Os_{34}(CO)_{79}$
35	$Os_{35}(CO)_{77}$	$Os_{35}(CO)_{78}$	$Os_{35}(CO)_{79}$	$Os_{35}(CO)_{80}$	$Os_{35}(CO)_{81}$
36	$Os_{36}(CO)_{79}$	$Os_{36}(CO)_{80}$	$Os_{36}(CO)_{81}$	$Os_{36}(CO)_{82}$	$Os_{36}(CO)_{83}$
37	$Os_{37}(CO)_{81}$	$Os_{37}(CO)_{82}$	$Os_{37}(CO)_{83}$	$Os_{37}(CO)_{84}$	$Os_{37}(CO)_{85}$
38	$Os_{38}(CO)_{83}$	$Os_{38}(CO)_{84}$	$Os_{38}(CO)_{85}$	$Os_{38}(CO)_{86}$	$Os_{38}(CO)_{87}$
39	$Os_{39}(CO)_{85}$	$Os_{39}(CO)_{86}$	$Os_{39}(CO)_{87}$	$Os_{39}(CO)_{88}$	$Os_{39}(CO)_{89}$
40	$Os_{40}(CO)_{87}$	$Os_{40}(CO)_{88}$	$Os_{40}(CO)_{89}$	$Os_{40}(CO)_{90}$	$Os_{40}(CO)_{91}$

Table 16. Generating of clan series of palladium cluster carbonyls

	[M0]	[M1]	[M2]	[M3]	[M4]	[M5]	[M6]
	$G_0 = 0+1=1$	$G_0 = 1+1=2$	$G_0 = 2+1=3$	$G_0 = 3+1=4$	$G_0 = 4+1=5$	$G_0 = 5+1=6$	$G_0 = 6+1=7$
	Pd(CO)	Pd(CO)	Pd(CO)	Pd(CO)	Pd(CO)	Pd(CO)	Pd(CO)
	$F = Pd_x(CO)_{x+1}$	$F = Pd_x(CO)_{x+2}$	$F = Pd_x(CO)_{x+3}$	$F = Pd_x(CO)_{x+4}$	$F = Pd_x(CO)_{x+5}$	$F = Pd_x(CO)_{x+6}$	$F = Pd_x(CO)_{x+7}$
0	CO	2CO	3CO	4CO	5CO	6CO	7CO
1	Pd(CO) ₂	Pd(CO) ₃	Pd(CO) ₄	Pd(CO) ₅	Pd(CO) ₆	Pd(CO) ₇	Pd(CO) ₈
2	Pd ₂ (CO) ₃	Pd ₂ (CO) ₄	Pd ₂ (CO) ₅	Pd ₂ (CO) ₆	Pd ₂ (CO) ₇	Pd ₂ (CO) ₈	Pd ₂ (CO) ₉
3	Pd ₃ (CO) ₄	Pd ₃ (CO) ₅	Pd₃(CO)₆	Pd ₃ (CO) ₇	Pd ₃ (CO) ₈	Pd ₃ (CO) ₉	Pd ₃ (CO) ₁₀
4	Pd ₄ (CO) ₅	Pd ₄ (CO) ₆	Pd₄(CO)₇	Pd ₄ (CO) ₈	Pd ₄ (CO) ₉	Pd ₄ (CO) ₁₀	Pd ₄ (CO) ₁₁
5	Pd ₅ (CO) ₆	Pd ₅ (CO) ₇	Pd ₅ (CO) ₈	Pd ₅ (CO) ₉	Pd ₅ (CO) ₁₀	Pd ₅ (CO) ₁₁	Pd ₅ (CO) ₁₂
6	Pd ₆ (CO) ₇	Pd₆(CO)₈	Pd ₆ (CO) ₉	Pd ₆ (CO) ₁₀	Pd ₆ (CO) ₁₁	Pd ₆ (CO) ₁₂	Pd₆(CO)₁₃
7	Pd ₇ (CO) ₈	Pd ₇ (CO) ₉	Pd₇(CO)₁₀	Pd ₇ (CO) ₁₁	Pd ₇ (CO) ₁₂	Pd ₇ (CO) ₁₃	Pd₇(CO)₁₄
8	Pd₈(CO)₉	Pd₈(CO)₁₀	Pd₈(CO)₁₁	Pd₈(CO)₁₂	Pd ₈ (CO) ₁₃	Pd₈(CO)₁₄	Pd ₈ (CO) ₁₅
9	Pd ₉ (CO) ₁₀	Pd₉(CO)₁₁	Pd₉(CO)₁₂	Pd ₉ (CO) ₁₃	Pd ₉ (CO) ₁₄	Pd ₉ (CO) ₁₅	Pd₉(CO)₁₆
10	Pd ₁₀ (CO) ₁₁	Pd₁₀(CO)₁₂	Pd₁₀(CO)₁₃	Pd ₁₀ (CO) ₁₄	Pd ₁₀ (CO) ₁₅	Pd ₁₀ (CO) ₁₆	Pd ₁₀ (CO) ₁₇
11	Pd ₁₁ (CO) ₁₂	Pd ₁₁ (CO) ₁₃	Pd₁₁(CO)₁₄	Pd ₁₁ (CO) ₁₅	Pd₁₁(CO)₁₆	Pd ₁₁ (CO) ₁₇	Pd ₁₁ (CO) ₁₈
12	Pd ₁₂ (CO) ₁₃	Pd ₁₂ (CO) ₁₄	Pd ₁₂ (CO) ₁₅	Pd ₁₂ (CO) ₁₆	Pd ₁₂ (CO) ₁₇	Pd ₁₂ (CO) ₁₈	Pd ₁₂ (CO) ₁₉
13	Pd ₁₃ (CO) ₁₄	Pd ₁₃ (CO) ₁₅	Pd₁₃(CO)₁₆	Pd ₁₃ (CO) ₁₇	Pd ₁₃ (CO) ₁₈	Pd ₁₃ (CO) ₁₉	Pd ₁₃ (CO) ₂₀
14	Pd ₁₄ (CO) ₁₅	Pd ₁₄ (CO) ₁₆	Pd ₁₄ (CO) ₁₇	Pd ₁₄ (CO) ₁₈	Pd ₁₄ (CO) ₁₉	Pd₁₄(CO)₂₀	Pd ₁₄ (CO) ₂₁
15	Pd ₁₅ (CO) ₁₆	Pd ₁₅ (CO) ₁₇	Pd ₁₅ (CO) ₁₈	Pd ₁₅ (CO) ₁₉	Pd ₁₅ (CO) ₂₀	Pd₁₅(CO)₂₁	Pd ₁₅ (CO) ₂₂
16	Pd ₁₆ (CO) ₁₇	Pd ₁₆ (CO) ₁₈	Pd ₁₆ (CO) ₁₉	Pd ₁₆ (CO) ₂₀	Pd ₁₆ (CO) ₂₁	Pd₁₆(CO)₂₂	Pd ₁₆ (CO) ₂₃
17	Pd ₁₇ (CO) ₁₈	Pd ₁₇ (CO) ₁₉	Pd₁₇(CO)₂₀	Pd ₁₇ (CO) ₂₁	Pd ₁₇ (CO) ₂₂	Pd₁₇(CO)₂₃	Pd ₁₇ (CO) ₂₄
18	Pd ₁₈ (CO) ₁₉	Pd ₁₈ (CO) ₂₀	Pd ₁₈ (CO) ₂₁	Pd ₁₈ (CO) ₂₂	Pd ₁₈ (CO) ₂₃	Pd ₁₈ (CO) ₂₄	Pd ₁₈ (CO) ₂₅
19	Pd ₁₉ (CO) ₂₀	Pd ₁₉ (CO) ₂₁	Pd ₁₉ (CO) ₂₂	Pd ₁₉ (CO) ₂₃	Pd ₁₉ (CO) ₂₄	Pd ₁₉ (CO) ₂₅	Pd ₁₉ (CO) ₂₆
20	Pd ₂₀ (CO) ₂₁	Pd ₂₀ (CO) ₂₂	Pd ₂₀ (CO) ₂₃	Pd ₂₀ (CO) ₂₄	Pd ₂₀ (CO) ₂₅	Pd ₂₀ (CO) ₂₆	Pd ₂₀ (CO) ₂₇
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
21	Pd ₂₁ (CO) ₂₂	Pd ₂₁ (CO) ₂₃	Pd ₂₁ (CO) ₂₄	Pd ₂₁ (CO) ₂₅	Pd ₂₁ (CO) ₂₆	Pd ₂₁ (CO) ₂₇	Pd ₂₁ (CO) ₂₈
22	Pd ₂₂ (CO) ₂₃	Pd ₂₂ (CO) ₂₄	Pd ₂₂ (CO) ₂₅	Pd ₂₂ (CO) ₂₆	Pd ₂₂ (CO) ₂₇	Pd ₂₂ (CO) ₂₈	Pd ₂₂ (CO) ₂₉
23	Pd ₂₃ (CO) ₂₄	Pd ₂₃ (CO) ₂₅	Pd ₂₃ (CO) ₂₆	Pd ₂₃ (CO) ₂₇	Pd₂₃(CO)₂₈	Pd ₂₃ (CO) ₂₉	Pd ₂₃ (CO) ₃₀
24	Pd ₂₄ (CO) ₂₅	Pd ₂₄ (CO) ₂₆	Pd ₂₄ (CO) ₂₇	Pd ₂₄ (CO) ₂₈	Pd ₂₄ (CO) ₂₉	Pd ₂₄ (CO) ₃₀	Pd ₂₄ (CO) ₃₁
25	Pd ₂₅ (CO) ₂₆	Pd ₂₅ (CO) ₂₇	Pd ₂₅ (CO) ₂₈	Pd ₂₅ (CO) ₂₉	Pd ₂₅ (CO) ₃₀	Pd ₂₅ (CO) ₃₁	Pd ₂₅ (CO) ₃₂
26	Pd ₂₆ (CO) ₂₇	Pd ₂₆ (CO) ₂₈	Pd ₂₆ (CO) ₂₉	Pd ₂₆ (CO) ₃₀	Pd ₂₆ (CO) ₃₁	Pd ₂₆ (CO) ₃₂	Pd ₂₆ (CO) ₃₃
27	Pd ₂₇ (CO) ₂₈	Pd ₂₇ (CO) ₂₉	Pd ₂₇ (CO) ₃₀	Pd ₂₇ (CO) ₃₁	Pd ₂₇ (CO) ₃₂	Pd ₂₇ (CO) ₃₃	Pd ₂₇ (CO) ₃₄
28	Pd ₂₈ (CO) ₂₉	Pd ₂₈ (CO) ₃₀	Pd ₂₈ (CO) ₃₁	Pd ₂₈ (CO) ₃₂	Pd ₂₈ (CO) ₃₃	Pd ₂₈ (CO) ₃₄	Pd ₂₈ (CO) ₃₅
29	Pd ₂₉ (CO) ₃₀	Pd ₂₉ (CO) ₃₁	Pd ₂₉ (CO) ₃₂	Pd ₂₉ (CO) ₃₃	Pd ₂₉ (CO) ₃₄	Pd ₂₉ (CO) ₃₅	Pd ₂₉ (CO) ₃₆
30	Pd ₃₀ (CO) ₃₁	Pd ₃₀ (CO) ₃₂	Pd ₃₀ (CO) ₃₃	Pd ₃₀ (CO) ₃₄	Pd ₃₀ (CO) ₃₅	Pd₃₀(CO)₃₆	Pd ₃₀ (CO) ₃₇
31	Pd ₃₁ (CO) ₃₂	Pd ₃₁ (CO) ₃₃	Pd ₃₁ (CO) ₃₄	Pd ₃₁ (CO) ₃₅	Pd ₃₁ (CO) ₃₆	Pd ₃₁ (CO) ₃₇	Pd ₃₁ (CO) ₃₈
32	Pd ₃₂ (CO) ₃₃	Pd ₃₂ (CO) ₃₄	Pd₃₂(CO)₃₅	Pd₃₂(CO)₃₆	Pd ₃₂ (CO) ₃₇	Pd ₃₂ (CO) ₃₈	Pd ₃₂ (CO) ₃₉
33	Pd ₃₃ (CO) ₃₄	Pd ₃₃ (CO) ₃₅	Pd ₃₃ (CO) ₃₆	Pd ₃₃ (CO) ₃₇	Pd ₃₃ (CO) ₃₈	Pd ₃₃ (CO) ₃₉	Pd ₃₃ (CO) ₄₀
34	Pd ₃₄ (CO) ₃₅	Pd₃₄(CO)₃₆	Pd ₃₄ (CO) ₃₇	Pd ₃₄ (CO) ₃₈	Pd ₃₄ (CO) ₃₉	Pd ₃₄ (CO) ₄₀	Pd ₃₄ (CO) ₄₁
35	Pd ₃₅ (CO) ₃₆	Pd ₃₅ (CO) ₃₇	Pd₃₅(CO)₃₈	Pd ₃₅ (CO) ₃₉	Pd ₃₅ (CO) ₄₀	Pd ₃₅ (CO) ₄₁	Pd ₃₅ (CO) ₄₂
36	Pd ₃₆ (CO) ₃₇	Pd ₃₆ (CO) ₃₈	Pd ₃₆ (CO) ₃₉	Pd ₃₆ (CO) ₄₀	Pd ₃₆ (CO) ₄₁	Pd₃₆(CO)₄₂	Pd ₃₆ (CO) ₄₃
37	Pd ₃₇ (CO) ₃₈	Pd ₃₇ (CO) ₃₉	Pd₃₇(CO)₄₀	Pd ₃₇ (CO) ₄₁	Pd ₃₇ (CO) ₄₂	Pd ₃₇ (CO) ₄₃	Pd ₃₇ (CO) ₄₄
38	Pd ₃₈ (CO) ₃₉	Pd₃₈(CO)₄₀	Pd ₃₈ (CO) ₄₁	Pd ₃₈ (CO) ₄₂	Pd ₃₈ (CO) ₄₃	Pd ₃₈ (CO) ₄₄	Pd ₃₈ (CO) ₄₅
39	Pd ₃₉ (CO) ₄₀	Pd ₃₉ (CO) ₄₁	Pd ₃₉ (CO) ₄₂	Pd ₃₉ (CO) ₄₃	Pd ₃₉ (CO) ₄₄	Pd ₃₉ (CO) ₄₅	Pd ₃₉ (CO) ₄₆
40	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₄₁	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₄₂	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₄₃	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₄₄	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₄₅	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₄₆	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₄₇

Table 17. Generating functions of clan series of palladium continued

	[M6]	[M7]	[M8]	[M9]	[M10]	[M11]	[M12]
	$G_0 = 6+1=7$	$G_0 = 7+1=8$	$G_0 = 8+1=9$	$G_0 = 9+1=10$	$G_0 = 10+1=11$	$G_0 = 11+1=12$	$G_0 = 13$
	Pd(CO)	Pd(CO)	Pd(CO)	Pd(CO)	Pd(CO)	Pd(CO)	Pd(CO)
	$F = Pd_x(CO)_{x+7}$	$F = Pd_x(CO)_{x+8}$	$F = Pd_x(CO)_{x+9}$	$F = Pd_x(CO)_{x+10}$	$F = Pd_x(CO)_{x+11}$	$F = Pd_x(CO)_{x+12}$	$F = Pd_x(CO)_{x+13}$
0	7CO	8CO	9CO	10CO	11CO	12CO	13CO
1	Pd(CO) ₈	Pd(CO) ₉	Pd(CO) ₁₀	Pd(CO) ₁₁	Pd(CO) ₁₂	Pd(CO) ₁₃	Pd(CO) ₁₄
2	Pd ₂ (CO) ₉	Pd ₂ (CO) ₁₀	Pd ₂ (CO) ₁₁	Pd ₂ (CO) ₁₂	Pd ₂ (CO) ₁₃	Pd ₂ (CO) ₁₄	Pd ₂ (CO) ₁₅
3	Pd ₃ (CO) ₁₀	Pd ₃ (CO) ₁₁	Pd ₃ (CO) ₁₂	Pd ₃ (CO) ₁₃	Pd ₃ (CO) ₁₄	Pd ₃ (CO) ₁₅	Pd ₃ (CO) ₁₆
4	Pd ₄ (CO) ₁₁	Pd ₄ (CO) ₁₂	Pd ₄ (CO) ₁₃	Pd ₄ (CO) ₁₄	Pd ₄ (CO) ₁₅	Pd ₄ (CO) ₁₆	Pd ₄ (CO) ₁₇
5	Pd ₅ (CO) ₁₂	Pd ₅ (CO) ₁₃	Pd ₅ (CO) ₁₄	Pd ₅ (CO) ₁₅	Pd ₅ (CO) ₁₆	Pd ₅ (CO) ₁₇	Pd ₅ (CO) ₁₈
6	Pd ₆ (CO) ₁₃	Pd ₆ (CO) ₁₄	Pd ₆ (CO) ₁₅	Pd ₆ (CO) ₁₆	Pd ₆ (CO) ₁₇	Pd ₆ (CO) ₁₈	Pd ₆ (CO) ₁₉
7	Pd ₇ (CO) ₁₄	Pd ₇ (CO) ₁₅	Pd ₇ (CO) ₁₆	Pd ₇ (CO) ₁₇	Pd ₇ (CO) ₁₈	Pd ₇ (CO) ₁₉	Pd ₇ (CO) ₂₀
8	Pd ₈ (CO) ₁₅	Pd ₈ (CO) ₁₆	Pd ₈ (CO) ₁₇	Pd ₈ (CO) ₁₈	Pd ₈ (CO) ₁₉	Pd ₈ (CO) ₂₀	Pd ₈ (CO) ₂₁
9	Pd ₉ (CO) ₁₆	Pd ₉ (CO) ₁₇	Pd ₉ (CO) ₁₈	Pd ₉ (CO) ₁₉	Pd ₉ (CO) ₂₀	Pd ₉ (CO) ₂₁	Pd ₉ (CO) ₂₂
10	Pd₁₀(CO)₁₇	Pd₁₀(CO)₁₈	Pd ₁₀ (CO) ₁₉	Pd ₁₀ (CO) ₂₀	Pd ₁₀ (CO) ₂₁	Pd ₁₀ (CO) ₂₂	Pd ₁₀ (CO) ₂₃
11	Pd ₁₁ (CO) ₁₈	Pd₁₁(CO)₁₉	Pd ₁₁ (CO) ₂₀	Pd ₁₁ (CO) ₂₁	Pd ₁₁ (CO) ₂₂	Pd ₁₁ (CO) ₂₃	Pd ₁₁ (CO) ₂₄
12	Pd ₁₂ (CO) ₁₉	Pd₁₂(CO)₂₀	Pd ₁₂ (CO) ₂₁	Pd₁₂(CO)₂₂	Pd ₁₂ (CO) ₂₃	Pd₁₂(CO)₂₄	Pd₁₂(CO)₂₅
13	Pd ₁₃ (CO) ₂₀	Pd ₁₃ (CO) ₂₁	Pd ₁₃ (CO) ₂₂	Pd ₁₃ (CO) ₂₃	Pd ₁₃ (CO) ₂₄	Pd ₁₃ (CO) ₂₅	Pd ₁₃ (CO) ₂₆
14	Pd ₁₄ (CO) ₂₁	Pd ₁₄ (CO) ₂₂	Pd ₁₄ (CO) ₂₃	Pd ₁₄ (CO) ₂₄	Pd ₁₄ (CO) ₂₅	Pd ₁₄ (CO) ₂₆	Pd ₁₄ (CO) ₂₇
15	Pd ₁₅ (CO) ₂₂	Pd ₁₅ (CO) ₂₃	Pd ₁₅ (CO) ₂₄	Pd ₁₅ (CO) ₂₅	Pd ₁₅ (CO) ₂₆	Pd ₁₅ (CO) ₂₇	Pd ₁₅ (CO) ₂₈
16	Pd ₁₆ (CO) ₂₃	Pd ₁₆ (CO) ₂₄	Pd ₁₆ (CO) ₂₅	Pd ₁₆ (CO) ₂₆	Pd ₁₆ (CO) ₂₇	Pd ₁₆ (CO) ₂₈	Pd ₁₆ (CO) ₂₉
17	Pd ₁₇ (CO) ₂₄	Pd ₁₇ (CO) ₂₅	Pd ₁₇ (CO) ₂₆	Pd₁₇(CO)₂₇	Pd ₁₇ (CO) ₂₈	Pd ₁₇ (CO) ₂₉	Pd ₁₇ (CO) ₃₀
18	Pd ₁₈ (CO) ₂₅	Pd ₁₈ (CO) ₂₆	Pd ₁₈ (CO) ₂₇	Pd ₁₈ (CO) ₂₈	Pd ₁₈ (CO) ₂₉	Pd ₁₈ (CO) ₃₀	Pd ₁₈ (CO) ₃₁
19	Pd ₁₉ (CO) ₂₆	Pd ₁₉ (CO) ₂₇	Pd ₁₉ (CO) ₂₈	Pd ₁₉ (CO) ₂₉	Pd ₁₉ (CO) ₃₀	Pd ₁₉ (CO) ₃₁	Pd ₁₉ (CO) ₃₂
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
20	Pd ₂₀ (CO) ₂₇	Pd ₂₀ (CO) ₂₈	Pd ₂₀ (CO) ₂₉	Pd ₂₀ (CO) ₃₀	Pd ₂₀ (CO) ₃₁	Pd ₂₀ (CO) ₃₂	Pd ₂₀ (CO) ₃₃
21	Pd ₂₁ (CO) ₂₈	Pd ₂₁ (CO) ₂₉	Pd ₂₁ (CO) ₃₀	Pd ₂₁ (CO) ₃₁	Pd ₂₁ (CO) ₃₂	Pd ₂₁ (CO) ₃₃	Pd ₂₁ (CO) ₃₄
22	Pd ₂₂ (CO) ₂₉	Pd ₂₂ (CO) ₃₀	Pd ₂₂ (CO) ₃₁	Pd ₂₂ (CO) ₃₂	Pd ₂₂ (CO) ₃₃	Pd ₂₂ (CO) ₃₄	Pd ₂₂ (CO) ₃₅
23	Pd₂₃(CO)₃₀	Pd ₂₃ (CO) ₃₁	Pd₂₃(CO)₃₂	Pd ₂₃ (CO) ₃₃	Pd ₂₃ (CO) ₃₄	Pd ₂₃ (CO) ₃₅	Pd ₂₃ (CO) ₃₆
24	Pd ₂₄ (CO) ₃₁	Pd ₂₄ (CO) ₃₂	Pd ₂₄ (CO) ₃₃	Pd ₂₄ (CO) ₃₄	Pd ₂₄ (CO) ₃₅	Pd ₂₄ (CO) ₃₆	Pd ₂₄ (CO) ₃₇
25	Pd ₂₅ (CO) ₃₂	Pd ₂₅ (CO) ₃₃	Pd ₂₅ (CO) ₃₄	Pd ₂₅ (CO) ₃₅	Pd ₂₅ (CO) ₃₆	Pd ₂₅ (CO) ₃₇	Pd ₂₅ (CO) ₃₈
26	Pd ₂₆ (CO) ₃₃	Pd ₂₆ (CO) ₃₄	Pd ₂₆ (CO) ₃₅	Pd ₂₆ (CO) ₃₆	Pd ₂₆ (CO) ₃₇	Pd ₂₆ (CO) ₃₈	Pd ₂₆ (CO) ₃₉
27	Pd ₂₇ (CO) ₃₄	Pd ₂₇ (CO) ₃₅	Pd ₂₇ (CO) ₃₆	Pd ₂₇ (CO) ₃₇	Pd ₂₇ (CO) ₃₈	Pd ₂₇ (CO) ₃₉	Pd ₂₇ (CO) ₄₀
28	Pd ₂₈ (CO) ₃₅	Pd ₂₈ (CO) ₃₆	Pd ₂₈ (CO) ₃₇	Pd ₂₈ (CO) ₃₈	Pd ₂₈ (CO) ₃₉	Pd ₂₈ (CO) ₄₀	Pd ₂₈ (CO) ₄₁
29	Pd₂₉(CO)₃₆	Pd ₂₉ (CO) ₃₇	Pd ₂₉ (CO) ₃₈	Pd ₂₉ (CO) ₃₉	Pd ₂₉ (CO) ₄₀	Pd ₂₉ (CO) ₄₁	Pd ₂₉ (CO) ₄₂
30	Pd₃₀(CO)₃₇	Pd ₃₀ (CO) ₃₈	Pd ₃₀ (CO) ₃₉	Pd ₃₀ (CO) ₄₀	Pd ₃₀ (CO) ₄₁	Pd ₃₀ (CO) ₄₂	Pd ₃₀ (CO) ₄₃
31	Pd ₃₁ (CO) ₃₈	Pd ₃₁ (CO) ₃₉	Pd ₃₁ (CO) ₄₀	Pd ₃₁ (CO) ₄₁	Pd ₃₁ (CO) ₄₂	Pd ₃₁ (CO) ₄₃	Pd ₃₁ (CO) ₄₄
32	Pd ₃₂ (CO) ₃₉	Pd ₃₂ (CO) ₄₀	Pd ₃₂ (CO) ₄₁	Pd ₃₂ (CO) ₄₂	Pd ₃₂ (CO) ₄₃	Pd ₃₂ (CO) ₄₄	Pd ₃₂ (CO) ₄₅
33	Pd ₃₃ (CO) ₄₀	Pd ₃₃ (CO) ₄₁	Pd ₃₃ (CO) ₄₂	Pd ₃₃ (CO) ₄₃	Pd ₃₃ (CO) ₄₄	Pd ₃₃ (CO) ₄₅	Pd ₃₃ (CO) ₄₆
34	Pd ₃₄ (CO) ₄₁	Pd ₃₄ (CO) ₄₂	Pd ₃₄ (CO) ₄₃	Pd ₃₄ (CO) ₄₄	Pd ₃₄ (CO) ₄₅	Pd ₃₄ (CO) ₄₆	Pd ₃₄ (CO) ₄₇
35	Pd ₃₅ (CO) ₄₂	Pd ₃₅ (CO) ₄₃	Pd ₃₅ (CO) ₄₄	Pd ₃₅ (CO) ₄₅	Pd ₃₅ (CO) ₄₆	Pd ₃₅ (CO) ₄₇	Pd ₃₅ (CO) ₄₈
36	Pd ₃₆ (CO) ₄₃	Pd ₃₆ (CO) ₄₄	Pd ₃₆ (CO) ₄₅	Pd ₃₆ (CO) ₄₆	Pd ₃₆ (CO) ₄₇	Pd ₃₆ (CO) ₄₈	Pd ₃₆ (CO) ₄₉
37	Pd ₃₇ (CO) ₄₄	Pd ₃₇ (CO) ₄₅	Pd ₃₇ (CO) ₄₆	Pd ₃₇ (CO) ₄₇	Pd ₃₇ (CO) ₄₈	Pd ₃₇ (CO) ₄₉	Pd ₃₇ (CO) ₅₀
38	Pd ₃₈ (CO) ₄₅	Pd ₃₈ (CO) ₄₆	Pd ₃₈ (CO) ₄₇	Pd ₃₈ (CO) ₄₈	Pd ₃₈ (CO) ₄₉	Pd ₃₈ (CO) ₅₀	Pd ₃₈ (CO) ₅₁
39	Pd ₃₉ (CO) ₄₆	Pd ₃₉ (CO) ₄₇	Pd ₃₉ (CO) ₄₈	Pd ₃₉ (CO) ₄₉	Pd ₃₉ (CO) ₅₀	Pd ₃₉ (CO) ₅₁	Pd ₃₉ (CO) ₅₂
40	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₄₇	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₄₈	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₄₉	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₅₀	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₅₁	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₅₂	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₅₃
41	Pd ₄₁ (CO) ₄₈	Pd ₄₁ (CO) ₄₉	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₅₀	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₅₁	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₅₂	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₅₃	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₅₄
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
42	Pd₄₂(CO)₄₉	Pd ₄₂ (CO) ₅₀	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₅₁	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₅₂	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₅₃	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₅₄	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₅₅
43	Pd ₄₃ (CO) ₅₀	Pd ₄₃ (CO) ₅₁	Pd ₄₃ (CO) ₅₂	Pd ₄₃ (CO) ₅₃	Pd ₄₃ (CO) ₅₄	Pd ₄₃ (CO) ₅₅	Pd ₄₃ (CO) ₅₆
44	Pd ₄₄ (CO) ₅₁	Pd ₄₄ (CO) ₅₂	Pd ₄₄ (CO) ₅₃	Pd ₄₄ (CO) ₅₄	Pd ₄₄ (CO) ₅₅	Pd ₄₄ (CO) ₅₆	Pd ₄₄ (CO) ₅₇
45	Pd ₄₅ (CO) ₅₂	Pd ₄₅ (CO) ₅₃	Pd ₄₅ (CO) ₅₄	Pd ₄₅ (CO) ₅₅	Pd ₄₅ (CO) ₅₆	Pd ₄₅ (CO) ₅₇	Pd ₄₅ (CO) ₅₈
46	Pd ₄₆ (CO) ₅₃	Pd ₄₆ (CO) ₅₄	Pd ₄₆ (CO) ₅₅	Pd ₄₆ (CO) ₅₆	Pd₄₆(CO)₅₇	Pd ₄₆ (CO) ₅₈	Pd ₄₆ (CO) ₅₉
47	Pd ₄₇ (CO) ₅₄	Pd ₄₇ (CO) ₅₅	Pd ₄₇ (CO) ₅₆	Pd ₄₇ (CO) ₅₇	Pd ₄₇ (CO) ₅₈	Pd ₄₇ (CO) ₅₉	Pd ₄₇ (CO) ₆₀
48	Pd ₄₈ (CO) ₅₅	Pd ₄₈ (CO) ₅₆	Pd ₄₈ (CO) ₅₇	Pd ₄₈ (CO) ₅₈	Pd ₄₈ (CO) ₅₉	Pd ₄₈ (CO) ₆₀	Pd ₄₈ (CO) ₆₁
49	Pd ₄₉ (CO) ₅₆	Pd ₄₉ (CO) ₅₇	Pd ₄₉ (CO) ₅₈	Pd ₄₉ (CO) ₅₉	Pd ₄₉ (CO) ₆₀	Pd ₄₉ (CO) ₆₁	Pd ₄₉ (CO) ₆₂
50	Pd ₅₀ (CO) ₅₇	Pd ₅₀ (CO) ₅₈	Pd ₅₀ (CO) ₅₉	Pd ₅₀ (CO) ₆₀	Pd ₅₀ (CO) ₆₁	Pd ₅₀ (CO) ₆₂	Pd ₅₀ (CO) ₆₂
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

Table 18. Generating functions of clans series of palladium clusters

	[M-4]	[M-3]	[M-2]	[M-1]	[M0]
	$G_0 = -4 + 1 = -3$	$G_0 = -3 + 1 = -2$	$G_0 = -2 + 1 = -1$	$G_0 = -1 + 1 = 0$	$G_0 = 0 + 1 = 1$
	Pd(CO)	Pd(CO)	Pd(CO)	Pd(CO)	Pd(CO)
	$F = Pd_x(CO)_{x-3}$	$F = Pd_x(CO)_{x-2}$	$F = Pd_x(CO)_{x-1}$	$F = Pd_x(CO)_{x+0}$	$F = Pd_x(CO)_{x+1}$
0	-3CO	-2CO	-CO	0	CO
1	Pd-2CO	Pd-CO	Pd	Pd(CO)	Pd(CO) ₂
2	Pd ₂ -CO	Pd ₂	Pd ₂ (CO) ₁	Pd ₂ (CO) ₂	Pd ₂ (CO) ₃
3	Pd ₃	Pd ₃ (CO) ₁	Pd ₃ (CO) ₂	Pd ₃ (CO) ₃	Pd ₃ (CO) ₄
4	Pd ₄ (CO) ₁	Pd ₄ (CO) ₂	Pd ₄ (CO) ₃	Pd ₄ (CO) ₄	Pd ₄ (CO) ₅
5	Pd ₅ (CO) ₂	Pd ₅ (CO) ₃	Pd ₅ (CO) ₄	Pd ₅ (CO) ₅	Pd ₅ (CO) ₆
6	Pd ₆ (CO) ₃	Pd ₆ (CO) ₄	Pd ₆ (CO) ₅	Pd ₆ (CO) ₆	Pd ₆ (CO) ₇
7	Pd ₇ (CO) ₄	Pd ₇ (CO) ₅	Pd ₇ (CO) ₆	Pd ₇ (CO) ₇	Pd ₇ (CO) ₈
8	Pd ₈ (CO) ₅	Pd ₈ (CO) ₆	Pd ₈ (CO) ₇	Pd ₈ (CO) ₈	Pd ₈ (CO) ₉
9	Pd ₉ (CO) ₆	Pd ₉ (CO) ₇	Pd ₉ (CO) ₈	Pd ₉ (CO) ₉	Pd ₉ (CO) ₁₀
10	Pd ₁₀ (CO) ₇	Pd ₁₀ (CO) ₈	Pd ₁₀ (CO) ₉	Pd ₁₀ (CO) ₁₀	Pd ₁₀ (CO) ₁₁
11	Pd ₁₁ (CO) ₈	Pd ₁₁ (CO) ₉	Pd ₁₁ (CO) ₁₀	Pd ₁₁ (CO) ₁₁	Pd ₁₁ (CO) ₁₂
12	Pd ₁₂ (CO) ₉	Pd ₁₂ (CO) ₁₀	Pd ₁₂ (CO) ₁₁	Pd ₁₂ (CO) ₁₂	Pd ₁₂ (CO) ₁₃
13	Pd ₁₃ (CO) ₁₀	Pd ₁₃ (CO) ₁₁	Pd ₁₃ (CO) ₁₂	Pd ₁₃ (CO) ₁₃	Pd ₁₃ (CO) ₁₄
14	Pd ₁₄ (CO) ₁₁	Pd ₁₄ (CO) ₁₂	Pd ₁₄ (CO) ₁₃	Pd ₁₄ (CO) ₁₄	Pd ₁₄ (CO) ₁₅
15	Pd ₁₅ (CO) ₁₂	Pd ₁₅ (CO) ₁₃	Pd ₁₅ (CO) ₁₄	Pd ₁₅ (CO) ₁₅	Pd ₁₅ (CO) ₁₆
16	Pd₁₆(CO)₁₃	Pd ₁₆ (CO) ₁₄	Pd ₁₆ (CO) ₁₅	Pd ₁₆ (CO) ₁₆	Pd ₁₆ (CO) ₁₇
17	Pd ₁₇ (CO) ₁₄	Pd ₁₇ (CO) ₁₅	Pd ₁₇ (CO) ₁₆	Pd ₁₇ (CO) ₁₇	Pd ₁₇ (CO) ₁₈
18	Pd ₁₈ (CO) ₁₅	Pd ₁₈ (CO) ₁₆	Pd ₁₈ (CO) ₁₇	Pd ₁₈ (CO) ₁₈	Pd ₁₈ (CO) ₁₉
19	Pd ₁₉ (CO) ₁₆	Pd ₁₉ (CO) ₁₇	Pd ₁₉ (CO) ₁₈	Pd ₁₉ (CO) ₁₉	Pd ₁₉ (CO) ₂₀
20	Pd ₂₀ (CO) ₁₇	Pd ₂₀ (CO) ₁₈	Pd ₂₀ (CO) ₁₉	Pd ₂₀ (CO) ₂₀	Pd ₂₀ (CO) ₂₁
21	Pd ₂₁ (CO) ₁₈	Pd ₂₁ (CO) ₁₉	Pd ₂₁ (CO) ₂₀	Pd ₂₁ (CO) ₂₁	Pd ₂₁ (CO) ₂₂
22	Pd ₂₂ (CO) ₁₉	Pd ₂₂ (CO) ₂₀	Pd ₂₂ (CO) ₂₁	Pd ₂₂ (CO) ₂₂	Pd ₂₂ (CO) ₂₃
23	Pd ₂₃ (CO) ₂₀	Pd ₂₃ (CO) ₂₁	Pd ₂₃ (CO) ₂₂	Pd ₂₃ (CO) ₂₃	Pd ₂₃ (CO) ₂₄
24	Pd ₂₄ (CO) ₂₁	Pd ₂₄ (CO) ₂₂	Pd ₂₄ (CO) ₂₃	Pd ₂₄ (CO) ₂₄	Pd ₂₄ (CO) ₂₅
25	Pd ₂₅ (CO) ₂₂	Pd ₂₅ (CO) ₂₃	Pd ₂₅ (CO) ₂₄	Pd ₂₅ (CO) ₂₅	Pd ₂₅ (CO) ₂₆
26	Pd ₂₆ (CO) ₂₃	Pd ₂₆ (CO) ₂₄	Pd ₂₆ (CO) ₂₅	Pd ₂₆ (CO) ₂₆	Pd ₂₆ (CO) ₂₇
27	Pd ₂₇ (CO) ₂₄	Pd ₂₇ (CO) ₂₅	Pd ₂₇ (CO) ₂₆	Pd ₂₇ (CO) ₂₇	Pd ₂₇ (CO) ₂₈
28	Pd ₂₈ (CO) ₂₅	Pd ₂₈ (CO) ₂₆	Pd ₂₈ (CO) ₂₇	Pd ₂₈ (CO) ₂₈	Pd ₂₈ (CO) ₂₉
29	Pd ₂₉ (CO) ₂₆	Pd ₂₉ (CO) ₂₇	Pd ₂₉ (CO) ₂₈	Pd ₂₉ (CO) ₂₉	Pd ₂₉ (CO) ₃₀
30	Pd ₃₀ (CO) ₂₇	Pd ₃₀ (CO) ₂₈	Pd ₃₀ (CO) ₂₉	Pd ₃₀ (CO) ₃₀	Pd ₃₀ (CO) ₃₁
31	Pd ₃₁ (CO) ₂₈	Pd ₃₁ (CO) ₂₉	Pd ₃₁ (CO) ₃₀	Pd ₃₁ (CO) ₃₁	Pd ₃₁ (CO) ₃₂
32	Pd ₃₂ (CO) ₂₉	Pd ₃₂ (CO) ₃₀	Pd ₃₂ (CO) ₃₁	Pd ₃₂ (CO) ₃₂	Pd ₃₂ (CO) ₃₃
33	Pd ₃₃ (CO) ₃₀	Pd ₃₃ (CO) ₃₁	Pd ₃₃ (CO) ₃₂	Pd ₃₃ (CO) ₃₃	Pd ₃₃ (CO) ₃₄
34	Pd ₃₄ (CO) ₃₁	Pd ₃₄ (CO) ₃₂	Pd ₃₄ (CO) ₃₃	Pd ₃₄ (CO) ₃₄	Pd ₃₄ (CO) ₃₅
35	Pd ₃₅ (CO) ₃₂	Pd ₃₅ (CO) ₃₃	Pd ₃₅ (CO) ₃₄	Pd ₃₅ (CO) ₃₅	Pd ₃₅ (CO) ₃₆
36	Pd ₃₆ (CO) ₃₃	Pd ₃₆ (CO) ₃₄	Pd ₃₆ (CO) ₃₅	Pd ₃₆ (CO) ₃₆	Pd ₃₆ (CO) ₃₇
37	Pd ₃₇ (CO) ₃₄	Pd ₃₇ (CO) ₃₅	Pd ₃₇ (CO) ₃₆	Pd ₃₇ (CO) ₃₇	Pd ₃₇ (CO) ₃₈
38	Pd ₃₈ (CO) ₃₅	Pd ₃₈ (CO) ₃₆	Pd ₃₈ (CO) ₃₇	Pd ₃₈ (CO) ₃₈	Pd ₃₈ (CO) ₃₉
39	Pd ₃₉ (CO) ₃₆	Pd ₃₉ (CO) ₃₇	Pd ₃₉ (CO) ₃₈	Pd₃₉(CO)₃₉	Pd ₃₉ (CO) ₄₀
40	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₃₇	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₃₈	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₃₉	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₄₀	Pd ₄₀ (CO) ₄₁
	-4	-3	-2	-1	0

Table 19. Generating functions of palladium clan series

T19	[M-8]	[M-7]	[M-6]	[M-5]	[M-4]	[M-3]
	$n=-8+1=-7$	$n=-7+1=-6$	$n=-6+1=-5$	$n=-5+1=-4$	$n=-4+1=-3$	$n=-3+1=-2$
	$\text{Pd}(\text{CO})$	$\text{Pd}(\text{CO})$	$\text{Pd}(\text{CO})$	$\text{Pd}(\text{CO})$	$\text{Pd}(\text{CO})$	$\text{Pd}(\text{CO})$
	$\text{F}=\text{Pd}_x(\text{CO})_{x-7}$	$\text{F}=\text{Pd}_x(\text{CO})_{x-6}$	$\text{F}=\text{Pd}_x(\text{CO})_{x-5}$	$\text{F}=\text{Pd}_x(\text{CO})_{x-4}$	$\text{F}=\text{Pd}_x(\text{CO})_{x-3}$	$\text{F}=\text{Pd}_x(\text{CO})_{x-2}$
0	-7CO	-6CO	-5CO	-4CO	-3CO	-2CO
1	Pd_6CO	Pd_5CO	Pd_4CO	Pd_3CO	Pd_2CO	Pd_1CO
2	$\text{Pd}_2\text{-5CO}$	$\text{Pd}_2\text{-4CO}$	$\text{Pd}_2\text{-3CO}$	$\text{Pd}_2\text{-2CO}$	$\text{Pd}_2\text{-CO}$	Pd_2
3	$\text{Pd}_3\text{-4CO}$	$\text{Pd}_3\text{-3CO}$	$\text{Pd}_3\text{-2CO}$	$\text{Pd}_3\text{-CO}$	Pd_3	$\text{Pd}_3(\text{CO})_1$
4	$\text{Pd}_4\text{-3CO}$	$\text{Pd}_4\text{-2CO}$	$\text{Pd}_4\text{-CO}$	Pd_4	$\text{Pd}_4(\text{CO})_1$	$\text{Pd}_4(\text{CO})_2$
5	$\text{Pd}_5\text{-2CO}$	$\text{Pd}_5\text{-CO}$	Pd_5	$\text{Pd}_5(\text{CO})_1$	$\text{Pd}_5(\text{CO})_2$	$\text{Pd}_5(\text{CO})_3$
6	$\text{Pd}_6\text{-1CO}$	Pd_6	$\text{Pd}_6(\text{CO})_1$	$\text{Pd}_6(\text{CO})_2$	$\text{Pd}_6(\text{CO})_3$	$\text{Pd}_6(\text{CO})_4$
7	Pd_7	$\text{Pd}_7(\text{CO})_1$	$\text{Pd}_7(\text{CO})_2$	$\text{Pd}_7(\text{CO})_3$	$\text{Pd}_7(\text{CO})_4$	$\text{Pd}_7(\text{CO})_5$
8	$\text{Pd}_8(\text{CO})_1$	$\text{Pd}_8(\text{CO})_2$	$\text{Pd}_8(\text{CO})_3$	$\text{Pd}_8(\text{CO})_4$	$\text{Pd}_8(\text{CO})_5$	$\text{Pd}_8(\text{CO})_6$
9	$\text{Pd}_9(\text{CO})_2$	$\text{Pd}_9(\text{CO})_3$	$\text{Pd}_9(\text{CO})_4$	$\text{Pd}_9(\text{CO})_5$	$\text{Pd}_9(\text{CO})_6$	$\text{Pd}_9(\text{CO})_7$
10	$\text{Pd}_{10}(\text{CO})_3$	$\text{Pd}_{10}(\text{CO})_4$	$\text{Pd}_{10}(\text{CO})_5$	$\text{Pd}_{10}(\text{CO})_6$	$\text{Pd}_{10}(\text{CO})_7$	$\text{Pd}_{10}(\text{CO})_8$
11	$\text{Pd}_{11}(\text{CO})_4$	$\text{Pd}_{11}(\text{CO})_5$	$\text{Pd}_{11}(\text{CO})_6$	$\text{Pd}_{11}(\text{CO})_7$	$\text{Pd}_{11}(\text{CO})_8$	$\text{Pd}_{11}(\text{CO})_9$
12	$\text{Pd}_{12}(\text{CO})_5$	$\text{Pd}_{12}(\text{CO})_6$	$\text{Pd}_{12}(\text{CO})_7$	$\text{Pd}_{12}(\text{CO})_8$	$\text{Pd}_{12}(\text{CO})_9$	$\text{Pd}_{12}(\text{CO})_{10}$
13	$\text{Pd}_{13}(\text{CO})_6$	$\text{Pd}_{13}(\text{CO})_7$	$\text{Pd}_{13}(\text{CO})_8$	$\text{Pd}_{13}(\text{CO})_9$	$\text{Pd}_{13}(\text{CO})_{10}$	$\text{Pd}_{13}(\text{CO})_{11}$
14	$\text{Pd}_{14}(\text{CO})_7$	$\text{Pd}_{14}(\text{CO})_8$	$\text{Pd}_{14}(\text{CO})_9$	$\text{Pd}_{14}(\text{CO})_{10}$	$\text{Pd}_{14}(\text{CO})_{11}$	$\text{Pd}_{14}(\text{CO})_{12}$
15	$\text{Pd}_{15}(\text{CO})_8$	$\text{Pd}_{15}(\text{CO})_9$	$\text{Pd}_{15}(\text{CO})_{10}$	$\text{Pd}_{15}(\text{CO})_{11}$	$\text{Pd}_{15}(\text{CO})_{12}$	$\text{Pd}_{15}(\text{CO})_{13}$
16	$\text{Pd}_{16}(\text{CO})_9$	$\text{Pd}_{16}(\text{CO})_{10}$	$\text{Pd}_{16}(\text{CO})_{11}$	$\text{Pd}_{16}(\text{CO})_{12}$	$\text{Pd}_{16}(\text{CO})_{13}$	$\text{Pd}_{16}(\text{CO})_{14}$
17	$\text{Pd}_{17}(\text{CO})_{10}$	$\text{Pd}_{17}(\text{CO})_{11}$	$\text{Pd}_{17}(\text{CO})_{12}$	$\text{Pd}_{17}(\text{CO})_{13}$	$\text{Pd}_{17}(\text{CO})_{14}$	$\text{Pd}_{17}(\text{CO})_{15}$
18	$\text{Pd}_{18}(\text{CO})_{11}$	$\text{Pd}_{18}(\text{CO})_{12}$	$\text{Pd}_{18}(\text{CO})_{13}$	$\text{Pd}_{18}(\text{CO})_{14}$	$\text{Pd}_{18}(\text{CO})_{15}$	$\text{Pd}_{18}(\text{CO})_{16}$
19	$\text{Pd}_{19}(\text{CO})_{12}$	$\text{Pd}_{19}(\text{CO})_{13}$	$\text{Pd}_{19}(\text{CO})_{14}$	$\text{Pd}_{19}(\text{CO})_{15}$	$\text{Pd}_{19}(\text{CO})_{16}$	$\text{Pd}_{19}(\text{CO})_{17}$
20	$\text{Pd}_{20}(\text{CO})_{13}$	$\text{Pd}_{20}(\text{CO})_{14}$	$\text{Pd}_{20}(\text{CO})_{15}$	$\text{Pd}_{20}(\text{CO})_{16}$	$\text{Pd}_{20}(\text{CO})_{17}$	$\text{Pd}_{20}(\text{CO})_{18}$
21	$\text{Pd}_{21}(\text{CO})_{14}$	$\text{Pd}_{21}(\text{CO})_{16}$	$\text{Pd}_{21}(\text{CO})_{17}$	$\text{Pd}_{21}(\text{CO})_{18}$	$\text{Pd}_{21}(\text{CO})_{19}$	$\text{Pd}_{21}(\text{CO})_{20}$
22	$\text{Pd}_{22}(\text{CO})_{15}$	$\text{Pd}_{22}(\text{CO})_{17}$	$\text{Pd}_{22}(\text{CO})_{18}$	$\text{Pd}_{22}(\text{CO})_{19}$	$\text{Pd}_{22}(\text{CO})_{20}$	$\text{Pd}_{22}(\text{CO})_{21}$
23	$\text{Pd}_{23}(\text{CO})_{16}$	$\text{Pd}_{23}(\text{CO})_{18}$	$\text{Pd}_{23}(\text{CO})_{19}$	$\text{Pd}_{23}(\text{CO})_{20}$	$\text{Pd}_{23}(\text{CO})_{21}$	$\text{Pd}_{23}(\text{CO})_{22}$
24	$\text{Pd}_{24}(\text{CO})_{17}$	$\text{Pd}_{24}(\text{CO})_{19}$	$\text{Pd}_{24}(\text{CO})_{20}$	$\text{Pd}_{24}(\text{CO})_{21}$	$\text{Pd}_{24}(\text{CO})_{22}$	$\text{Pd}_{24}(\text{CO})_{23}$
25	$\text{Pd}_{25}(\text{CO})_{18}$	$\text{Pd}_{25}(\text{CO})_{20}$	$\text{Pd}_{25}(\text{CO})_{21}$	$\text{Pd}_{25}(\text{CO})_{22}$	$\text{Pd}_{25}(\text{CO})_{23}$	$\text{Pd}_{25}(\text{CO})_{24}$
26	$\text{Pd}_{26}(\text{CO})_{19}$	$\text{Pd}_{26}(\text{CO})_{21}$	$\text{Pd}_{26}(\text{CO})_{22}$	$\text{Pd}_{26}(\text{CO})_{23}$	$\text{Pd}_{26}(\text{CO})_{24}$	$\text{Pd}_{26}(\text{CO})_{25}$
27	$\text{Pd}_{27}(\text{CO})_{20}$	$\text{Pd}_{27}(\text{CO})_{22}$	$\text{Pd}_{27}(\text{CO})_{23}$	$\text{Pd}_{27}(\text{CO})_{24}$	$\text{Pd}_{27}(\text{CO})_{25}$	$\text{Pd}_{27}(\text{CO})_{26}$
28	$\text{Pd}_{28}(\text{CO})_{21}$	$\text{Pd}_{28}(\text{CO})_{23}$	$\text{Pd}_{28}(\text{CO})_{24}$	$\text{Pd}_{28}(\text{CO})_{25}$	$\text{Pd}_{28}(\text{CO})_{26}$	$\text{Pd}_{28}(\text{CO})_{27}$
29	$\text{Pd}_{29}(\text{CO})_{22}$	$\text{Pd}_{29}(\text{CO})_{24}$	$\text{Pd}_{29}(\text{CO})_{25}$	$\text{Pd}_{29}(\text{CO})_{26}$	$\text{Pd}_{29}(\text{CO})_{27}$	$\text{Pd}_{29}(\text{CO})_{28}$
30	$\text{Pd}_{30}(\text{CO})_{23}$	$\text{Pd}_{30}(\text{CO})_{25}$	$\text{Pd}_{30}(\text{CO})_{26}$	$\text{Pd}_{30}(\text{CO})_{27}$	$\text{Pd}_{30}(\text{CO})_{28}$	$\text{Pd}_{30}(\text{CO})_{29}$
31	$\text{Pd}_{31}(\text{CO})_{24}$	$\text{Pd}_{31}(\text{CO})_{26}$	$\text{Pd}_{31}(\text{CO})_{27}$	$\text{Pd}_{31}(\text{CO})_{28}$	$\text{Pd}_{31}(\text{CO})_{29}$	$\text{Pd}_{31}(\text{CO})_{30}$
32	$\text{Pd}_{32}(\text{CO})_{25}$	$\text{Pd}_{32}(\text{CO})_{27}$	$\text{Pd}_{32}(\text{CO})_{28}$	$\text{Pd}_{32}(\text{CO})_{29}$	$\text{Pd}_{32}(\text{CO})_{30}$	$\text{Pd}_{32}(\text{CO})_{31}$
33	$\text{Pd}_{33}(\text{CO})_{26}$	$\text{Pd}_{33}(\text{CO})_{28}$	$\text{Pd}_{33}(\text{CO})_{29}$	$\text{Pd}_{33}(\text{CO})_{30}$	$\text{Pd}_{33}(\text{CO})_{31}$	$\text{Pd}_{33}(\text{CO})_{32}$
34	$\text{Pd}_{34}(\text{CO})_{27}$	$\text{Pd}_{34}(\text{CO})_{29}$	$\text{Pd}_{34}(\text{CO})_{30}$	$\text{Pd}_{34}(\text{CO})_{31}$	$\text{Pd}_{34}(\text{CO})_{32}$	$\text{Pd}_{34}(\text{CO})_{33}$
35	$\text{Pd}_{35}(\text{CO})_{28}$	$\text{Pd}_{35}(\text{CO})_{30}$	$\text{Pd}_{35}(\text{CO})_{31}$	$\text{Pd}_{35}(\text{CO})_{32}$	$\text{Pd}_{35}(\text{CO})_{33}$	$\text{Pd}_{35}(\text{CO})_{34}$
36	$\text{Pd}_{36}(\text{CO})_{29}$	$\text{Pd}_{36}(\text{CO})_{31}$	$\text{Pd}_{36}(\text{CO})_{32}$	$\text{Pd}_{36}(\text{CO})_{33}$	$\text{Pd}_{36}(\text{CO})_{34}$	$\text{Pd}_{36}(\text{CO})_{35}$
37	$\text{Pd}_{37}(\text{CO})_{30}$	$\text{Pd}_{37}(\text{CO})_{32}$	$\text{Pd}_{37}(\text{CO})_{33}$	$\text{Pd}_{37}(\text{CO})_{34}$	$\text{Pd}_{37}(\text{CO})_{35}$	$\text{Pd}_{37}(\text{CO})_{36}$
38	$\text{Pd}_{38}(\text{CO})_{31}$	$\text{Pd}_{38}(\text{CO})_{33}$	$\text{Pd}_{38}(\text{CO})_{34}$	$\text{Pd}_{38}(\text{CO})_{35}$	$\text{Pd}_{38}(\text{CO})_{36}$	$\text{Pd}_{38}(\text{CO})_{37}$
39	$\text{Pd}_{39}(\text{CO})_{32}$	$\text{Pd}_{39}(\text{CO})_{34}$	$\text{Pd}_{39}(\text{CO})_{35}$	$\text{Pd}_{39}(\text{CO})_{36}$	$\text{Pd}_{39}(\text{CO})_{37}$	$\text{Pd}_{39}(\text{CO})_{38}$
40	$\text{Pd}_{40}(\text{CO})_{33}$	$\text{Pd}_{40}(\text{CO})_{35}$	$\text{Pd}_{40}(\text{CO})_{36}$	$\text{Pd}_{40}(\text{CO})_{37}$	$\text{Pd}_{40}(\text{CO})_{38}$	$\text{Pd}_{40}(\text{CO})_{39}$

3. Conclusion

The de-capping series were investigated using the K(n) series. As a consequence, the base-line(genesis) of clusters was demarcated. The cluster valence electron pairs when $n=0$ based on the capping symbol, $\text{Kp}=\text{C}^y\text{C}[\text{Mx}]$ is given by $G_0=[x+1]L$ where L is a two electron-pair ligand, or the number of cluster valence electrons $\text{VE}_0=2x+2$. An equation for generating required cluster formula was established as $\text{F}=n\text{F}_0+G_0$ where n = number of skeletal elements, and F_0 = a skeletal fragment with a 12 electron content. Also a cluster valence electrons equation was developed and is given by $\text{VE}=\text{VE}_0+dn$ where $d=12$ for transition elements and 2 for main group elements. The difference of 10 originates from the existence of 14N and 4N series. The clarity of a black-hole concept was established. A tentative explanation as to why clusters such as $\text{Mo}_6\text{Cl}_{14}^{2-}$ portray an octahedral shape was made by applying the black-hole concept. When the matrix table of capping cluster valence electrons is carefully examined, the capping process extends indefinitely with capping skeletal elements on one end and on the other, it also ends with capping dozen sets of electrons indefinitely. Clearly, the universe of possible range of chemical clusters is very, very wide. Since cluster valence electron VE calculated from the several different equations derived from the series are precisely the same as those calculated directly from the cluster formula VF, it means that the 4N series approach of analyzing clusters including the capping principle is quite credible.

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